# PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT & SITE INVESTIGATION

### **VIP CLEANERS**

AKA: MORRISTOWN TIRE
MORRISTOWN, MORRIS COUNTY
EPA ID NO. NJD982744740



New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection and Energy Division of Publicly Funded Site Remediation Office of Site Assessment

## V I P CLEANERS AKA: MORRISTOWN TIRE 89 MORRIS STREET MORRISTOWN, MORRIS COUNTY, NEW JERSEY EPA ID NO. NJD982744740

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NARRATIVE

#### PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT AND SITE INVESTIGATION REPORT

#### PART I: GENERAL INFORMATION

Site Name: V I P Cleaners

Aka: Morristown Tire

Address: 89 Morris Street

Municipality: Morristown State: New Jersey Zip Code: 07960

County: Morris

EPA ID No.: NJD982744740

Block: 4801

Lot(s): 11

Latitude: 40° 47′ 47" Longitude: 74° 28′ 40"

Acreage: <1 sic

SIC Code: 7216

Current Owner: P. Austin and W. Austin

Mailing Address: P.O. Box 29.

City: Morris Plains State: New Jersey Zip Code: 07950

Telephone No.: 201-267-8435

Current Operator: Sonny Din

Mailing Address: 89 Morris Street

City: Morristown State: New Jersey Zip Code: 07960

**Telephone No.:** 201-539-2922

#### Owner/Operator History:

	OPERATOR/	DATES	
NAME	OWNER	FROM	TO
P. Austin, W. Austin	owner	1987	present
VIP Cleaners	operator	1989	present
The Finishing Touch	operator	1987	present
Isabel H. Austin	owner	1970	1987
William B. Austin	owner	1935	1970
		1942	
	•	1948	
Caroline Laundry	operator	unknown	1970
Sarah J. Austin	owner	unknown	1935*
Philip W. Drake Doris S. Drake	owners	unknown	1942*
Serena Salmon Ira P. Salmon	owners	unknown	1948*

<sup>\* -</sup> Block 4801, Lot 11 was formerly composed of several smaller lots.

#### Surrounding Land Use (zoning, adjacent properties)

The VIP Cleaners site is bordered by Morris Avenue to the north, retail and service businesses to the east and west and a public parking lot and residential properties to the southwest and south respectively.

Distance to Nearest Residence or School: 500 feet Direction: east Population Density (residents per square mile): 5,510

#### PART II: SITE OPERATIONS

Discuss all current and past operations at the site. Identify all waste sources, the type and quantity of hazardous waste at each source and the type of containment for each source.

A review of aerial photographs indicates that the VIP Cleaners site was vacant until at least 1940. The existing building was evident in 1951 photographs but was not present in 1940 photographs indicating that the building was built within this time frame. Mr. Peter Austin, the current owner of the property, indicated during a December 1993 phone interview that he had operated a Caroline Cleaners at the site until 1970 when the building was leased in Operations of Caroline parts to different stores and vendors. Cleaners dealt primarily with common laundering of clothes and other materials. Only a small portion of the operations involved dry cleaning. Mr. Austin indicated that dry cleaning chemicals were reused repeatedly and that the only loss of product was to the atmosphere via volatilization. Reportedly the site has always been on sanitary sewer and no floor drains existed at the site until they were installed by tenant Curt Bush, owner of The Finishing Touch car detailing operation approximately 6 years ago. This was verified by inspection of the Finishing Touch building after an inspection of the VIP Cleaners building. (Attachment I)

Since the building was divided for lease in 1970, several different operations have been conducted at the site. These include a hospital laundry, lawn mower repair shop, hair salon, computer shop, auto detailing and audio installation business, garden center and dry cleaners. (Attachment H, I)

An inspection of the site was conducted by NJDEP, Office of Site Assessment personnel on December 13, 1993. At this time the current dry cleaning operation, VIP Cleaners, and the Finishing Touch auto detailing building were inspected. The interiors of both of these buildings were inspected and did not reveal any drains, dry wells or other pathways to ground water. Site representative of VIP Cleaners, Sonny Din, indicated that dry cleaning operations ceased at the site approximately 1 1/2 years

ago (1992) and that only small scale cleaning of spots on garments is conducted on site. The VIP Cleaners store acts primarily as a drop off and pick up shop for clothes that are cleaned at other locations. The Finishing Touch details autos and installs audio equipment. No hazardous materials are used by the Finishing Touch operation. (Attachment I)

The exterior of the building was also inspected and no areas of concern were observed. Current operations at the site include VIP Cleaners, The Finishing Touch auto detailing and Garden on the Green garden center. (Attachments H, I)

On June 23, 1994 a site investigation was conducted at the facility by NJDEP, Office of Site Assessment personnel which consisted of collecting ground water samples from an on site monitoring well and two additional locations using a hydraulically powered Geoprobe soil probing unit and a small diameter direct push point. The results of the sampling event are summarized in the ground water pathway section and Table I of this report.

#### PART III: PERMITS

#### A. NJPDES

	Discharge	Date	Expiration	Formation or Body of
Number	<u>Activity</u>	<u>Issued</u>	<u>Date</u>	Water Discharged To

N/A

B. New Jersey Air Pollution Control Certificates

Plant ID No.: L2527

No. of Certificates: 1 (094029)

Equipment Permitted: Dry Cleaning Machine

#### C. BUST Registration

Registration No.: 0228873

No. of Tanks: 1

Tank No.	Capacity (gallons)	Contents of Tank	Integrity
001	7,000	#6 Heating oil	Removed 2/92

(Attachment A)

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#### D. Other Permits

Agency Type of Date Expiration

<u>Issuing Permit Permit No. Issued Date</u>

N/A

#### PART IV: SOIL EXPOSURE

Describe soil type. Include soil series, composition of the soil and permeability of the soil.

The United States Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service lists the soils below the site as Urban land series-Riverhead complex. The Urban land series are areas that have been cut or reworked to the extent that the original profile cannot be recognized. The characteristics of the material are variable. The Riverhead complex typically consists of well-drained, nearly level to strongly sloping sandy and gravelly soils. Slopes range from 0 to 20 percent, but are typically 5 to 12 percent. The underlying material is loose, unweathered, stratified and sorted sand and gravel outwash, mostly of granitic material that contains some shale, sandstone, quartzite and conglomerate. Coarse fragments are mainly gravel and cobbles, but in a few places there are stones and boulders. Permeability is rapid and runoff is moderate. (Attachment G)

Discuss contaminants identified in the soil. Include sampling date, sampling agency or company, sample locations, depth and contaminant level. Determine if the sample was collected on a residential property, school, daycare center, workplace, terrestrial sensitive environment or resource. State whether Level 1 or Level 2 contamination is present.

On February 20 and 21, 1992, eight soil samples were collected by the PMK Group of Union, New Jersey within the excavation of the 7,000-gallon underground storage tank which was removed on February 10, 1992. Seven of the samples were collected at 9.5 feet below normal grade at various locations of the excavation and analyzed for petroleum hydrocarbons (TPHC). Two of the samples displayed contamination at 74 and 875 parts per million (ppm) TPHC. The sample with the highest TPHC concentration (875 ppm) was sampled again on February 21, 1992, one foot below the original sample at 10.5 feet, and analyzed for TPHC and base/neutral compounds. This sample revealed TPHC contamination at 210 ppm with no base/neutral compounds detected. These samples were not analyzed for volatile organic compounds. (Attachment B)

Total area of surficial contamination (square feet): Not applicable

If no soil sampling has been conducted, discuss areas of potentially contaminated soil, areas that are visually contaminated or results from soil gas surveys.

The entire site was paved at the time of inspection. No soil gas surveys could be conducted at this time. No areas of stained soil were observed.

(Attachment I)

Determine if any commercial agriculture, silviculture, livestock production or grazing are present on or within 200 feet of the site.

There is no commercial agriculture, silviculture, livestock production or grazing present on or within 200 feet of the site.

Number of people that occupy residences or attend school or day care on or within 200 feet of the site: 0
Number of workers on or within 200 feet of the site: 20

Does a subsurface gas threat exist? (Y/N): No If so, discuss the threat (include if in homes or occupied building).

#### PART V: GROUND WATER ROUTE

#### A. HYDROGEOLOGY

Describe geologic formations and aquifer(s) of concern. Include interconnections, confining layers, discontinuities, composition, hydraulic conductivity and permeability.

Ground water in Morris County occurs in the voids of unconsolidated sediments and fractures in the underlying bedrock. Crystalline rocks of Precambrian age underlie almost the entire northwestern two-thirds of the county. They are primarily granitoid gneisses and pegmatites but include schists, crystalline limestone or marble, magnetite and a few small quartz veins. In most of the county Precambrian rocks are the only source of ground water. Quaternary rocks comprise the unconsolidated surficial deposits which mantle the bedrock surface. These deposits consist of clay, silt, sand, gravel and boulders. These stratified drift deposits form the mineral framework for the most developed ground water reservoir in the county. (Attachment D)

Depth to aquifer of concern: <20 feet

Depth from lowest point of waste disposal/storage to highest seasonal level of the saturated zone of the aquifer of concern: unknown

Permeability of the least permeable layer between the ground surface and the aquifer of concern: estimated at 10<sup>-5</sup> cm/sec

Thickness of aquifer: Overburden up to 200 feet, Brunswick 6,000+ Direction of ground water flow: Estimated west/southwest in immediate area of the site.

Karst (Y/N): No

Wellhead Protection Area (Y/N): No

(Attachments A, D)

#### Distance: N/A

#### B. MONITORING WELL INFORMATION

Well No. Depth Formation Location

MW-1 12-22 ft. Glacial deposits See site map

Identify the upgradient well(s): Not applicable

Briefly discuss why the monitoring wells were installed and describe contaminants identified in the monitoring wells. Include well No., sampling date, sampling agency or company, contaminant levels and remediation standards.

Soil contamination was discovered in the excavation of a 7,000gallon #6 heating oil tank which was removed from the site on February 13, 1992. Subsequently, a monitoring well was installed in the vicinity of the tank's previous location to determine if the tank had any impact on ground water. On September 24, 1992 representatives of the PMK Group of Union, New Jersey collected ground water samples from the subject well. The sample results indicate that trichloroethene, tetrachloroethene and trans-1,2dichloroethene were present in the ground water at concentrations of 58, 510 and 69 parts per billion (ppb), respectively. The NJDEP trichloroethene, Standards for Quality Water tetrachloroethene and trans-1,2-dichloroethene are 1, 1 and 100 ppb, respectively. An analysis for base/neutral compounds did not reveal any target compounds above detection limits; however, tetrachloroethene was identified at a concentration of 99 ppb. Three additional unidentified base/neutral compounds were detected in concentrations ranging from 6 to 10 ppb. (Attachment B)

Additional samples were collected from the on site monitoring well during the June 23, 1994 site investigation conducted by NJDEP, Office of Site Assessment personnel. Two ground water samples were also collected at this time from the front of the VIP Cleaners building and the municipal parking lot on the west side of the facility. (See site map) Sample results above current NJDEP,

Ground Water Quality Standards (GWQS) are summarized below. For a complete list of detected contaminants see Table I.

Sample #	Contaminants	Con. (ppb)	NJDEP GWQS (ppb)
MW-1	vinyl chloride 1,1-dichloroethene 1,2-dichloroethene trichloroethene tetrachloroethene	120 2 820 430 2,600	5 2 cis 10 trans 100 1
MW-2 (Dup of MW-1)	vinyl chloride 1,1-dichloroethene 1,2-dichloroethene trichloroethene tetrachloroethene 1,2-dichloropropane	120 2 820 430 3,000 2	5 2 cis 10 trans 100 1 1
GW-1	tetrachloroethene	4	1
GW-2	tetrachloroethene chromium lead	30 208 115	1 100 10

#### C. POTABLE WELL INFORMATION

Distance to nearest potable well: 0.2 mile Depth of nearest potable well: 150 feet (Attachment C)

Identify all public supply wells within 4 miles of the site:

Water Company	Distance from site <u>(miles)</u>	Depth (feet)	<u>Formation</u>
Southeast Morris County MUA	0.9	265	Brunswick
Southeast Morris County MUA	1.1-1.8 (5 wells)	58-496	Quaternary Dep. & Brunswick
Southeast Morris County MUA	2.1-2.9 (6 wells)	60-210	Quaternary Dep. & Brunswick
Southeast Morris County MUA	3.0-3.8 (3 wells)	60-124	Quaternary Dep.
Parsippany-Troy Hills	3.5 (2 wells)	87-90	Quaternary Dep.

Water Company	Distance from site <u>(miles)</u>	Depth (feet)	<u>Formation</u>
Madison Borough	3.7	160	Quaternary Dep.
Florham Park Borough (Map 5)	3.8	105-139	Quaternary Dep.

Discuss private potable well use within 4 miles of the site. Include depth, formation and distance, if available.

A search of private wells was conducted by the PMK Group of Union, New Jersey during the underground tank removal and subsequent discharge investigation. Three domestic wells were identified within 1 mile of the site. The closest of these is approximately 0.2 mile south of the facility, screened in glacial deposits at 150 feet. (Attachment C)

Discuss the site's source of potable water.

Potable water for the site is provided by the Southeast Morris County Municipal Utilities Authority.

Discuss for each aquifer the population utilizing that aquifer for drinking purposes within 4 miles of the site.

Distance from site (miles)	Populat A	ion/Aquifer B
0 - 1/4	3	3
1/4 - 1/2	6	0
1/2 - 1	0	4,060
1 - 2	16,315	4,060
2 - 3	16,330	8,120
3 - 4	29,145	0

A - Quaternary Glacial Deposits

B - Brunswick Formation

(Attachment C, F)

Discuss any evidence of contaminated drinking water or wells closed due to contamination. State whether Level 1 or Level 2 contamination is present.

Ground water contamination has been identified in the on-site monitoring well; however, there are no reported impacts to potable wells in the area. (Attachment B)

Identify industrial/irrigational wells within the vicinity of the site. Include depth, formation, distance and direction, if available.

The closest industrial/irrigational well is located approximately 0.25 mile east of the site. This well is 298 feet deep, is screened in the Brunswick Formation, and is used by the Powers Motor Company for irrigational purposes. (Map 5)

#### D. POTENTIAL

Discuss the potential for ground water contamination, including any other information concerning the ground water contamination route.

Ground water contamination has been observed at this site which may pose at threat to any potable wells in the immediate area. However, further investigation is required to identify or eliminate this site as a source of the subject ground water contamination.

#### PART VI: SURFACE WATER ROUTE

#### A. SURFACE WATER

Does a migration pathway to surface water exist (Y/N): No Flood plain: >500 year (Map 7) Slope: <3% (Map 1)

Does contaminated ground water discharge to surface water (Y/N): No

Identify known or potentially contaminated surface water bodies. Follow the pathway of the surface water and indicate all adjoining bodies of water along a route of 15 stream miles.

Surface Water BodyDistance<br/>from siteFlow(cfs)Usage(s)

No surface water pathway was identified for this site. (Map 1)

Identify drinking water intakes within 15 miles downstream (or upstream in tidal areas) of the site. For each intake identify the distance from the point of surface water entry, the name of the supplier and population served.

No surface water pathway was identified for this site. (Map 1)

Discuss surface water or sediment sampling conducted in relation to the site. Discuss visual observations if analytical data are not available (include date of observation). Include surface water body, sampling date, sampling agency or company, contaminant. State whether Level 1 or Level 2 contamination is present.

No surface water pathway was identified for this site, therefore, no sampling of sediments or surface water has occurred.

Determine if surface water is used for irrigation of commercial food or commercial forage crops, watering of commercial livestock or commercial food preparation.

No surface water pathway was identified for this site. (Map 1)

Discuss the potential for surface water contamination, include any additional information concerning the surface water route.

The V I P Cleaners site is entirely paved and all operations take place indoors. Contaminated runoff from this site is unlikely. (Attachment I)

#### B. SENSITIVE ENVIRONMENTS

Identify all sensitive environments, including wetlands, along the 15 stream-mile pathway from the site:

Environment	Surface Water	Flow	Distance	Wetland
Type	Body	(cfs)	from site	<u>Frontage</u>

No surface water pathway was identified for this site. (Map 1)

#### PART VII: AIR ROUTE

Discuss observed or potential air release.

An air permit has been issued to VIP Cleaners for a dry cleaning machine. Currently, no cleaning of materials is conducted on-site. Therefore there is no potential for an air release at this site. (Attachment I)

Identify populations residing within 4 miles of the site.

Distance (miles)	<u>Population</u>
0 - 1/4	1,080
1/4 - 1/2	3,245
1/2 - 1	5,875
1 - 2	13,285
2 - 3	6,260
3 - 4	29,145
(Attachment J)	

Identify sensitive environments and wetland acreage within 4 miles of the site.

#### <u>Distance</u> <u>Type of environment</u> <u>Wetland acreage</u>

There is no potential for an air release at this site, therefore there is no threat to sensitive environments or wetlands from this site.

Identify all land resources (commercial agriculture, silviculture or recreation) within 4 miles of the site.

There is no potential for an air release at this site, therefore there is no threat to land resources from this site.

#### PART VIII: DIRECT CONTACT

Describe accessibility of the site (fencing, site security, evidence of unauthorized entry).

The VIP Cleaners site is not fenced; however, operations take place indoors which would prevent a direct contact threat by unauthorized personnel.

Number of on-site employees: 10

#### PART IX: FIRE AND EXPLOSION

Discuss all incidents on site which have involved a fire or explosion. Indicate the date of the incident and the materials involved.

No incidents of fire were discovered during the file search.

Discuss site conditions which indicate a potential exists for fire or explosion (reactivity, incompatibility, ignitability, storage practices, container condition).

Flammable materials are used at the site; however, they are used in relatively small quantities and are not stored in a manner which would create a fire or explosion threat.

#### PART X: ADDITIONAL CONSIDERATIONS

Discuss evidence of wildlife or vegetation that has been or could be potentially impacted by on-site operations. Include areas exhibiting stressed vegetation or damage to wildlife.

Operations at this site do not appear to be causing adverse affects on surrounding wildlife or vegetation.

Determine if a contaminant on site displays bioaccumulative properties. Identify all bioaccumulative substances that may impact the food chain.

Contaminants detected at the VIP Cleaners site are not bioaccumulative in nature.

Discuss observed or potential damage to off-site property. Consider migration routes from the site to an off-site property via soil, air or runoff.

Operations conducted at the VIP Cleaners site do not pose a threat to surrounding properties.

#### PART XI: PREVIOUS OR ONGOING REMEDIAL ACTIONS

Discuss for each medium or area of concern all previous and ongoing remedial activities at the site. Include why initiated, type of action, date and present status.

In February 1992 a 7,000-gallon underground storage tank of #6 fuel oil was removed by Anco Environmental Contracting Inc. under the supervision of the PMK Group of Union, New Jersey. As a result of the tank removal, approximately 130 tons of contaminated soil was removed from the excavation. Subsequently, a monitoring well was installed to determine if ground water was impacted by the tank. Sample results did not indicate a release to ground water had occurred; however, tetrachloroethene (PCE), trichloroethene (TCE) and trans-1,2-dichloroethene were detected in the ground water. Ground Water Quality Standards were exceeded for PCE and TCE. It is possible that historic dry cleaning operations may have

contributed to this ground water contamination. Currently, this case is closed within the NJDEP, Bureau of Underground Storage Tanks. (Attachments A,B)

#### PART XII: ENFORCEMENT ACTIONS

No enforcement actions were discovered for the VIP Cleaners site during the file search.

#### PART XIII: CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

List each area of concern and state whether further remediation is required.

Historic and recent operations at this site have used chlorinated solvents for dry cleaning purposes. Samples collected during the June 23, 1994 site investigation of the facility determined that levels of chlorinated solvents, specifically tetrachloroethene (PCE) and associated breakdown components, were higher in the onsite monitoring well than upgradient and side gradient samples. These samples indicate that the site may be contributing to the groundwater contamination at the site, however, a complete survey of ground water could not be conducted on all sides of the facility due to areas being covered by buildings and other structures. A ground water investigation is required to positively identify or eliminate this site as a contributor to ground water contamination.

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Further investigation under CERCLA is warranted.

Submitted by: David Dibblee

Title: HSMS 4

NJDEP, Division of Publicly Funded Site Remediation,

Office of Site Assessment

Date: February 1995

PART XIV: POTENTIALLY RESPONSIBLE PARTIES

NAME

OWNER/OPERATOR/ KNOWN DISCHARGER

CURRENT ADDRESS

Caroline Laundry

operator

c/o Peter Austin P.O. Box 29 Morris Plains, New Jersey 07950

LOCATION: 89 marris Street

Table I SUMMARY OF SAMPLING DATA VOLATILES

DATE SAMPLED: June 23, 1994 MATRIX: Water

UNITS: PPb

GW-1. GW-2 MW-1 MW-2

Morristown, Morris County

SAMPLE ID NO:	GW-1	- GW-2 499	201 WM-1	MW-2 502			•			.*.	•				
CHLOROMETHANE															]
BROMOMETHANE															1
VINYL CHLORIDE			120	120			٠.								1
CHLOROETHANE			67	75		1								<b></b> -	1
METHYLENE CHLORIDE												·			1
ACETONE				·		-				·					1
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1,1 DICHLOROETHENE			21	27	1 1								,		٦
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LOCATION: 89 Morris St.

Morristown, Morris County

SUMMARY OF SAMPLING DATA

DATE SAMPLED: June 23,1994

MATRIX: Water UNITS: ppb

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GW-1 GW-2 MW-1 MW-2

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DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE				,									
1,1,2 TRICHLOROETHANE						•							
BENZENE							•						-
trans-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE													
BROMOFORM						·							
4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE													
2-HEXANONE													
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STYRENE													
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PAGE 2 OF 10

LOCATION: 89 monis St.

Morristown, Morris County

SUMMARY OF SAMPLING DATA SEMIVOLATILES

PAGE 3 OF 10

DATE SAMPLED: June 23, 1994 MATRIX: Worter UNITS: ppb

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LOCATION: 89 Morris Street
Morristown, Morris County

SUMMARY OF SAMPLING DATA SEMIVOLATILES

PAGE 4 OF 10

DATE SAMPLED: June 23, 1994.
MATRIX: Water
UNITS: PPB

SAMPLE ID NO:	GW-1 498	GW-2 499	. Mw-1 501	MW-2 502						•			•	•
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4-CHLORO-3-METHYLPHENOL							<u> </u>	-						-
2-METHYLNAPHTHALENE												<del>                                     </del>		
HEXACHLOROCYCLOPENTADIENE								-						<del> </del>
2,4,6 TRICHLOROPHENOL											<u>                                     </u>			
2,4,5 TRICHLOROPHENOL												ļ ———		
2-CHLORONAPHTHALENE			,		<del></del>						ļ			
2-NITROANILINE									<u>·</u>					:
DIMETHYLPHTHALATE														
ACENAPHTHYLENE					,			 7						,
2,6-DINITROTOLUENE														
3-NITROANILINE										•	14			
ACENAPHTHENE							<del></del> .							<del></del>
2,4-DINITROPHENOL		·						-						<del></del>

SITE NAME: VIP Cleaners PAGE \_5 OF 10 LOCATION: 89 Morris St. SUMMARY OF SAMPLING DATA Morristown, Morris County SEMIVOLATILES DATE SAMPLED: June 23, 1994 MATRIX: Water UNITS: Ppb GW-1 GW-2 MW-1 MW-2 SAMPLE ID NO: 499 501 502 4-NITROPHENOL **DIBENZOFURAN** 2,4-DINITROTOLUENE DIETHYLPHTHALATE 4-CHLOROPHENYL-PHENYLETHER FLUORENE 4-NITROANILINE 4,6-DINITRO-2-METHYLPHENOL N-NITROSODIPHENYLAMINE (1) 4-BROMOPHENYL-PHENYLETHER HEXACHLOROBENZENE **PENTACHLOROPHENOL** PHENANTHRENE ANTHRACENE

CARBAZQLE

DI-N-BUTYLPHTHALATE

FLUORANTHENE

LOCATION: 89 Morris Street

Morristown, Morris County

SUMMARY OF SAMPLING DATA SEMIVOLATILES PAGE 6 OF 10

DATE SAMPLED: June 23, 1994

MATRIX: Water UNITS: ppb

GW-1 GW-2 MW-1 MW-2 498 499 501 502 SAMPLE ID NO: **PYRENE** BUTYLBENZLPHTHALATE 3,3'-DICHLOROBENZIDINE BENZO(a) ANTHRACENE CHRYSENE bis(2-ETHYLHEXYL)PHTHALATE **3**J 3 J DI-N-OCTYLPHTHALATE BENZO(b)FLUORANTHENE BENZO(k)FLUORANTHENE BENZO(a)PYRENE INDENO(1,2,3-CD)PYRENE DIBENZ(a,h)ANTHRACENE BENZO(g,h,i)PERYLENE TOTAL SEMIVOLATILES TOTAL SEMIVOLATILE TICS

LOCATION: 89 Morris Street

Morristown, Morris County

SUMMARY OF SAMPLING DATA PESTICIDE ORGANICS, PCBs

.

PAGE 7 OF 10

DATE SAMPLED: June 23, 1994
MATRIX: Water
UNITS: ppb

GW-1 GN-2 MW-1 MW-2 498 499 501 502 SAMPLE ID NO: alpha-BHC beta-BHC delta-BHC gamma-BHC (LINDANE) HEPTACHLOR **ALDRIN HEPTACHLOR EPOXIDE** ENDOSULFAN I DIELDRIN 4,4'-DDE ENDRIN **ENDOSULFAN II** 4,4'-DDD **ENDOSULFAN SULFATE** 4,4'-DDT **METHOXYCHLOR ENDRIN KETONE** 

SITE NAME: VIP Cleaners LOCATION: 89 Morris Street
Marristown, Marris County

SUMMARY OF SAMPLING DATA PESTICIDE ORGANICS, PCBs

DATE SAMPLED: June 23, 1994
MATRIX: Water
UNITS: ppb

SAMPLE ID NO:	GW-1 498	GW-2 499	1-wm	MW-2 502	-							•			
ENDRIN ALDEHYDE			:									· ·	T .	<u> </u>	
alpha-CHLORDANE			7			-	1	<u> </u>				<del>                                     </del>	<del> </del>		<u>                                     </u>
gamma-CHLORDANE				7		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<del>                                     </del>			<del> </del>	<del> </del>	·		
TOXAPHENE							<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>	-		<del>                                     </del>				
AROCLOR-1016						<u></u> _			<del> </del>			<del> </del>			
AROCLOR-1221			-						<u> </u>				<del> </del>		
AROCLOR-1232		-						ļ .	<u> </u>		-				<del>- ; :</del>
AROCLOR-1242		3 S												-	
AROCLOR-1248															<del> </del>
AROCLOR-1254							<u> </u>				<del></del>				
AROCLOR-1260			,								·				
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SITE NAME: VIP Cleaners LOCATION: 89 Morris St.

Morristown, Morris County

SUMMARY OF SAMPLING DATA METALS, CYANIDE

DATE SAMPLED: June 23, 1994 MATRIX: Water UNITS: ppb

SAMPLE ID NO:	GW-1 498	GW-2 499	- MW-1	MW-2 502	-					•			٠		
ALUMINUM	5,070	114,000	724	715						1	1 :	T		T	T -
ANTIMONY						<u> </u>				<del> </del>	1.	-	+	<del> </del>	<del> </del>
ARSENIC	27	65			<u> </u>			†	<del>                                     </del>			<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<del> </del>
BARIUM	1195	801	1817	1797				<del>                                     </del>				<del> </del>	<del> </del>		_
BERYLLIUM		٦		1							<del> </del>	<u> </u>		-	-
CADMIUM			37						<u> </u>	<del>                                     </del>				<del> </del>	<del> </del>
CALCIUM	112,000	138,000	94,100	93,300	· · · · · · ·	1		<del>                                     </del>		1				<del>                                     </del>	-
CHROMIUM	10	208								<del>                                     </del>	<u> </u>			<del> </del>	<del> </del>
COBALT		93								<del>                                     </del>		<del> </del>		-	<del> </del>
COPPER	191	312	5л	5Ј						ļ	<del> </del>	<del>                                     </del>		<del> </del>	<del> </del>
IRON	10,700	215,∞0	2,190	2,280								<u> </u>	-	-	<del>                                     </del>
LEAD	6	115	21	12				<u> </u>	1		-				
MAGNESIUM	49,500	75,600	33,100	33,200	-			<del>                                     </del>			;	<u></u>	ļ	<del></del>	
MANGANESE		6,110		717			<del></del>			-					<del> </del>
MERCURY							1		,						
NICKEL		961			``				· ·				<u>.                                    </u>		
POTASSIUM	3,850J	14,900	H,600	12,000				<u> </u>				<del></del>			

Morristown, Morris County SUMMARY OF SAMPLING DATA METALS, CYANIDE

PAGE 10 OF 10

DATE SAMPLED: June 23, 1994.

MATRIX: Water
UNITS: Ppb:

SAMPLE ID NO:	GW-1 498	GW-2 499	mw-1 501	mw-1 502	•								
SELENIUM		8.5 S		ат									
SILVER						• .	-						
SODIUM	68,800	108,000	50,600	50,500									
THALLIUM	31	3Ј						-					
VANADIUM	<b>23</b> J	361	57	5J							<u> </u>		
ZINC	47	745	37	29.									
CYANIDE	20					,			-				
TOTAL PHCs	;											·	, .
										-			
													,
-													
				ĺ.									· ·
•													
,													

<sup>-</sup> Analyte above current NJDEP Soil Cleanup Criteria or Ground
Water Quality Standards

J - Estimated concentration

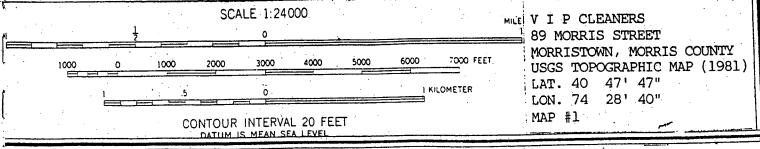
<sup>-</sup> Analyte also detected in associated blank

D - Concentration determined in diluted sample run

E - Analyte exceeds calibration range of instruments

MAPS



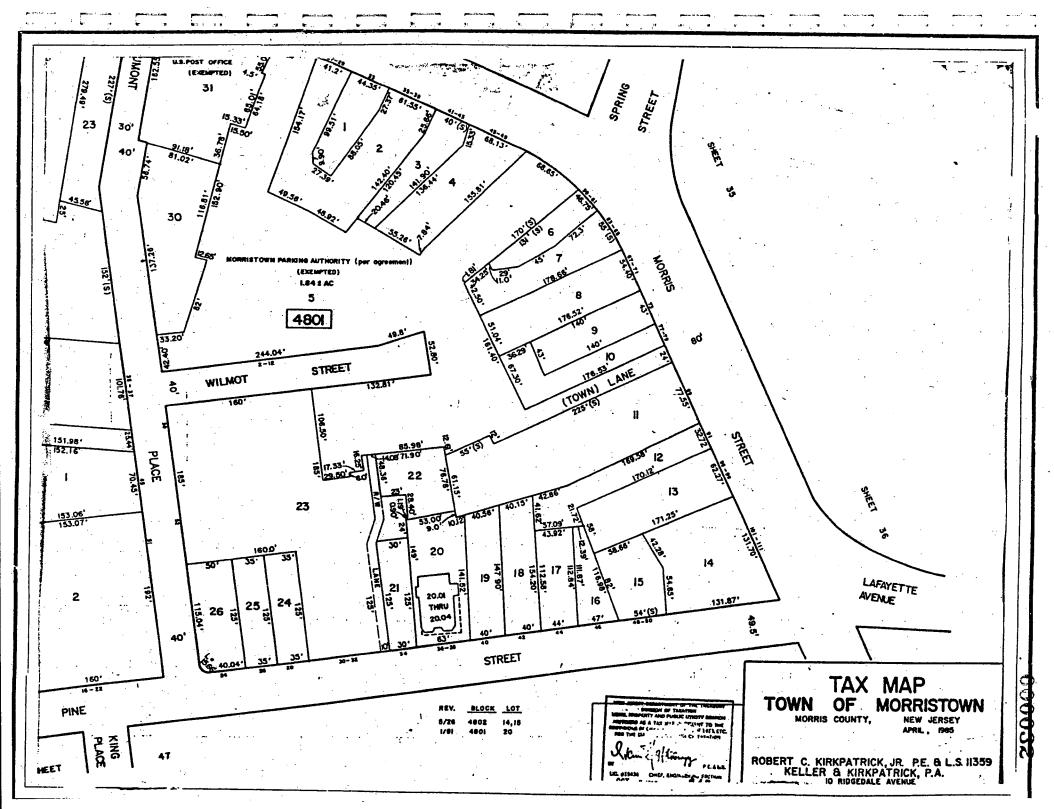


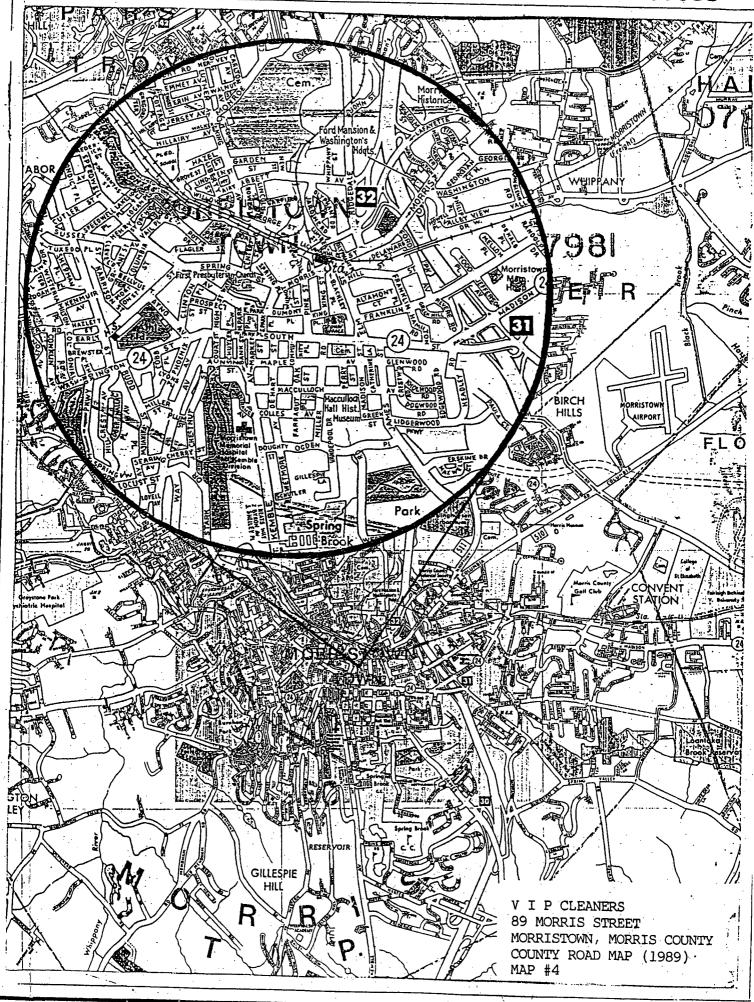
### GW-2 FORMERLY MICHELE ARNOLD HAIR SALON **VIP CLEANERS** RIGHT OF WAY GW-1 **FINISHING TOUCH** PREVIOUS LOCATION OF 7,000 GAL UST **GARDEN ON THE GREEN**

**MORRIS STREET** 

VIP CLEANERS 89 MORRIS STREET MORRISTOWN, MORRIS COUNTY SITE MAP, MAP #2 (1995)

NOT TO SCALE





SUBJECT TO REVISION x 5236 x 5236 405200 x 10575W × 5236 × 2333P x 5236 × 5236 x 5236 WATER WITHDRAWAL × 2195 POINTS WITHIN x 5236 x 5236 × 21955P 5.0 MILES OF: 5300 × 5300 LATITUDE 404747 LONGITUDE 742840 × 5299 5299× 10554W 5058 × 2271P ×5300 x 10015W DRAFT ×2076F x 10615W x 2118P 2118P x 21184 18P SCALE: 1:63,360 (75 Inch = 1 Mile) x 5299 0088W x 5299 ×2117P ×21968 2117P ×2,2177P x 1039\$W × 2342442P × 10595W1958 196W × 5214 × 2025P × 100,000 GPD WATER WITHDRAWAL POINTS ONLY x 10021W ×10297W 2025375P x 2021P x 2339Bx 2300A339A0464W 1 MILE AND 5 MILE RADII INDICATED x 2339P x 5371 x MR0011 × 5264 ×5069 PLOT PRODUCED BY: ×∕6069 NJOEPE
WATER SUPPLY ELEMENT
BUREAU OF WATER ALLOCATION
CN-426
TRENTON, NJ 08625 × 5069 ×5046 DATE: 09/29/93 × 1024894400 x 5013 SUBJECT TO REVISION

000034

	NUMBER	NAME	SOURCEID	LOCID	LĄT	LON	LLACC	DISTANCE	COUNTY	MLN	DEPTH	ŒD1	GE02	CAPACITY
	100150	SUBURBAN FROFANE	2511349	3	404040	740400							•	
	10021W	SISTERS CHARITY ST ELIZABETH	2511347 2522434	- •	404919	742425		4.1	27	12	: <i>7</i> 5	GOSD		100 .
	10089W	FRECISION ROLLED FRODUCTS, INC		#1	404705	742547		2.6	27	11	300	GTEB		525
	10180W	J C P & L/MORRISTOWN OFFICE	· ·	1	404750	742413	1	3.9	<b>27</b>	10	107	GOSD		500
	10248W	CLOTHOM TOURIST AND CONTROL	2511968	1	404656	742700	F	1.8	27	22	<i>5</i> 00	GTEB	,	150
	10297W	CHATHAM TOWNSHIP/COLONY POOL	2515137	#1	404408	742347	Т	6.0	27 ·	05	293			100
	10395W	SCHERING-PLOUGH COFFCRATION	2523976		404659	742726		1.4	27	17	165	. GOGU		90
	TOUTON!		2503934	WELL 1	404715	742815	·T	0.7	27	24	-500			150
	10376W	CARTERET SAVINGS & LOAN ASSOC.	2515508	WELL 2	404725	742825	T	0.5	27	24	500			125
	10454W	CHEMICAL BANK OF NEW JEFSEY NA	2502685	- 1	404710	742733	`.	1.2	27	24	300	GTRB		300
	10554W	HAMILTON PARK ASSOCIATES	2526568	WELL 1	404652	742442	T	3.5	27	11	330			400
	10575W	NEW JERSEY BELL TELEPHONE SCHINDLER ELEVATOR CORP.	2513372	1	404944	742622	F '	3.0	27	12	158	GOSD		120
	IOO/ CW			2	405139	743241	F	5.7	27	32	50	COSD .		200
	10615W	SCHINDLER ELEVATOR CORP. MORRIS TOWNEHIP/CANCELLED	2525977	3	405139	743241	F	5.7	. <b>27</b> . , ,	-32	<i>7</i> 5	GOSD		545
	2021P		PROFOSED		404833	743010	T	1.5	27	22				
	2025F	SFRING EROOK COUNTRY CLUB	FOND	• 1	404651	742940	F	1.4	27	24	•	SP	•	600
	2020-	MOFRIS COUNTY BOLF CLUB	2510487	1	404702	742532	F	2.1	27	24	271	GOSD		175
		MOFRIS COUNTY GOLF CLUB	2516215	2	404701	742640	F	2.0	27	24	238	GOSD		15
		MOFRIS COUNTY COLF CLUB		POND)	404710	742630	F	2.0	27	24	14	GC/SD		1100
	2078P	MORRIS COUNTY BOLF CLUB MENNEN COMPANY	2534663	3	404702	742629	F	2.1	27	24	292	GOSD		150
	2070-	MENNEN COMPANY	2501891	1	404847	742822	F	1.2	27	22	85	GOTM		200
	2117P	ALLIED-SIGNAL INC.	2513682	2	404848	742821	F	1.2	27	22	.100	GOTM	4	200
	211//	ALLIED-SIENAL INC.	2504285	1	404726	742623	F	2.0	27	22	767 .	GTRB .		100
		ALLIED-SIGNAL INC.	2509253	2	404727		F	2.2	27 .	22	188	<b>GOG</b> U		200
	•	ALLIED-SIGNAL INC.	2515313	4 NOT LISED	404719	742555	F	1.6	27	22	253	GCGÚ		0 .
	-	ALLIED-SIGNAL INC.	2522302	10	404725	742613	F	2.2	27	22	198	GOĞU		200
	211EP	-, ·- ·	2529037	14	404735	74263 <del>9</del>	F	. 1.8	27	·22 🕾	235	GOGU	<u>.</u>	230
	ATTER	SANDOZ PHARMACELITICALS CORP.	4500044	$-\frac{1}{2}$ $\rightarrow -\sqrt{-}$	404836	742338		4.5	27	10	49	GOSD .		500
		SANDOZ FHARMACEUTICALS CORP.	4500045	.2	404829	742338		4.5	27	10	58	ECISD ·		500
	•	SANDOZ FHARMACELTICALS CORP.	2500635	3	404821	742336	:	4.5	27 -	10	81	GOSD		500 -
		SANDOZ FHARMACEUTICALS COFP.	2513934	4	404812	742335		4.5	27	10	84	GOSD ·		500
	2195R	SANDOZ PHARMACEUTICALS CORP.	2513935	5	404918	742350		4.3	27	10	132	GOSD		500
	217UN	WARNER LAMBERT COMPANY	2500695	3	405025	742842		3.0	27	23	102	GOSD	•	150
		WARNER LAMBERT COMPANY	2503447	4	405023	742835		3.0	27	23	70	eosd -		250
	21 <i>96</i> P	WARNER LAMBERT COMPANY	2504274	6	405038	742823		3.3	27	23	102	COSD	•	500
	2170-	MORRISTOWN MEMORIAL HOSPITAL	2505647	1	404720	742720		1.3	27	24	504	GTRØ ·		300
	2206P	MORRISTOWN MEMORIAL HOSPITAL	2508577	2	404712	742750		1.0	27	24	507	GTRE		300
	2200	FFIZER, INCCONSUMER FRODUCTS	2506488	1	405105		F	4.9	27	29	95	GOSD	•	275
	-	FFIZER, INCCONSUMER FRODUCTS	2511876	3	405105		F	4.8	27	29	85	GGSD		450
	v.	FFIZER, INCCONSLIMER PRODUCTS	4500256	4	405108		F.	4.9	27	29	85	GOSD		450
٠.	2271P	FFIZER, INCCONSUMER PRODUCTS	2528829	6	405105		T	4.8	27	29		GOSD		
	£271F	GREYSTONE PSY HOSP . SEE 5300	2514303	WELL #1-67	404740	742955		2.4	27	29	298	GTRE		150
	2304è	GFEYSTONE FSY. HOSP. SEE 5300	2514417	WELL #2-67	404940	742755		2.4	27	29	270	GTEB		200
		NOE PIERSON CORPORATION FAIRMOUNT COUNTRY CLUB	4500306	1	404415	742534		4.9	27	04	294	GTRB		200
	2333P		4500084	1	404425	742510		4.9	27	04	390	GTF08 😮		325
	•	ECONTON ELECTRONICS	2525494	5	405126		F	5.3 /	27	29	78	GCSD		200 -
•		EXXON RESEARCH & ENGINEERING	2500067	1:	404650		บ	3.4	27	11	250	GOTM		50
		EXXON RESEARCH & ENGINEERING	2515953	FW-3	404647		F	3.0	27 .	11 -	83	GOTM		0
		EXXON FESSARCH & ENGINEERING	2506994	FW-1	404648	742517	F	3.2	27	11	94	COTM		1030
		EXXON FESEARCH & ENGINEERING	2514658	B1-2	404632		F	3.3	27	11	<b>82</b>	GOTM		24
		EXXCN FESEARCH & ENGINEERING	4500326	DEWELL DE4	404649	742545	F	2.8	27	11		GOTM		0 .
-		MORRIS COUNTY PARK COMMISSION	4500355	WELL 1	404728	742020	F	4.7	27	11	250	GTFB		313
	1779'an	MCFRIS COUNTY FAFK COMMISSION	STORAGE FOND	FOND	404723		F	4.8	27 .	11	14	GFS	•	1100
-	2008 P	MENCHAM BOLF AND TENNIS CLUB	2514439	WELL #1	404639	743402		4.9	27 .	19	75	GOTM:		50
		PERHAM GOLF AND TENNIS CLUB	2514799	MELT #5	404578	743404		i.9	27	19	50	GOTTM		140
		PERHAM GOLF AND TENIE CLUB	FICHID -1	•	क्षायस्यत	7 <b>ለ</b> ማ <b>ለ</b> የነ		4.0	~~	••	•	· ·		

Page	2 of PSE INTINGEY SIEVEY OF UK	ATTEN LITTE PERSONAL INC.											
	2 of FRELIMINARY SLAVEY OF WA	HER MITHORISMET !	MIHTIW STMID	5.0 MILE	ES OF 404	1747 LAT	. 742840 L	EN. (IN	ORDEF	BY PE	BYLK TIME	EF() -	09/29/93
MIMBER	NAME	SOLECEID	LOCID	LAT	LON	•	DISTANCE				Œ01	SE02	CAPACITY
•	MENDHAM GOLF AND TENNIS CLUB	FOND 2		404540	743400								-
5013	NEW JERSEY-AMERICAN WATER CO.	2510173	N.E. WELL	404340		-	4.8	<b>27</b> .	19		G		
5046	CHATHAM ECROUGH	4500270	1	404439	743250	1 .	6.0	35	02	1450	GTRB		350
	CHATHAM BOROUGH	4500271	. 2		742323		5.9	27	05	143	GCISD		1050
	CHATHAM BOROUGH	2505687	3	404439	742323		5.9	27	05	140	GGSD		560 .
5058.	MORRIS COUNTY MUA	2510770	_	404439	742323		5.9	27	05	150	GOSD ·		1200
5069	MADISON ECROUGH	2501962	MUSIKER 1	404937		Ł.	4.7	27	32	130	GFC		375
	MADISON BOROUGH	2504207	A	404505	742355		5.2	27	17	130	GOSD		750
	MADISON ECROUGH	2504207	B	404505	742355	:	5.2	.27	17	143	GCGD		1200
	MADISON BOROUGH	2504423	C	404524	742554		3.7	27	17	160	GOSD		1200
	MADISON ECROUGH	2514041	D	404514	742405		5.0	27	17	191	GOSD		1000
5072	EAST HANDVER TOWNSHIP	2514205	E-STANDBY	404505	742355		5.2	27	17	140	GOSD		1500
	EAST HANDVER TOWNSHIP	2514200 2513672	2.	404856		.F ,	4.8	27	10	115	GOSD		1000
5214	FLORHAM PARK BOROUGH	4500299	1	404854	742318	F	4.9	27	10	130	GOSD		500
	FLORHAM PARK ECROUGH	2521204	2	404713	742423	S	3.8	27	11	105	GOSD		1000
5236	PARSIFFANY-TROY HILLS	2507381	4	404713	742423	S ·	2.8	27	11	139	GOSD	*	1300
	FARSIPPANY-TROY HILLS	4500032	1A	405206	742530	F.	5.7	27	29	138	GOSD		420
	PARSIFPANY-TROY HILLS	4500033	. 3	405206	742358	iz.	5.4	27	29	75 🔩	COSD		350
	PARSIFFANY-TROY HILLS		4.	405205	742502	F.	5.9	27	29	82	GOSD		225
	PARSIFFANY-TROY HILLS	2507545	40		742502	F .	5.9	27	29	150	COSD		900
	PARSIFPANY-TROY HILLS	2507620 4500034	7		742506	F	4.9	27	29	66 .	SOSD		500
	FARSIFPANY-TROY HILLS	4500035	8-1	405033	742343	F	5.4	27	29	90	GC/SD		300
e i	FARSIFFANY-TROY HILLS	4500036	8-2	405033	742343	F	5.4	27 .	29	90	GOSD	-1	400
	PARSIPPANY-TROY HILLS	2511628	8-3 10	-	742343	F	5.4	27	29	80	GC(SI)		600
	PARSIFPANY-TROY HILLS	2512675	. 11	405204	742618	F	5.3	27	29	129	GOSD		500 .
	PARSIFPANY-TROY HILLS	2512718	12	405050	742320		5.8	27	29	80	GCSD		70
	PARSIFFANY-TROY HILLS	2511106	13	405140	742540	F	5.2	27	27	100	SOMED .		300
	PARSIFFANY-TROY HILLS	2513259	14 -		742258	F	6.3	27	29	47	GOSD		425
•	PARSIFFANY-TROY HILLS	2515809	15 \		742650	F		27	29	90	GOSD		700
	PARSIFFANY-TROY HILLS	2527259	20			F		27	29	<b>9</b> 7	GOSD	,	150
	PARSIFFANY-TROY HILLS	FROFCGED	20		742425			27	29	95	COSD		700
5264	SOUTHEAST MORRIS COUNTY MUA	2514520	LIDGEFWOOD			U		27		85	GOSD		1400
	SOUTHEAST MORRIS COUNTY MUA	2513439	TURNEULL			F		27		265	GTEB		410
	SOUTHEAST MORRIS COUNTY MUA	4500350	SAND SPRG			-		27		496	GTRB		450 .
5277	SOUTHEAST MORRIS COUNTY MLA	2500048	WING			£ .		27		94	GTRB		600
. •	SOUTHEAST MORRIS COUNTY MUA	2503527	TODD			F		27 /		136	GOSD		3200
	SOUTHEAST MORRIS COUNTY MUA	2514181	ELOK ERK 1			F		27		144	GGED		1200
	SOUTHEAST MORRIS COUNTY MUA	2514182	BLCK BRK 2			-		27			GCGD	٠.	1400
	SOUTH-EAST MORRIS COUNTY MUA	4500351	NORMANDY			F		27			COSD	٠.	1400
5300 .	SOUTHEAST MORRIS COUNTY MUA	4500038	WELL NO.1	404720		F					GOSD	٠.	400
	SOUTHEAST MORRIS COUNTY MUA	4500039	WELL NO. 2			F		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			GOSD		300
	SOUTHEAST MORRIS COUNTY MUA	2506493	WELL NO. 3			F.					GOSD	. :	500
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#### WATER WITHDRAWAL POINTS REFERENCE SHEET

THE FOLLOWING CODES DENOTE THE TYPE OF WELL OR SURFACE WATER INTAKE AS LISTED ON WATER WITHDRAWAL POINTS MAPS.

- 1000D DEWATERING PERMIT OR TEMPORARY PUMPING PERMIT
- INDUSTRIAL PERMITS, GOLF COURSES AND REMEDIATION PUMPING PERMITS.
- 4000 SURFACE DIVERSION AND SURFACE WATER INTAKES
- 5000 PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY WELLS
- 10000 WELLS WITH THE CAPACITY TO PUMP >100,000 GALLONS BUT DO
- XX0000 AGRICULTURAL CERTIFICATION, FIRST TWO LETTERS ARE THE FIRST TWO LETTERS OF THE COUNTY IN WHICH THE PERMIT IS ISSUED.
- P PRIVATE WELL
- PS PRIVATE SURFACE INTAKE

#### CODES USED IN THE WATER WITHDRAWAL POINTS LISTING

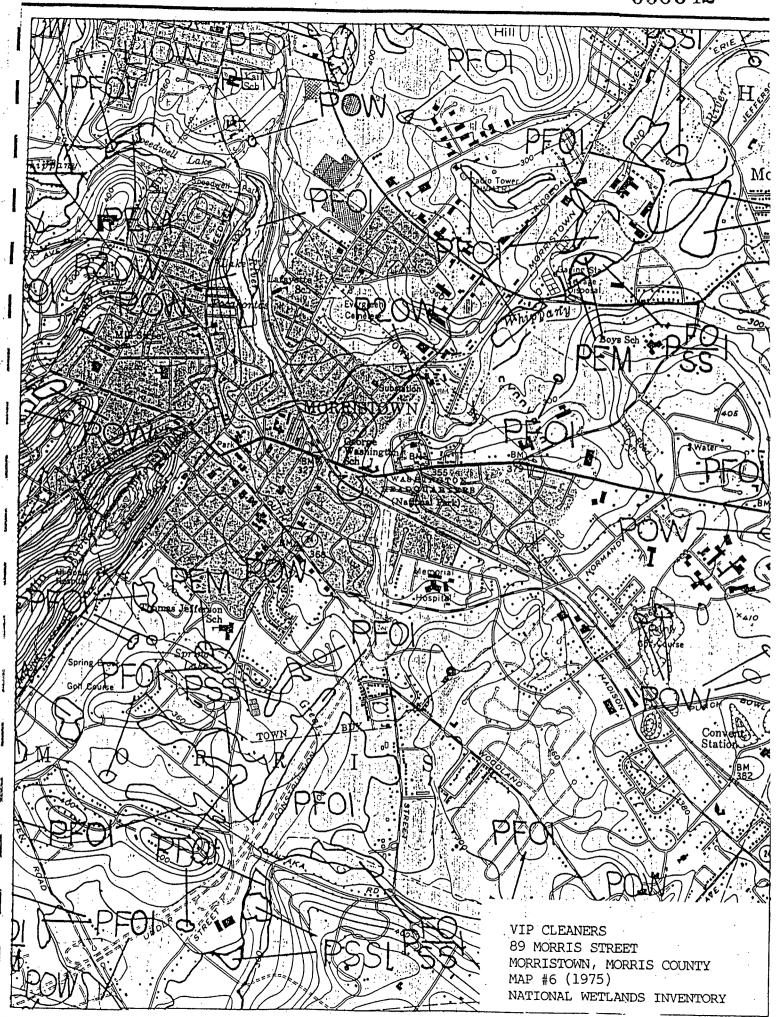
This packet contains information on the database codes that the Bureau of Water Allocation uses in the Water Withdrawal Points Listing.

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; ;	11 - Cumberland 25 - Monmouth	39 - Union
	II - Cumberrain	41 - Warren
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	Stratified Drift	GOTM
	Terminal Moraine	GOBS
	Bridgeton	GOCM
	Cape May	GOCHB
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	Estuarine Sand '	GOPS
	Pennsauken	GOES
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NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM

# FIRM FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP

TOWN OF MORRISTOWN, NEW JERSEY MORRIS COUNTY

## MAP INDEX

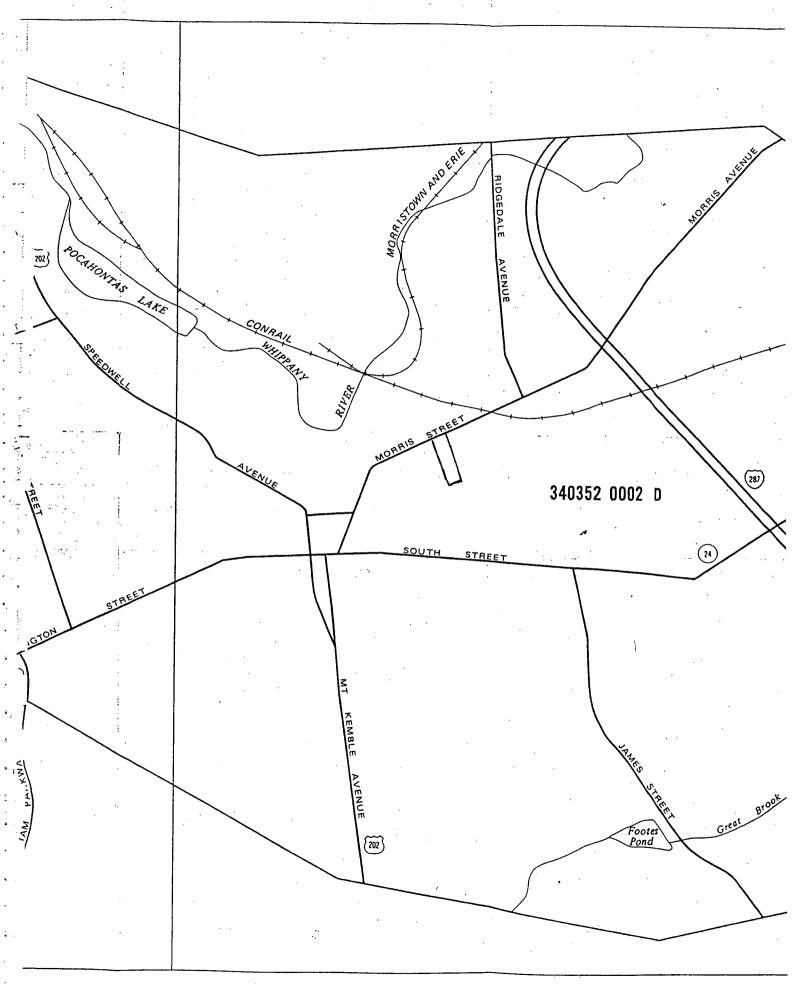
PANELS PRINTED: 1, 2

COMMUNITY-PANEL NUMBERS 340352 0001-0002

MAP REVISED: JULY 3, 1986



Federal Emergency Management Agency



ATTACHMENT A



g. Other (Specify): \_

## State of New Jersey DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION DIVISION OF WATER RESOURCES CN 029

Trenton, N.J. 08625-0029

ATTN: BUST Program (609) 984-3156

000046	
For State Use Only	
Date Rec'd.	

Auth.

Routing UST NO.

(6	09) 984-3156
	ANDARD REPORTING FORM  orting activities at an UST facility:
General Facility Informat  X Closure (Abandonment of Temporary Closure Change in Service	ion Changes Sale or Transfer
Check ONLY One Ty	pe of Activity - Complete Form For That Activity
(More that	in one tank can be listed per activity)
* * * NOTE * * * ALL facilities must submit a	NEW tank installations at existing registered a Registration Questionnaire for the new tanks.
Answer questions 1 through 5 and others as ap	plicable.
<ol> <li>Company name and address (as it appears on registration questionnaire):</li> </ol>	P. AUSTIN, W. AUSTIN POST OFFICE BOX 29
	MORRIS PLAINS, NEW JERSEY 07950
2. Facility name and location (if different from above):	MORRISTOWN TIRRE
	89 MORRIS STREET MORRISTOWN, NEW JERSEY 07960
3. Contact person for this activity:	JAMES JOHNSTON, P.E.
	Telephone Number: ( 908, ) _686-0044
4. The identification number of the affected tan	k as it appears in Question Number 12 on the Registration Questionnaire
	P1 (0001)
5. Registration Number (if known):	UST - 0228873
6. For GENERAL FACILITY INFORMATION chan	ges (address, telephone, contact person, etc supply NEW information only)
a. Facility name: PETER AUSTIN	
b. Facility location: c. Owner's mailing address:	
<del></del>	NJ
d. Block: Lot:	
e. Contact person (facility operator): PETE f. Contact telephone number: ( 201	R AUSTIN ) 267-8435 - Δ



September 27, 1991

PRINCIPALS:
Philip M. Keegan
James Ferris, P.E.
Gerald Perricone, P.E.
James Johnston, P.E.

New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection and Energy Division of Responsible Party Site Remediation Bureau of Underground Storage Tanks CNO29 Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0029

Attn: Ms. Diane Pupa

UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK CLOSURE PLAN
MORRISTOWN TIRE
89 MORRIS AVENUE
MORRISTOWN, NEW JERSEY
PMK, F&P #5182

Dear Ms. Pupa:

#### INTRODUCTION

This report presents the underground storage tank closure plan for the underground storage tank removal which will be performed at the Morristown Tire facility located at 89 Morris Avenue in Morristown, New Jersey. The underground storage tank (UST) scheduled for removal is a 5,000 gallon #6 heating oil tank.

#### SITE ASSESSMENT PLAN

A site assessment plan will be implemented during the underground storage tank removal to evaluate the potential that soil and/or groundwater have been impacted by releases and/or discharges from subject underground storage tank system. During the course of removal operations, a representative of PMK, Ferris & Perricone, Inc. will be on-site to visually observe the excavation for evidence of discolored soils, soil staining, free product indicative of a product release. Where feasible, field test methods will be utilized to determine the presence of residual saturation of contaminates within the soil in accordance the recommended procedures in the NJDEPE document "Appendix 10 Sampling and Analysis Requirements". Our representative would portable field screening equipment to evaluate the potential presence of organic vapors within the soils located the tank. the event that there is no visual In evidence of soil contamination and field screening equipment does not indicate the presence of elevated levels of organic vapor, sampling will be performed on the soil located below the subject tank. All samples will be extracted from the natural soils located



New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection and Energy September 27, 1991 Page Two

below the tank bedding material. Biased samples would be obtained where field screening methods indicate the presence of elevated levels of organic vapors.

Based on the reported product historically stored within the tank, it is anticipated that the following sample frequency and parameters for analysis will be implemented as part of the sampling plan:

5,000 gallon #2 Heating Oil USTs:

7 Total Hydrocarbon Analysis Petroleum (TPH)

\*If any of the samples are observed to have a TPH concentration in excess of 100 parts per million (ppm), the two highest samples in excess of 100 ppm would be subject to Base Neutral +15 analysis in accordance with EPA Method 625 +15.

Any of the above samples which is found to have TPH concentrations in excess of 500 ppm would be subjected to an Acid-Base Partition Clean-Up in accordance with EPA Test Method 3650, as presented in the EPA publication Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste.

Based on available information, there does not appear to be any product bearing piping runs in excess of 15 feet. In the event that significant piping runs are encountered, one sample for each additional 15 feet would be obtained. These samples would be subject to the same laboratory analysis as detailed above.

In the event that a discharge is confirmed by our visual observations and/or field screening methods, the owner shall notify the NJDEPE Environmental Hotline and provide information regarding the nature, scope and extent of the subject release.

All soil sampling operations will be performed in accordance with the guidelines presented in the NJDEPE Field Sampling Procedures Manual and the NJDEPE Interim Closure Requirements for USTs. Soil samples will be obtained using a stainless steel hand trowel, placed in a laboratory prepared sample jar, and capped with lined lids. Sampling equipment will be decontaminated between sample locations to prevent potential cross contamination between sampling events. The samples will be transmitted to a New Jersey certified



New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection and Energy September 27, 1991 Page Three

laboratory for chemical analysis for the above noted parameters using appropriate chain of custody procedures.

Based on the tank closure requirements of the New Jersey Underground Storage Tank regulations, groundwater assessment is not required for the closure of USTs containing heating fuel. Consequently groundwater monitoring wells are not proposed as part of this closure plan.

#### TANK DECOMMISSIONING PLAN

The procedures used to perform the excavation, removal and disposal of the subject underground storage tank system shall be in conformance with the requirements of the American Petroleum Institute Recommended Practice 1604 (API 1604).

The tank removal procedures consist of the following procedures:

- 1. The tank will be cleaned and washed in accordance with the recommended procedures of API Publication 2015, "Cleaning Petroleum Storage Tanks", and the National Fire Protection Association Publication 327, "Standard Procedures for Cleaning or Safeguarding Small Tanks and Containers".
- The tank removal area will be prepared by cleaning the site, setting up barricades, and setting up storage areas using 6 mil plastic.
- The tank will be purged of residual vapors using dry ice or other appropriate methods.
- 4. Combustible gases and oxygen level in the tank will be tested using a combustible gas indicator and an oxygen meter, respectively.
- 5. The tank will be excavated and removed with the upper soil being segregated from the lower materials, where feasible. Potentially impacted materials will be stockpiled atop plastic and covered with the same.
- 6. The tank system will be transported to a scrap dealer for disposal and a confirming bill of sale will be obtained.



New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection and Energy September 27, 1991 Page Four

Please do not hesitate to contact us if you have any questions regarding the information contained herein.

Respectfully submitted, PMK, Ferris & Perricone, Inc.

James Johnston, P.E. Principal

Michael Mergarit

Environmental Scientist

MM/brm/1077r8

### **MORRIS** STREET PARKING AREA WILMOT MORRISTOWN TIRE PARKING AREA APPROXIMATE LOCATION OF STREET 5.000 GALLON HEATING OIL TANK -PLOT PLAN DRAWN BY DATE 10/15/91 MORRISTOWN TIRE SCALE 1"=40" CHECKED M.M. Perricone, inc. MORRISTOWN, NEW JERSEY SHEET NO. 493 Lehigh Avenue, Union, NJ 07083 908/686-0044 5182

PMK 015



# ANTICIPATED IMPLEMENTATION SCHEDULE UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK REMOVAL MORRISTOWN TIRE MORRISTOWN, NEW JERSEY PMK, F & P #5182

Tank Cleaning: November 4, 1991

Tank Removal: November 5th-6th, 1991

Site Assessment (Soil Sampling): November 5th-6th, 1991

Site Assessment Summary Report: Week of February 6, 1992

92-02-14-1



May 8, 1992

PRINCIPALS:
Philip M. Keegan
James Ferris, P.E.
Gerald Perricone, P.E.
James Johnston, P.E.

MANAGING PARTNERS
Terry C. Damon
Robert M. Gerard

State of New Jersey
Department of Environmental Protection
and Energy
Division of Responsible Party Site Remediation
Bureau of Underground Storage Tanks
CN 029
Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0029

Attention: Ms. Diane Pupa

CLOSURE PLAN IMPLEMENTATION SUMMARY
89 MORRIS STREET
MORRISTOWN, NEW JERSEY
APPROVAL #C-91-4319
PMK, F & P #5182

INTRODUCTION

This report presents the results of the Closure Plan Site Assessment performed during the removal of an underground storage tank system located at 89 Morris Street, Morristown, New Jersey. The tank removed for this closure was a 7,000 gallon capacity number 6 heating oil underground storage tank (UST). The subject UST had been initially registered with the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection and Energy (NJDEPE) Bureau of Underground Storage Tanks (BUST) as a 5,000 gallon UST and was assigned registration number UST 0228873. The location of the site is presented on the Site Location Map, Plate 1. A cross-sectional view of the subject site is presented on Plate 2.

CLOSURE PLAN APPROVAL

On September 27, 1992 an Underground Storage Tank Closure Plan application was submitted to the Bureau of Underground Storage Tanks. On December 20, 1991 the Bureau assigned Closure Plan Approval number C-91-4319 to the project. In accordance with the requirements of N.J.A.C. 7:14B-9, the Construction Code Official for the Town of Morristown was contacted prior to initiation of the UST removal operations. A copy of the demolition permit issued by the Town of Morristown for the tank removal is provided as Plate 3.

#### TANK DECOMMISSIONING OPERATIONS

On February 10, 1992, representatives of ANCO Environmental Construction, Inc. were present at the subject site to commence tank decommissioning operations. The first phase of the tank



removal operations consisted of the removal of an approximately 12 inch thick reinforced concrete and asphalt layer from atop the tank location. An overburden soil layer of approximately 9 inches was then removed to expose the tank surface.

The tank was purged of residual vapors, drained of product and sludges, and then cleaned of the residual bottom sludges and liquids. Associated product bearing piping was also drained of residual product to prevent a potential discharge during the removal of same. The product removed from the tank, as well as the sludges and liquids generated during the tank cleaning operations, were transported to the L and L Oil Service facility in Aberdeen, New Jersey for treatment and/or disposal. Copies of the Uniform Hazardous Waste Manifests for the removal of the above liquids are presented as Plates 4A through 4F.

Subsequent to the tank cleaning operations, the tank and associated piping were excavated and removed. Upon removal, the tank was visually inspected by our on-site representative, the Town of Morristown Construction Code Official, and a representative of the Town of Morristown Engineering Office for indications of potential corrosion, pitting and/or holes. None of the referenced personnel reportedly observed any evidence of holes or significant signs of corrosion on the exterior tank surface. The associated product bearing piping was observed by our representative to contain corrosion in limited areas. The tank and piping were subsequently removed from the site and transported to Riverside Scrap Iron and Metal in Rahway, New Jersey where the tank and piping were sold as scrap metal. The Certification of Weight for the scrapped tank is presented as Plate 5.

#### SITE ASSESSMENT

During the course of the tank decommissioning operations, representative of PMK, Ferris and Perricone, Inc. was present at the site to observe the existing site conditions and to implement the requirements of the Site Assessment. Our representative examined the excavation and adjacent site conditions to evaluate the potential presence of stained soils, free product and/or odors indicative of a product spill or discharge. Upon removal of the concrete/asphalt layer, the overburden soil and the subject UST, our representative visually observed product stained soil in the vicinity of the product bearing piping. Headspace analysis was performed on composite soil samples collected from the vicinity of the stained soils , using an organic vapor analyzer (OVA) to determine the potential presence of volatile organic compounds within the same. The results of the headspace analysis revealed volatile organic concentrations of 50 to 70 parts per million above background concentrations.



Based on the visual observations of our representative and the results of the field screening operations, corrective action measures were implemented at the site. These activities consisted of the excavation and stockpiling of potentially impacted soil from the bottom of the excavation. The corrective action measures extended the excavation to a depth of approximately 11 feet below the surface grade, approximately 2 1/2 feet beyond the former UST invert level. Very slight groundwater infiltration was observed within the clayey silt layer encountered at the bottom of the \* excavation. In addition, a slight petroleum sheen was observed atop water that collected within the excavation. Potentially impacted water was removed from the excavation and transported to L and L Oil Service in Aberdeen, New Jersey for disposal. A copy of the Hazardous Waste Manifest for the disposal of these liquids has been included within Plate 4. As a result of the above, the NJDEPE Hotline was notified and BUST Case #91-214-1003-15 was assigned.

Petroleum contaminated soil removed from the excavation was stockpiled at the site atop and covered by plastic sheeting, and subsequently loaded into tandem trucks that were then transported to Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania for off-loading onto barges. The barges were transported to the Vernor Material and Equipment Company facility in Clute, Texas, where the soil was recycled into a usable asphalt road base. The facility permit as well as the letter indicating the acceptance of the material for reuse activities are presented on Plates 6A and 6B.

Subsequent to the implementation of corrective action measures, eight soil samples were obtained from the excavation in accordance with the protocol and sampling parameters established in the Closure Plan. The soil samples were obtained from the side walls of the excavation and from the soil remaining at the bottom of the excavation subsequent to the tank removal. In addition, composite soil samples had been previously collected from the visibly stained overburden soil which had originally been used as bedding and backfill material at the time of the UST installation. The locations of the soil samples relative to existing site features are presented on the Soil Sample Location Plan, Plate 7. Subsequent to the collection of soil samples, the excavation was backfilled with an imported fill material obtained from the Millington Quarry of Millington, New Jersey.

The soil samples were collected utilizing a stainless steel hand trowel, which was decontaminated prior to and between sampling events. The soil samples were placed in laboratory prepared sample jars capped with lined lids, and transported to Envirotech Research, Inc. in Edison, New Jersey (NJDEPE Certified Lab Number 12543) for laboratory chemical analysis. The laboratory analysis program consisted of the determination of total petroleum



hydrocarbon (TPH) concentrations utilizing USEPA Method 418.1. The samples were analyzed for potential TPH concentrations on March 3, 1992. Based on the results of the TPH analysis, an additional quantity of soil was excavated at and in the vicinity of the location from which Sample 1 was retrieved. Subsequent to the additional excavation, Sample 1A was collected at a depth of approximately one foot beyond the depth from which Sample 1 had been collected. Sample 1A was analyzed on March 10, 1992 for potential concentrations of base neutral extractable compounds utilizing USEPA Method 8270, and for TPH.

#### LABORATORY ANALYSIS RESULTS

The results of the laboratory chemical analyses performed on the soil samples obtained as a part of this study indicate that the TPH concentrations in Sample Nos. 2 through 7 were observed to either be not detected above analytical instrument detection levels or below the existing Interim NJDEPE Action Level of 100 parts per million for TPH concentrations in soil. Sample Nos. 1 and 1A were observed to contain respective TPH concentrations of 875 ppm and 210 ppm.

Based on the results of TPH analysis for Samples 1 and 1A, and in accordance with the sampling requirements of the approved Closure plan, analysis for base neutral extractable compounds (BN) was performed on Sample No. 1A. The results of this analysis indicated that targeted base neutral compounds were not present at concentrations in excess of analytical instrument detection levels.

The Results of the Laboratory Chemical Analyses, the Chain of Custody documents and the Quality Assurance/Quality Control (QA/QC) Checklist are presented as Appendix A. A Summary of the laboratory analysis results is presented as Table 1.

The completed certifications as required by N.J.A.C. 7:14B-9.5a, the Underground Storage Tank Site Summary Report Form and the Standard Reporting Form are presented as Appendix B.

#### RESULTS OF SITE ASSESSMENT

Based on the information obtained during the course of the tank closure, as well as a review of the laboratory analysis results, we have determined the following:

1. A 7,000 gallon #6 heating oil tank was opened, cleaned, purged, excavated, removed and disposed of in accordance with the requirements of the Approved Closure Plan. The subject tank was not observed to contain significant corrosion, holes or pitting. The associated piping was observed to contain limited areas of corrosion, although no holes nor pitting was



observed.

- 2. Subsequent to the removal of the subject tank and piping, petroleum impacted soils were visually observed within the excavation in the vicinity of the piping, and were consequently addressed, excavated and removed. Additionally, a sheen was observed atop standing rainwater/groundwater located within the excavation. The potentially impacted water was then pumped, containerized and removed. As a result of the above, a discharge was reported to the NJDEPE Hotline, where the incident was assigned BUST Case Number 92-214-1003-15.
- Remedial measures implemented at the site entailed the excavation and removal of impacted soil to a varying depth of up to approximately two and one-half feet below the former UST invert level. The impacted soil was segregated, stockpiled atop and covered with plastic sheeting at the site, and subsequently removed and transported to an out of state reuse/recycling facility.
- 4. In accordance with the Approved Closure Plan, seven soil samples were obtained from the bottom of the excavation and subjected to analysis for total petroleum hydrocarbon concentrations. The results of the analyses indicated that Sample No. 1 contained a TPH concentration of 875 parts per million, whereas Sample Nos. 2 through 7 did not contain TPH concentrations in excess of the NJDEPE Action Levels for #6 heating oil concentrations in soil. Analysis of Sample No. 1A indicated a TPH concentration of 210 ppm. Base neutral extractable compounds analysis of Sample No. 1A revealed that targeted compounds were not detected above analytical instrument detection levels.

#### CONCLUSIONS/RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on a review of the site assessment results presented above, we recommend the following:

1. Based on the results of the soil sampling and subsequent laboratory chemical analysis performed for this study, it appears soil impacted by the presence of total petroleum hydrocarbons in excess of existing Action Levels have been removed from the former tank location with the exception of the soil in the vicinity of Sample No.1. At this location the TPH concentration was observed to decrease with increasing depth below the existing ground surface grade. In addition, the associated base neutral analysis for the sample obtained from this location did not yield detectable concentrations of carcinogenic polyaromatic hydrocarbons. Consequently, the



observed total petroleum hydrocarbon concentrations do not appear to pose a potential risk to groundwater at the subject site.

- 2. As the subject tank and piping did not visually appear to contain any holes and/or significant corrosion, the observed discharge is likely the result of historic overfills and/or spills during the course of the operation.
- 3. The subject UST has been closed in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:14B-9.2 and consequently should be removed from the NJDEPE Registered Underground Storage Tank Listing.

The following plates, tables and appendices are attached and complete this report:

Plate 1 - Site Location Map

Plate 2 - Cross-sectional View of Site

Plate 3 - Town of Morristown Permit

Plates 4A through 4F - Hazardous Waste Manifests

Plate 5 - Certification of Weight

Plates 6A through 6C - Certification of Soil Recycle and

Recycling Facility Permit and Plate 7 - Soil Sample Location Plan

Table 1 - Summary of Laboratory Analysis Results

Appendix A - Laboratory Analytical Results

Appendix B - Certifications, UST Site Summary Report Form and Standard Reporting Form

Please do not hesitate to contact our office if you have any questions regarding the information contained herein.

Respectfully submitted, PMK, Ferris & Perricone, Inc.

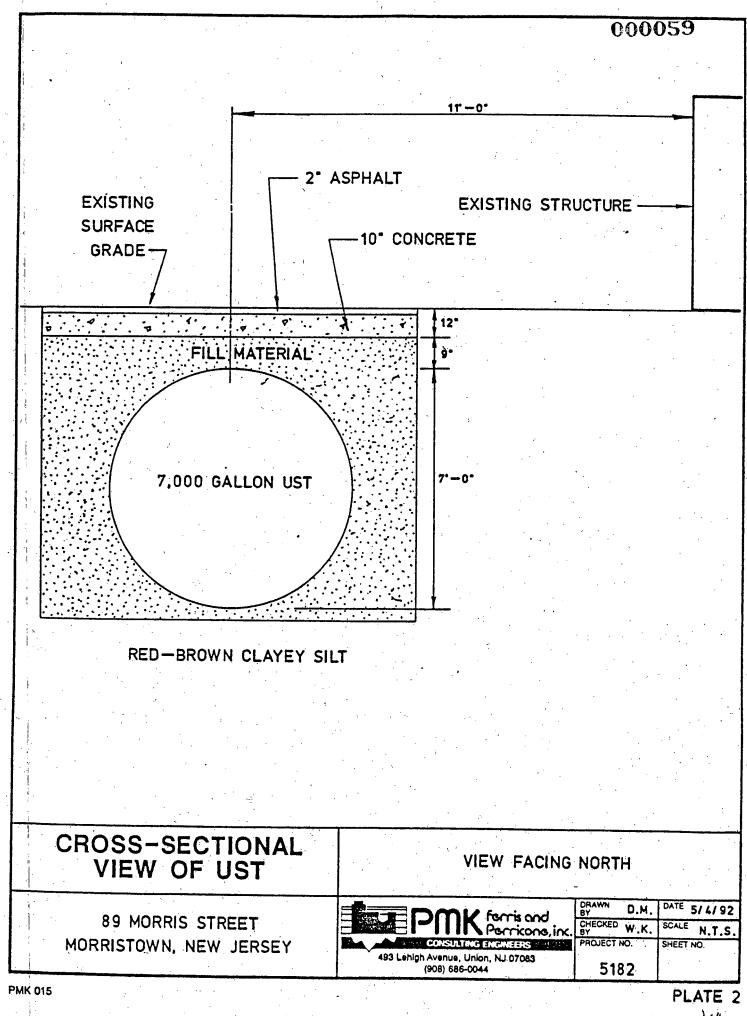
James Sennston, P.E.

Principal

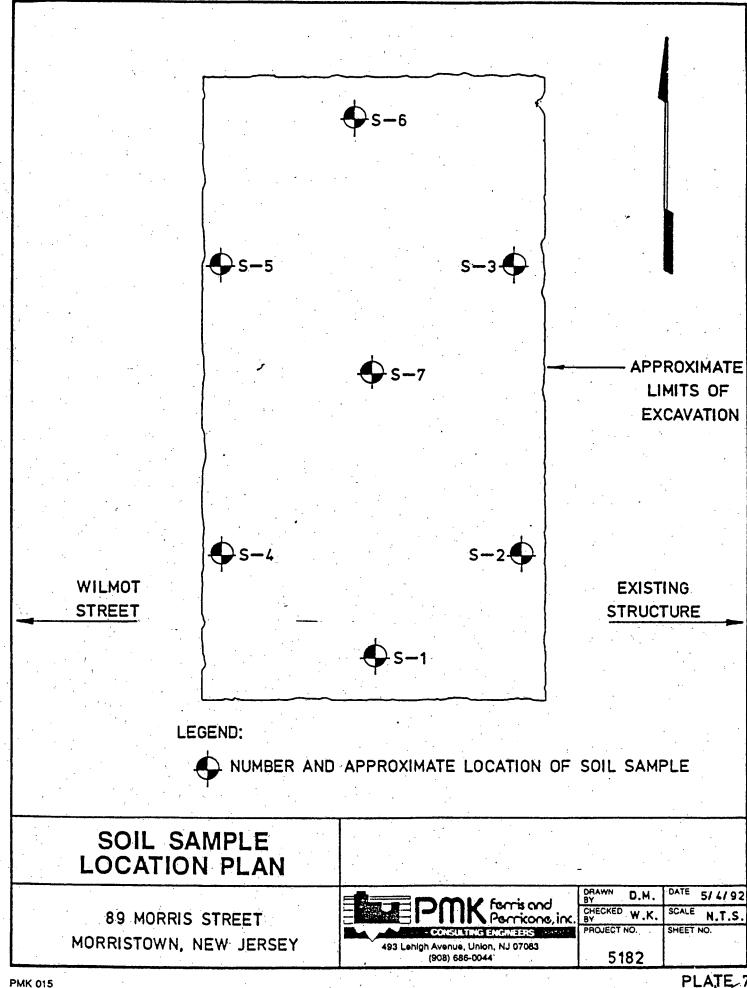
Walter A. Kokola Project Manager

JJ/WK/gm/1571r8

cc: Peter Austin



ATTACHMENT A14



ATTACHMENT ATT



November 23, 1992

PRINCIPALS:
Philip M. Keegan
James Ferris, P.E.
Gerald Perricone, P.E.
James Johnston, P.E.

MANAGING PARTNERS
Terry C. Damon
, Robert M. Gerard

State of New Jersey
Department of Environmental Protection
and Energy
Division of Responsible Party Site Remediation
CN 028
Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0028

Attention: Mr. David S. Rubin

REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION ADDENDUM REPORT
UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK REMOVAL
VIP CLEANERS/FORMER MORRISTOWN TIRE FACILITY
89 MORRIS STREET
MORRISTOWN, NEW JERSEY
UST #0228873
TMS #C91-4319
CASE #92-02-14-1003
PMK GROUP #5182

#### INTRODUCTION

This report presents the results of the supplemental Remedial Investigation activities performed subsequent to the closure and removal of an underground storage tank (UST) system located at 89 Morris Street, Morristown, Morris County, New Jersey. The location of the site is presented on the Site Location Map, Plate 1.

#### **SUMMARY OF PREVIOUS STUDY**

The subject 7,000 gallon underground storage tank, which had historically contained #6 heating oil, was excavated and removed from the subject site on February 13, 1992 by Anco Environmental Contracting, Inc., under the direct observation of representatives of the PMK Group (PMK). Subsequent to removal, seven post-excavation soil samples were collected by PMK. Laboratory chemical analysis performed on these samples indicated that Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH) were detected in one of the samples at a concentration of 875 parts per million (ppm). A subsequent soil sample was collected from this location at a depth of approximately one foot below the previous sample depth, or 10 1/2 feet below the surface grade. Laboratory analysis of this sample revealed TPH at a concentration of 210 parts per million, and no targeted base neutral extractable compounds (BN) were detected at concentrations in excess



gof laboratory analytical instrument detection limits. The remaining soil samples obtained for this study revealed TPH concentrations that were observed to either be not detected above analytical instrument detection levels, or to be below the existing Interim NJDEPE Action Level for #6 heating oil of 100 ppm for TPH concentrations in soil.

Based on visual observations of petroleum impacted soils within the excavation during UST closure/removal operations and the subsequent laboratory test results, remedial measures were implemented at the site. The activities entailed the excavation and removal of approximately 130 tons of potentially impacted soil. The excavation operations extended to a varying depth of approximately two and one-half feet below the former UST invert level, or approximately 11 feet below the surface grade. The impacted soil was subsequently transported to an out of state recycling facility. Imported fill material was subsequently utilized to achieve the desired grade.

#### PURPOSE AND SCOPE OF WORK

Based on the review of the findings contained in the document titled, "Closure Plan Implementation Summary, 89 Morris Street, Morristown, New Jersey" dated May 8, 1992 prepared by the PMK Group, representatives of the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection and Energy (NJDEPE) issued correspondence dated July 22, 1992, requiring that the following additional remedial activities be performed at the site:

- 1. Install a groundwater monitoring well in the vicinity of the removed UST, collect representative groundwater samples from the installed well, and submit the samples for laboratory analysis.
- 2. Conduct a groundwater supply well search within the vicinity of the removed UST to determine the proximity of the same to the potential receptors that may be affected by the potential introduction of contaminants discharged to the groundwater.

The following report sections detail the remedial investigation activities performed by the PMK Group on behalf of Peter Austin, in accordance with the directives of the Department as set forth in the document dated July 22, 1992.



#### REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION

#### Monitoring Well Installation

On September 8, 1992, representatives of Summit Drilling Company of Bridgewater, New Jersey (New Jersey well driller license M1212) installed a 2" diameter PVC groundwater monitoring well at the subject site in accordance with the NJDEPE specifications for monitoring well installations in unconsolidated geologic formations. The well was installed to a depth of approximately 22 feet below the existing surface grade in the vicinity of the former UST location. The well was screened across the estimated groundwater level using 0.020" slot PVC screen material, and completed at the ground surface with a flushmount well cover. Subsequent to the installation operations, the well was developed utilizing a centrifugal pump until a clear, sediment-free discharge of groundwater was observed. The development water was collected and containerized.

The groundwater monitoring well installation operations were performed under the direct technical supervision of a representative from PMK Group. Our representative located the well in the field, maintained a continuous log as the exploration was advanced, and supervised the soil sampling procedures in order to develop the required subsurface information. Representative soil samples suitable for identification purposes were collected at closely spaced intervals in accordance with the procedures of the Standard Penetration Test.

Details regarding the subsurface conditions encountered during the well installation operations are presented on the Log of Boring, Plate 2A. The soils have been visually classified in accordance with the Unified Soil Classification System, presented on Plate 2B. Details regarding the construction of the well are presented on the Well Construction Log, Plate 2C. A copy of the NJDEPE Monitoring Well Record as completed by the driller is presented on Plate 2D. The Monitoring Well Construction Certification (Form A) is presented as Plate 2E.

The location of the monitoring well was subsequently certified by a New Jersey licensed land surveyor (N.J.L.S. License No. 26791). The groundwater Monitoring Well Location Certification (Form B) and the copies of the Monitoring Well Location Plot Plan are presented as Plates 3A and 3B.

#### Groundwater Sampling

On September 24, 1992, over two weeks subsequent to the time of the well installation and development, a representative of the PMK Group was present at the site to obtain groundwater samples from the subject well.



Prior to sampling, our representative performed a measurement of the depth to groundwater within the well casing. No evidence of free product or product odors were detected within the well at that time. A centrifugal pump was then utilized to evacuate approximately three times the volume of water that had been measured to be standing within the well casing. The groundwater samples were then obtained utilizing a laboratory decontaminated teflon bailer in accordance with the groundwater sampling procedures and protocol as detailed in the NJDEPE Field Sampling Procedures Manual. Field and trip blanks were implemented to verify the integrity of the decontamination procedures, and to assess any potential contamination encountered during the transport of the sample containers and samples from and to the analytical laboratory. Standard Chain of Custody procedures were implemented to track the samples. The groundwater samples were placed in laboratory prepared glass sample jars, sealed with teflonlined lids, placed in a chilled cooler, and transmitted to Envirotech Research Laboratories in Edison, New Jersey (NJDEPE Certified Lab Number 12543), where they were subsequently subjected to analysis for the potential presence of base neutral compounds plus the identification of 15 non-targeted compounds (EPA method 625+15) and volatile organic compounds plus the identification of 15 non-targeted compounds (EPA method 624+15).

#### Laboratory Analysis Results

The results of the laboratory chemical analyses performed on the groundwater samples collected on September 24, 1992 from the monitoring well at the subject site indicate that trichloroethene, tetrachloroethene and trans-1,2-dichloroethene were present in the groundwater sample at respective concentrations of 58 parts per billion (ppb), 510 ppb and 69 ppb. The concentrations of trichloroethene and tetrachloroethene were observed to be in excess of the proposed NJDEPE cleanup standards for Class II A groundwater. In addition, tentatively identified compounds were present in the collected groundwater sample. In the analysis for base neutral compounds, tetrachloroethene was identified to be present in a concentration of 99 ppb. Three additional, unidentified base neutral compounds were detected in concentrations ranging from 6 to 10 ppb.

No additional targeted or non-targeted volatile organic or base neutral compounds were observed to be present at concentrations above the laboratory analytical instrument detection limits. In addition, neither volatile organic compounds nor base neutral compounds were detected in the field or trip blank. A summary of the laboratory analysis results for the collected groundwater sample is presented on Table 1.

The results of the laboratory analysis and the chain of custody documents are presented in Appendix A.



#### NJDEPE Well Search

A search of NJDEPE permitted groundwater supply well records was performed to determine the potential presence of permitted residential wells within a one-half mile radius, and permitted industrial wells within a one mile radius of the subject site.

Based on the information provided in the well records obtained from the NJDEPE Bureau of Water Allocation, the following observations were noted:

- 1. Three permitted domestic groundwater supply wells are located within a radial distance of one-half mile from the subject site.
- 2. Seven permitted industrial and/or commercial groundwater supply wells are located within a radial distance of one mile from the subject site.
- 3. A Morristown Water Company municipal water supply well is located approximately one mile southeast of the subject site.

The well locations are presented on the Well Radius Map, Plate 4A. A listing of the wells, including their nature and location, is presented as the Summary of Groundwater Supply Wells, Plate 4B. The well registration forms as provided by the NJDEPE Bureau of Water Allocation are presented as Appendix B.

To supplement the well search, representatives of the Town of Morristown were contacted to determine the potential presence of known additional, non-permitted groundwater supply wells that may be located in the vicinity of the subject site. According to Kevin Cray of the Morristown Health Department, a well that is utilized for a backup water supply at Morristown Memorial Hospital is the only known groundwater supply well in the Town, according to Department records. Other facilities in Morristown supplied by the municipal water system.

The present property owner identified a potential groundwater supply well that was utilized in an historic commercial laundry that had been located at the subject site. According to Peter Austin, the site owner, the referenced well had not been utilized for over ten years. However, the well has not been formally closed and sealed. This well was not observed to be included in the listing of permitted wells as supplied by the NJDEPE. No other evidence indicative of the existence of groundwater supply wells in the vicinity of the subject site was observed by our representative.



Additionally, a review of the United States Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Series Morristown Quadrangle Topography Map was performed to evaluate the potential presence of surface water bodies and water courses in the vicinity of the subject site. Based on this review, it appears that a portion of the Whippany River is located approximately one-quarter to one-half miles north of the subject site. This watercourse is fed by Lake Pocahontas, which is located between onehalf and one mile north of the subject site. No other surface water bodies were observed to be located within an approximate radial distance of one-half mile from the subject site.

#### SUPPLEMENTAL REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION RESULTS

Based on the information obtained during the groundwater monitoring well installation and sampling operations performed at the subject site and a review of the results of the laboratory analysis performed on the groundwater samples collected from the subject well, as well as the review of the provided NIDEPE well search records, we have determined the following:

- A groundwater monitoring well was installed at the subject site on September 8, 1992 by 1. a New Jersey licensed well driller. The subject well was installed in the vicinity of the historic UST that had been previously excavated and removed.
- Representative groundwater samples obtained from the subject well on September 24, 2. 1992 were analyzed by a NJDEPE certified laboratory. The results of the sample analyses for base neutral and volatile organic compounds indicated that trichloroethene, tetrachloroethene, and trans-1,2-dichloroethene were detected to be present in concentrations ranging from 58 to 510 parts per billion. The trichloroethene and tetrachloroethene concentrations were observed to be in excess of proposed groundwater cleanup standards.
- A search of records of permitted groundwater supply wells that had been installed in the 3. vicinity of the subject site, as provided by the NJDEPE Bureau of Water Allocation, indicated that three domestic groundwater supply wells are located within one-half mile and seven industrial/commercial groundwater supply wells are located within one mile of the subject site, and one municipal water supply well is located approximately one mile southeast of the subject site. Additionally, a groundwater supply well that was once utilized in an historic commercial laundry was observed at the subject site. One surface watercourse was observed to be located within one-half mile of the subject site.



#### **CONCLUSIONS/RECOMMENDATIONS**

Based on the findings listed above, we present the following conclusions:

- 1. Upon review of the nature and relative concentrations of the contaminants detected within the groundwater samples collected at the subject site, it does not appear that the discharges from the subject underground storage tank formerly located at the subject site has impacted the groundwater at the subject site. Consequently, the underground storage tank case should be closed.
- Based on the nature and concentrations of the contaminants detected to be present within 2. the groundwater sample collected from the monitoring well installed at the subject site, the contaminants are likely related to existing or historical dry cleaning operations at the site. In addition, there exists the potential that the same is the result of an off-site source.

The conclusions presented above indicate that the discharge from the subject UST has not impacted the groundwater at the subject site. Consequently, we recommend that no further remedial activity relative to the UST closure is necessary at the subject site.

Please do not hesitate to contact our office should you have any questions regarding the information presented in this report.

The following attachments are enclosed and complete this report:

Plate 1 - Site Location Map

Plate 2A - Log of Boring

Plate 2B - Unified Soil Classification System

Plate 2C - Well Construction Log

Plate 2D - NJDEPE Monitoring Well Record

Plate 2E - Monitoring Well Construction Certification

Plate 3A - Groundwater Monitoring Well Location Certification

Plate 3B - Monitoring Well Location Plot Plan

Plate 4A - Well Radius Map

Plate 4B - Summary of Groundwater Supply Wells



Table 1 - Summary of Laboratory Analysis Results

Appendix A - Laboratory Analysis Results
Appendix B - NJDEPE Well Registration Forms

Respectfully submitted, PMK Group

James Johnston, P.E.

Vice President

Walter A. Kokola Project Geologist

JJ/WK/kh/2086r8

ATTACHMENT B

#### . SUMMARY OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS RESULTS

Facility Name, Address: Former Morristown Tire Facility

89 Morris Street

Morristown, New Jersey 07960

Facility Owner, Address: P. Austin and W. Austin

Post Office Box 29

Morris Plains, New Jersey 07950

UST Registration Number: UST-0228873

UST Closure Approval: C-91-4319

BUST Discharge Case: 91-214-1003-15

63783 63784 63785 63786 63787 63788 63789 63897 Laboratory and . S5 **S6** S3 **S4** , S1 S2 Field Sample IDs: NW Pit South NE SW North South SE

Sample South SE NE SW NW North Pit South Locations: Wall Wall Wall Wall Wall Bottom Wall

Depth of sample: 9.5 9.5 9.5 9.5 9.5 10.5 10.5 (below ground surface, in feet)

Matrix
Analyzed: Soil Soil Soil Soil Soil Soil Soil

Parameters TPH TPH TPH TPH TPH TPH TPH/ Analyzed: BN+15

Results (concentrations in PPM): 875 ND ND ND 74 ND ND 210/ND

Test Methods Used: EPA Method 418.1 (Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons), EPA Method 8270 (Base Neutral Extractable Organics

Dates that Samples Were Collected: February 20, 1992 (all except 1A) February 21, 1992 (Sample 1A)

Dates that Samples Were February 20, 1992 (all except 1A)
Transmitted to Laboratory: February 21, 1992 (Sample 1A)

Name, Address of Laboratory Envirotech Research, Inc. 777 New Durham Road Edison, New Jersey 08817

NJDEPE Laboratory Certification Number: 12543

Date of Laboratory Report: March 3, 1992/March 10, 1992

Person Completing Laboratory Report: Michael J. Urban, Manager

TPH: Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons PPM: Parts per Million BN+15: Base Neutral Extractable Compounds

PMK Ferris & Perricone, Inc. 493 Lehigh Avenue

Union, NJ 07083

Attention: Mr. Walter Kokola

Report Date: 3/3/92

Job No.: B066 - Peter Austin

N.J. Certified Lab No. 12543

QA Batch 2283

#### PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS

Envirotech Sample #	Client ID	Petroleum Hydro Client ID % Solid mg/kg (Dry Wt		
63783	<b>S1</b>	81.7	875	
63784	, S2	83.3	ND	
63785	<b>S3</b>	82.4	ND	•
63786	<b>S4</b>	84.9	ND	
63787	<b>S</b> 5	82.2	74	
63788	<b>S</b> 6	83.3	ND	
63789	<b>s7</b>	84.1	ND	
63790	Soil Pile	91.1	36700	·

Detection Limit for Petroleum Hydrocarbons is 25 mg/kg.

777 New Durham Road Edison, New Jersey 08817 Tel: (908) 549-3900 Fax: (908) 549-3679

March 3, 1992

PMK Ferris & Perricone, Inc. 493 Lehigh Avenue Union, NJ 07083

Attention: Mr. Walter Kokola

Re: Job No. B066 - Peter Austin

Dear Mr. Kokola:

Enclosed are the results you requested for the following samples taken 12/20/92:

Lab No.	<u>Client ID</u>	Analysis Requested
63783	S1, 9 1/2	PHC
63784	S2, 9 1/2	PHC
63785	S3, 9 1/2	PHC
63786	S4, 9 1/2	PHC
63787	S5, 9 1/2	PHC
63788	S6, 9 1/2	PHC
63789	S7, 10 1/2	PHC
63790	Soil Pile	PHC

An invoice for our services is also enclosed. Please call me at 549-3900 if you have any questions.

Very truly yours,

Michael J. Urban Laboratory Manager

#### ENVIROTECH RESEARCH, INC.

777 New Durham Road Edison, New Jersey 08817 Tel: (908) 549-3900 Fax: (908) 549-3679

March 10, 1992

PMK Ferris & Perricone, Inc. 493 Lehigh Avenue Union, NJ 07083

Attention: Mr. Walter Kokola

Re: Job No. B084 - Peter Austin

Dear Mr. Kokola:

Enclosed are the results you requested for the following sample taken 2/21/92:

Lab No.

Client ID

Analysis Requested

63897

SIA

BN +15 & PHC

An invoice for our services is also enclosed. Please call me at 549-3900 if you have any questions.

Very truly yours,

Michael J. Urban Laboratory Manager

#### ENVIROTECH RESEARCH, INC.

PMK Ferris & Perricone, Inc. 493 Lehigh Avenue Union, NJ 07083 Attention: Mr. Walter Kokola Report Date: 3/10/92 Job No.: B084 - Peter Austin N.J. Certified Lab No. 12543 QA Batch 1774

#### BASE/NEUTRAL EXTRACTABLES (con't)

<u>Parameter</u>	Lab No. 63897 Client ID: S1A 80.9% Solid Units: ug/kg (Dry Weight)	Detection Limit <u>Units: ug/kg</u>
4-Bromophenyl phenyl eth	ner ND	330
Phenanthrene	ND	330
Anthracene .	ND	330
Dibutyl phthalate	ND	330
Fluoranthene	, ND	330
Pyrene	ND	330
Benzidine	. ND	670
Butyl benzyl phthalate	ND	330
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthal	late ND	330
Chrysene	ND	330
Benzo(a) anthracene	ND	330
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	ND	670
Di-n-octyl phthalate	ND	330
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	ND	<del>-3</del> 30
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	ND	330
Benzo(a)pyrene	ND	330
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene		330
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	ND	330
Benzo(ghi)perylene	ИD	330
N-Nitrosodimethylamine	ND	330



#### W.A.T.E.R. WORKS LABORATORY INC.

364 Glenwood Ave., East Orange, NJ 07017. FAX (201) 678-6779 (201) 678-3787 LABORATORY ANALYSIS REPORT

DATE CLIENT: FEBRUARY 17, 1992 ANCO ENVIRONMENTAL

SAMPLE COLLECTED: SAMPLE RECEIVED:

2/13/92 2/13/92

GENERATOR :

TOLUENE

**XYLENES** 

PETE AUSTIN

88 MORRIS AVE

	CLIENT ID # : SAMPLE NUMBER	MORRISTOWN,	СИ	PETE AUSTIN 25116	EXTRACTION METHOD #	ANALYSIS METHOD #
	TCLP METALS	MDL	•		m, M	7060
	ARSENIC	0.01		ND		7081
,	BARIUM	0.01		0.32		7130
	CADMIUM	0.01		ND		7190
	CHROMIUM	0.03		0.12	•	7421
	LEAD	0.03		ND		7471
	MERCURY	0.001		ND		7740
	SELENIUM	0.01		ND		7760
	SILVER	0.01		ND		9045
	pH, Corrosivity			7.47		
	TPH	200		9350		418.1*
	% SOLIDS			88.3		1010
	FLASHPOINT		,	> 140 F	•	1010
•	REACTIVE CYANIDE	1.0		ND		5W826
	REACTIVE SULFIDE	1.6		ND		SW826 8080
	PCB-1016	0.02		ND	3550	
	PCB-1221	0.02		ND	3550	0808
	PCB-1232	0.02		ND	3550	8080
	PCB-1242	0.02		ND	3550	0808
	PCB-1248	0.02		ИД	3550	8080
	PCB-1254	0.02		ND	3550	8080
	PCB-1260	0.02		ИD	3550	8080
	BENZENE	0.03		ND	5030	8240
	ETHYLBENZENE	0.03		0.12	5030	8240
	CITIIDDUALLIA			0.04	5030	8240

STEPHEN KROEMER LABORATORY MANAGER

0.04

All Results Reported As ppm MDL = Method Detection Limit ND = Not Detected Above MDI. \* = EPA-600/4-79-020 March 1979 MARCH 1990 40 CFR 261 Pg 11865

0.03

0.03

8240

5030

5030

PMK Ferris & Perricone, Inc.

493 Lehigh Avenue

Union, NJ 07083 Attention: Mr. Walter Kokola Report Date: 3/3/92

Job No.: B066 - Peter Austin N.J. Certified Lab No. 12543

QA Batch 2281

#### PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS

Envirotech Sample #	Client ID	% Solid	Petroleum Hydrocarbons mg/kg (Dry Wt.)
63790	Soil Pile (reanalysis)	91.1	36900

Detection Limit for Petroleum Hydrocarbons is 25 mg/kg.

#### ENVIROTECH RESEARCH, INC.

PMK Ferris & Perricone, Inc. 493 Lehigh Avenue

Union, NJ 07083 Attention: Mr. Walter Kokola

Report Date: 10/19/92

Job No.: C518

N.J. Certified Lab No. 12543

QA Batch 2745A

#### VOLATILE ORGANICS

<u>Parameter</u>	Lab No. 73838 Client ID: MW 1 Quantitation Lin Units: ug/l Units: ug/l		
Benzene	ND	50	
Bromodichloromethane	ND	50	
Bromoform	ND	50	
Bromomethane	ND	100	
Carbon tetrachloride	ND	50	
Chlorobenzene	ND	50	
Chloroethane	ND	100	
2-Chloroethylvinyl ether	ND	100	
Chloroform	ND	50	
Chloromethane	ND	100	
Dibromochloromethane	ND	50	
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	50	
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	50	
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	50	
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	69	50	
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	50	
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	50	
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		50	
Ethyl benzene	ND	50	
Methylene chloride	ND	50	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		50	
Tetrachloroethene	510	50	
Toluene	ND	50	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	50	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	50	
Trichloroethene	58	50	
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	50	
Vinyl chloride	ND	100	
Xylenes (Total)	ND	50	

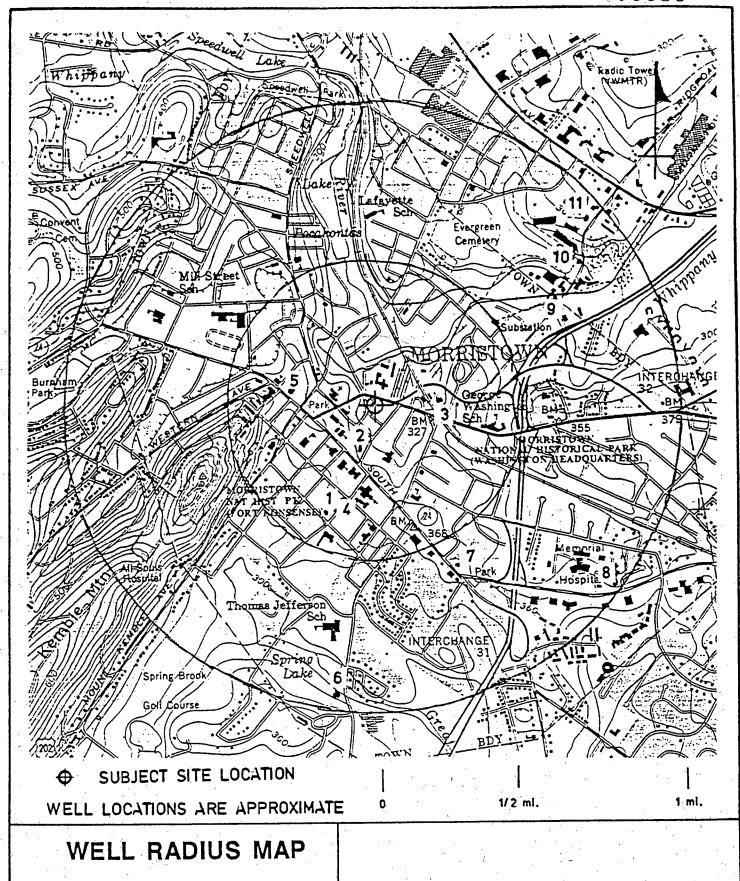


#### TABLE 1

# SUMMARY OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS RESULTS 89 MORRIS STREET MORRISTOWN, NEW JERSEY PMK GROUP #5182

Sample Location	Sample Date	Medium Sampled	Detected Parameters	Detected Concentration (ppb)
Groundwater	9/24/92	Groundwater	Volatile	
monitoring			Organic	
well #MW-1			Compounds:	
			Trichloroethene	58
			Tetrachloroethene	510
			Trans-1,2-dichloroethene	69
			Base neutral analysis:	
			Tentatively	
. •			Identified	
			Compounds	
		*	Tetrachloroethene	94
			Unknown base neutral	
		•	compound	10
			Unknown base neutral	
		•	compound	8
		· ·	Unknown base neutral	
			compound	6

ATTACHMENT C



89 MORRIS STREET
MORRISTOWN, NEW JERSEY



DRAWN W.K.	DATE 11/ 23/ 92
CHECKED W.K.	AS SHOWN
PROJECT NO.	SHEET NO
5182	

# ATTACHMENT (2

#### SUMMARY OF GROUNDWATER SUPPLY WELLS 89 MORRIS STREET MORRISTOWN, NEW JERSEY PMK GROUP # 5182

WELL NO.	OWNER, LOCATION	N. J. ATLAS COORDINATES	PERMIT NO.	WELL UTILIZATION	WELL DEPTH	PUMPING DEPTH	YEAR INSTALLED
1	MAC COLLOUGH HALL 45 MAC COLLOUGH AVENUE	25–13–397	25-13043	DOMESTIC	150	74	1965
2	GEORGE GALLINI BLOCK 1059, LOT 30.2	25-13-697	25-25876	DOMESTIC	320	250	1985
3	POWERS MOTOR COMPANY 44 RIDGEDALE AVENUE	25-13-635	25-32177	IRRIGATION	298	80	1988
4	MAC COLLOUGH HALL 45 MAC COLLOUGH AVENUE	25-13-629	25-13043	DOMESTIC	155	74	1965
<b>2</b> 15 €	BENEFICIAL MANAGEMENT 200 SOUTH STREET	25-13-617	25-15508	COOLING	500	273	1971
6	TOWN OF MORRISTOWN WELL NO. 5-LIDGERWOOD	25-13-664	25-14520	MUNICIPALITY	265	150	1967
7	BENEFICIAL PROPERTIES 15 WASHINGTON STREET	25-13-663	25-3936	COOLING	500	150	1955
8	MORRISTOWN WATER CO. JOHNSON DRIVE AT TURTLE P	25-14-142 ROAD	25-13439	MUNICIPAL	496	191	1966
<b>9</b>	TECH ART PLASTICS CO. 111 RIDGEDALE ROAD	25-14-177	25-8717	INDUSTRIAL	163	150	1961
10	B. W. B. CORPORATION 16 RIDGEDALE AVENUE	25-14-177	25-15756	CAR WASH	350	275	1972
11	T. LANDI AND SON RIDGEDALE AVENUE	25-14-178	25-3701	WASHING GRAVEL	48	48	1955
•	NOTES: ALL LOCATIONS ARE IN MORE	RISTOWN/MORRIS	TOWNSHIP NE	EW JERSEY			:
	INDICATED WELL UTILIZATION INDICATED DEPTHS ARE IN FE	IS AT THE TIME (	OF INSTALLATION	ON			PLATE 4



FORM 87

# DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT DIVISION OF WATER POLICY & SUPPLY

Permit No. <u>25./20/3</u>
Application No.
County MORRIS

١.	OWNER Mac Collough Hall Miseum ADDRESS 45 Mac Collough Ave, Morriston, N.
	Owner's Well No. 2587 SURFACE ELEVATION (Above mean see level)
·	LOCATION Same as above MURRIS TWP
	DATE COMPLETED 7/15/65 DRILLER D.F. Well Drilling Co. Metcong, N.J.
•	DIAMETER: topInches BottomInches TOTAL DEPTH Feet
•	CASING: Type Solid steel Diameter Inches Length 150 Feet
•	SCREEN: Type Size of Diameter Inches Length Feet
	Range in Depth { TopFeet   Geologic Formation
	Tail piece: Diameterinches LengthFeet
,	WELL FLOWS NATURALLY Gallons per Minute at Feet above surface
	Water rises toFeet above surface
•	RECORD OF TEST: Date 2/8/65x 7/16/65 Yield 24+ Gallons per minute
	Static water level before pumpingFeet below surface
	Pumping levelfeet below surface afterhours pumping
	Drawdown O Feet Specific Capacity Gals. per min. per ft. of drawdown
	How Pumped How measured
	Observed effect on nearby wells
•	PERMANENT PUMPING EQUIPMENT:
	Type Hfrs. Name
	Capacity G.P.M. How Driven H.P R.P.M
	Depth of Pump in wellFeet Depth of Footpiece in wellFeet
	Depth of Air Line in wellFeet Type of Meter on Pump Sizeinches
٥.	USED FOR Domestic AMOUNT AMOUNT AMOUNT AMOUNT Gallons Daily
١.	QUALITY OF WATER Sample: Yes No
	TasteOdorColorTempOF
2.	(Give details on back of sheet or on separate sheet. If electric log was made, please furnish copy)
3.	SOURCE OF DATA
¥.	DATA OBTAINED BY Donald J. McBride Date 7/31/65

Form DWR- 138

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

PERSONNELL OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION PERMIT NO

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
DIVISION OF WATER RESOURCES

PERMIT NO.	<u>252587</u> 6
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APPLICATION	NC	).			_
		M.	222	ie	

COUNTY

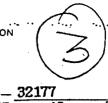
#### WELL RECORD

1	OWNER GALLINI, GEORGE ADDRESS 510 MILLBURN AVE.
í	Owner's Well No SURFACE ELEVATIONFeet
	Lot: 30.2 Block: 1059 municipality: Mollis Twp.
2.	DATE COMPLETED March 15, 1985 DRILLER Somerville Well Drilling Co.
3.	DIAMETER: Top 10 inches Bottom 6" inches TOTAL DEPTH 320' Feet
4.	CASING: Type Drive Diameter 6" Inches Length 190' Feet
5.	SCREEN: Type Size of Opening Diameter Inches LengthFeet
61	
	Range in Depth
	Tail Piece: DiameterInches LengthFeet
7.	WELL FLOWS NATURALLY Gallons per minute at Feet above surface
	Water rises to Feet above surface
8.	RECORD OF TEST: Date March 15, 1985 Yield 20 Gallons per minute
.	Static water level before pumping Feet below surface
	Pumping level 250! feet below surface after 8 hours pumping
	Drawdown 185' Feet Specific Capacity 2 Gals, per min. per ft. of drawdown
;	How pumped Air How measured Weir
	Observed effect on nearby wells none
9.	PERMANENT PUMPING EQUIPMENT:
. 1	Type Mfrs, Name
	Capacity G.P.M. How Driven H.P R.P.M
	Depth of Pump in well Feet Depth of Footpiece in well Feet
1	Depth of Air Line in well Feet Type of Meter on Pump SizeInches
10.	USED FOR Domestic AMOUNT AMOUNT AMOUNT AMOUNT Gallons Daily
	X
11.	none clear - or
	raste Out Color Verify
12.	LOG 0-190 overburden 190-320 Are samples available?
13.	SOURCE OF DATA Somerville Well Drilling Co., Inc.
14	March 15, 1985
- 1	

(NOTE: Use other side of this sheet for additional information such as log of materials penetrated, analysis of the water, sketch map, sketch of special casing arrangements, etc.)

Form DWR-138 11/85

### NEW JERSEY DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION DIVISION OF WATER RESOURCES



PAGE 1 OF 2

<b>.</b>			Well Permit No	<u> 25 – 3217</u>	77	[1
, .			Atlas Sheet Coordin		13 . 635	
1		• .		•	,	
OWNER IDENTIFICAT	TION - Owner POWERS MOTO	R COMPANY				
Address	44 RIDGEDAL	R_AVR	·		- 53	
City	MORRISTOWN		StateNJ		Zip Code <u>0796</u>	<u>o</u>
-				- ex-	·	
WELL LOCATION - If	not the same owner please give add	dress. Owner's Well	No	<del></del>	•	
Address 44	Ridgedals Ave.	<del> </del>			····	<del></del>
County	Municipality	- HORRISTOWN	POWN Lo	ot No11_17_	Block No190	1
<u> </u>		11 - 211			. **	
WELL USE	Photrawal - For Wa	KI SUPPLY	_ Statuss	Hand Dy	<del></del>	<del> </del>
4	· // // // // // // // // // // // // //	•				
WATER USE	-Frigation	_ Average	gals. daily	Maxim	um	gals, daily
•		9 9	.20			•
WELL CONSTRUCTIO	N Date well comple		_1 <u>88_</u>	*		
BOREHOLE DIMENSI			Finished	. π.	***	<u>.</u>
•	Diameter: Top		Bottom	- In.	shil Map	2
Land Surface Elevation		Elevation wa	s determined using	_ zopegeaf	me colube d	×
Casing Height (stick-up)	above land surface	<b>ft.</b> .		*	,	
	DEPTH TO TOP	ENGTH DIA	METER	TYPE	AND MATERIAL	
•		(FT.)	(IN.)	Screen	s: Note Slot Size(s)	
		190	6-	1250	Wall Ste	1
Casing 1			<del>-</del>	700	Well State	·/
Casing 2	•	<del></del>				<del></del>
Casing 3		<del></del> , <del></del>	<del></del> -		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Screen 1	. <del></del> <del></del>	<del></del>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Screen 2			<del></del>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
- Tail Piece						
Gravel Pack			<del></del>			.,
Grout		dr.11	1 + 0 rive			
Grouting Method	<u> </u>	<u>CALI</u>	<u> </u>			
WELL FLOWS NATUR	RALLY gals. per	min ne	_ ft. above the land surf	iare		
Water rises to	ft. above the land surface.		11. 00010 the land 301.			
AASTRI LIZEZ TO	It. above the land surface.	•	. •			
RECORD OF TEST	Test Date	9,9,8	8		•	
Static water-level befor		<del></del>	ater level	ft. below land	surface after hrs.	of pumping.
Water level was measure			rawdown	ft.		
Discharge rate measure		, +=d n		🛖 gals. per min		
Well was pumped using		Si	pecific Capacity			'n
Dbserved effects on ne						
Water Quality (taste, or						
Mater manth (19216, 0)	dor, color, etc./					
DEDMANEUT DUMON	NO COMPLETE	lled by Not	Enstalling	Pump Type		
PERMANENT PUMPIN	IG EUUIPMEN I INSTAI	1160 DA	Model _	101115 1 1 1 1 1		
Mfrs, Name		DCI acid		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•
CAPACITY: Pump de		PSI pres			• •	
POWER:		RPM Power Sou	and the second s		<del></del>	
DEPTHS: Pump			t. Airline	ft.	_	
FLOW METER: Mode			nstalled on	in. diameter pip	5.	4
	` <b>J</b>	DAN BALLENTINE		÷ .	<del>-</del>	
	e of Drilling Contractor	O-1 m.c.	, 0 1			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	10, 530x 178, I	Cort Milla	1	Zir Zir	Code 0.7865-	0178
City	-t Muscay		State		LOUB WILLEY	<u> </u>
Name of Driller	Kelist I Hagai	7		License No.		
		0 000	//		No.	
<b>4</b>		$T \leq T \leq$	7	. 9	,26,89	7
Signature of Contracto	ir	1 Joseph		Date	_//	7
•	CODIES: White DE	Conery - Priller	Pink - Owner	Goldenrod - H	ealth Dept. ATTA	へしょっことに

25-13-629

000085

FORM 8

## DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT DIVISION OF WATER POLICY & SUPPLY

Permit No	95.	13,0	343	
Application				
County				

OWNER WERENEX Mac Collough Hall Museum	ADDRESS 45 Mac Colleugh Ave, Morristown, N.
Owner's Well No. 2537	SURFACE ELEVATION Feet
LOCATION Same as above	
DATE COMPLETED 7/15/65 DRII	LLER D.F. Well Drilling Co., Netcong, N.J.
DIAMETER: topInches Bottom	LLER D.F. Well Drilling Co., Netcong, N.J. Inches TOTAL DEPTH 155 Feet
CASING: Type Solid steel	DiameterInches LengthFeet
	DiameterInches LengthFeet
Range in Depth         Top Feet           Bottom Feet	Geologic Formation
Tail piece: DiameterInches	LengthFeet
WELL FLOWS NATURALLY Gailons per I	Minute atFeet above surface
Water rises toFeet	
RECORD OF TEST: Date 2/8/65x 7/16/65	YieldGallons per minute
Static water level before pumping74	Feet below surface
Pumping level 74 feet below s	urface afterhours pumping
	apacityGals. per min. per ft. of drawdown
Observed effect on nearby wells	How measured
PERMANENT PUMPING EQUIPMENT:	
Туре Н fr	s. Name
	ven H.P R.P.M
	pth of Footpiece in wellFeet
	pe of Meter on Pump SizeInches
. USED FOR Domestic	AMOUNT { AverageGallons Daily   Gallons Daily
QUALLTY OF WATER	
• QUALITY OF WATER	Sample: Yes No
Taste Odor	ColorOF
(Give details on back of sheet or on sep furnish copy)	Are samples available?
. SOURCE OF DATA	
DATA OBTAINED BY Donald J. McBride	7/31/65
. NAIN ADIMINER DI	Date

FORM 87

DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION
AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
DIVISION OF WATER POLICY & SUPPLY

25-/3-6/7

Permit No. 25-15505

Application No. A25-77

County

4	OWNER Beneficial Management ADDRESS 200 South St. Morristown, N. J.
	Owner's Well No. #2 SURFACE ELEVATION 360 Feet
2.	LOCATION So Street. Morristown, New Jersey
3.	DATE COMPLETED May 1971 DRILLER Burrows Well Drilling Co., Inc.
	DIAMETER: top 8 Inches Bottom 8 Inches TOTAL DEPTH 500 Feet
5.	CASING: Type 209 Diameter 8 Inches Length 209 Feet
6.	SCREEN: Type None Size of Diameter Inches Length Feet
	Range in Depth { Top Feet Geologic Formation Feet
	Tail piece: DiameterInches LengthFeet
7.	WELL FLOWS NATURALLY NO Gallons per Minute at Feet above surface
•	Water rises toFeet above surface
8.	RECORD OF TEST: Date 7-16-70 Yield 133 Gallons per minute
	Static water level before pumping 138 Feet below surface
	Pumping level 273 feet below surface after 24 hours pumping
•	Drawdown 135 Feet Specific Capacity Gals. per min. per ft. of drawdown
·	How Pumped How measuredOrifice
	Observed effect on nearby wells Drew Well #1 Down 6 Ft.
9.	PERMANENT PUMPING EQUIPMENT:
	Type Submersible Mfrs. Name Jacuzzi
	Capacity 125 G.P.M. How Driven Electric Motor 20 R.P.M. 3600
	Depth of Pump in well 300 Feet Depth of Footpiece in well 300 Feet
	Depth of Air Line in well 300 Feet Type of Meter on PumpSizeInches
10.	USED FOR Gallons Daily AMOUNT {  Amount {  Average Gallons Daily    Maximum Gallons Daily    Maximum Gallons Daily
! ! .	QUALITY OF WATER Sample: Yes No
	TasteOdorColorTempOF
12.	LOG Are samples available? NO (Give details on back of sheet or on separate sheet. If electric log was made, viense
12.	
13.	(Give details on back of sheet or on separate sheet. If electric log was made, wlease furnish copy)

6

FORM 87

## DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION ....AND..ECONOMIC.DEVELOPMENT DIVISION OF WATER POLICY & SUPPLY

ermit No			
pplication	N o	25-14	520
County			

	1.	OWNER Town of Morristown ADDRESS Morristown, N. J.
	1	Owner's Well No. Well #5-Lidgerwood SURFACE ELEVATION (Above seen see level)
	2.	LOCATION Lidgerwood-Township of Morristown
	3.	DATE COMPLETED 11-10-67 DRILLER Burrows Well Drilling Co., Inc.
1	4.	DIAMETER: top 12 Inches Botton 12 Inches TOTAL DEPTH 265 Feet
-	5.	CASING: Type Steel Drive Diameter 12 Inches Length67'10" Feet
1	6.	SCREEN: Type Size of Diameter Inches Length Feet
	:	(Top Feet Geologic Formation
1		Range { Top Feet , Geologic Formation Feet
· · ·	1	Tail piece. DiameterInchesLengthFeet
	7.	WELL FLOWS NATURALLY No Gallons per Minute at Feet above surface
		Talk about surface
	8.	RECORD OF TEST: Date 11-10-67 Yield - 800 Gallons per minute
		Static water level before pumping 40 Feet below surface
1		Pumping level 150 feet below surface after hours pumping
		Drawdown 33½ Feet Specific Capacity Gals. per min. per ft. of drawdown
		How Pumped Diesal Driven Turbine, How measured Orfice
		Observed effect on nearby wells None
1	9.	PERMANENT PUMPING EQUIPMENT
	1	TypeHfcs_Hame
	ļ	Capacity G.P.MHow Driven H.PR.P.M
_1		Depth of Pump in wellFeetDepth of Footpiece in wellFeet
1		Depth of Air Line in wellFeetDepth of Meter on Pump
L	10.	Municipality
1		Haximum Gallons Daily
J	11	. QUALITY OF WATER Sample: Yes No
7	i	TasteOdorColor Clear Temp. 530 of
	12	
		(Give details on back of sheet or on separate sheet. If electric log was made, please furnish copy)
	13	. SOURCE OF DATA Drillings
	14	
	1	(NOTE: Use other side of this sheet for additional information such as log of ATTACHMENT
	· j	analysis of the water, sketch map, sketch of special casing arrangements etc.)

25.13.6.6.3
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For	8	7-5	M.

# AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Division of Water Policy & Supply WELL RECORD

Permit No. 25-3936	2
Application No.	
County	_

WEDD RESULT	
1. OWNER Beneficial Properties INCADDRESS 15 Washington St. Mar	<u>~ 1</u> /\^
Owner's Well No SURFACE ELEVATION Fe	
2. LOCATION south street, monstown, Not	<u></u>
3. DATE COMPLETED DRILLER BUTTOWS Well Brilling	4
4. DIAMETER: Top 8 Inches Bottom 8 Inches TOTAL DEPTH 500 Fe	et.
Cina of	
6. SCREEN: Type Opening Diameter Inches Length Pe	et.
Range in Depth { Top Feet Geologic Formation Feet   Feet	<del>.</del> .
Tail piece. Diameter Inches Length Feet	
7. WELL FLOWS NATURALLY Gallons per Minute at Feet above surface Feet above Feet above Feet above Feet Feet Feet Feet Feet Feet	ice
water lises to	ıte
8. RECORD OF TEST: Date C	
Pumping level feet below surface after hours pumpi	
Side How Pumped Feet Specific Capacity Gals. per min. per ft. of drawdown How measured Watch + Drum_	······································
Observed effect on nearby wells	<del></del>
Tuben)	
Type Not instabled O.A. Yest Capacity Gallons per min	Ö
How Driven	
Type of Meter on Pump	ہون
10. USED FOR UIR CONDITIONING AVERAGE UNDER 90,000 Gallons Da	ily
AMOUNT \ Maximum 45,000 Gallons Da	
11. QUALITY OF WATER No. X	<b>^</b>
Taste NONE Odor NONE Color NONE Temperature 54	D.C
12. LOG Are samples available? Are samples available?	<u> 77</u> .3
13. SOURCE OF DATA dryllings	<u> </u>
14. DATA OBTAINED BY TOHN & BULLOWS DATE JUNE 55	

(Note: Use other side of this sheet for additional information such as log of materials penetrated, analysis of the



25-14-4420

Permit No	3.	13	424
Permit No	72	7 2/2	<u> </u>
Application	No.	<del>.</del>	
County	-		

#### DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT DIVISION OF WATER POLICY & SUPPLY

	' <u>-</u>
OWNER Morristown Water Co.	ADDRESS Morristown, New Jersey
Owner's Well No.	SURFACE ELEVATION (Above mean sea level)
100ATION Johnson Brive & Turtle	Road, Morristown, Morris County
LOCATION Johnson Prive & Turtle	DRILLER Wm. Stothoff Co., Inc.
DATE COMPLETED Dec. 20, 1965	tom 12 Inches TOTAL DEPTH 496 Feet
	d Diameter12inchesLength121Feet
CASING: Type Std Steel, PF, Velded	f Diameterinches LengthFee1
2.0	
Range in Depth { Top	Feet Geologic Formation Feet
Tail piece: Diameter	_Inches LengthFeet
WELL FLOWS NATURALLY Gallo	ons per Minute at Feet above surfact
Water rises to	
RECORD OF TEST: DateDec. 16-1	8, 1965 Yield <u>42C</u> Gallons per minute
•	ng Feet below surface
Pumping level 197 feet	below surface after 48 hours pumping
Drawdown 1117 Feet Spe	ecific CapacityGals: per min. per ft. of drawdow
How Pumped Turbine Pump - Gasoli	ine Engine How measured Orifice
Observed effect on nearby wells	None observed
. PERMANENT PUMPING EQUIPMENT:	
Туре	Mfrs. Name
CapacityG.P.M.	How Driven H.P R.P.M
Depth of Pump in wellF	Feet Depth of Footpiece in wellFe
Depth of Air Line in wellF	Feet Type of Meter on PumpSizeInch
Note to Walter State Comm	AverageGallons Dail
O. USED FOR <u>Municipal Later Supp</u>	ply AMOUNT Aximum Gallons Dail
I. QUALITY OF WATER	Sample: Yes No
TasteOdor	Coloro
2. LOG See other Side	
(Qive details on back of sheet furnish copy)	or on separate sheet. If electric log was made, please
· winzen copy;	
3. SOURCE OF DATA Nm. Stothe	off Co., Inc.

25.14.1000090

EIVED

### DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT VISION OF WATER BOLICY & SUPPLY

Pe	rm	iţ	No	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	87/	2
ÅÞ	ρÌ	i ca	tion	N a			
Co	иń	ty.					

ATTACHMENT CIL

` <u>`</u> -	DITISION OF WATER POLICE & SOITE
L	WELL RECORD
	OWNER CONSTRUCTION OF PLANTS ADDRESS 111 Ridgedale Rd, Morris Twp.
٤	OWNER'S Well No. SURFACE ELEVATION 320 Feet
<b>!</b> .	LOCATION Morris Twp.
3.	DATE COMPLETED Sept. 5, 1961 DRILLER Dimunzi Well Drilling Co.
<b>J</b>	DIAMETER: top 8 inches Bottom 8 inches TOTAL DEPTH 163 Feet
<b>5.</b>	CASING: Type Steel Diameter 8 Inches Length 113 Feet
<b>j</b> .	SCREEN: Type Wire Wound Opening 50 Diameter 6 5/8 Inches Length 20 Feet
	Range in Depth { Top 1/13 Feet Geologic Formation Grave]   Bottom 163 Feet
	Bottom 163 Feet
	Tail piece: DiameterInches LengthFeet
	WELL FLOWS NATURALLY Gallons per Minute at Feet above surface
. '	Water rises toFeet above surface
3.	RECORD OF TEST: Date Sept. 5, 1961 Yield 70 Gallons per minute
<b>=</b>	Static water level before pumping Feet below surface
1	Pumping level 150 feet below surface after 48 hours pumping
••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	Drawdown 120 Feet Specific Capacity 58 Gals. per min. per ft. of drawdown
	How Pumped Submersible test pump How measured wier
	Observed effect on nearby wells none
.9.	PERMANENT PUMPING EQUIPMENT: Not installed by driller
_	Type Mfrs. Name
	Capacity G.P.M. How Driven H.P R.P.M
<b>=</b> .	Depth of Pump in wellFeet Depth of Footpiece in wellFeet
	Depth of Air Line in wellFeet Type of Meter on Pump Sizeinches
<b>-</b> 10.	USED FOR Fagtory AMOUNT AMOUNT AMOUNT
10.	USED FOR Fagtory AMOUNT Maximum 10,000 Gallons Daily
: نائت	QUALITY OF WATER Good Sample: Yes No. X
	Taste None Odor None Color None Temp. 50 of
_12.	LOG <u>(other side)</u> Are samples available? <u>no</u>
-	(Give details on back of sheet or on separate sheet. If electric log was made, please furnish copy)
13.	
14.	DATA OBTAINED BY self Date Sept. 5, 1961

000091 25-14-177 0

DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

DIVISION OF WATER POLICY & SUPPLY

Permit No. 25-15756 Application No. \_ county MorrIS

:.	OWNER B. W. 13. COPP. ADDRESS
d   ,	Owner's Well No Feet
	LOCATION 160 Ridged z/e Ave Morris Township.
, 3.	DATE COMPLETED APTIL 10-71 DRILLER Algeler 13:05
5.	CASING: Type BIK Threaded Diameter 6 Inches Length 175 Feet
6.	SCREEN: Type Size ofInches LengthFeet
	Range in Depth $\begin{cases} Top \underline{\hspace{1cm}} & Feet \\ Bottom \underline{\hspace{1cm}} & Feet \end{cases}$ Geologic Formation $\underbrace{STRT_NOTM}_{R}$
	Tail piece: DiameterInches LengthFeet
7.	WELL FLOWS NATURALLY Gallons per Minute at Feet above surface
	Water rises toFeet above surface
. 8.	RECORD OF TEST: Date APril 10 - 71 Yield 45 Gallons per minute.
_	Static water level before pumpingFeet below surface
	Pumping level 275 feet below surface after hours pumping
	DrawdownFeet Specific CapacityGals. per min. per ft. of drawdown
	How Pumped Submers/ble How measured
ָ ר	Observed effect on nearby wells
. J 9 .	PERMANENT PUMPING EQUIPMENT:  Type Submiei-sible Mfrs. Name Fairbonks & Vionse
1	Capacity 50 G.P.M. How Driven Elect. H.P. 7/2 R.P.M. 7950
ا اب	Depth of Pump in well 280 Feet Depth of Footpiece in well Feet
1	Depth of Air Line in wellFeet Type of Meter on Pump SizeInches
الري	USED FOR Car Wash. AMOUNT \ Average Gallons Daily
10	Maximum Gallons Daily
	QUALITY OF WATER Good Sample: Yes No
1	Taste None Odor None Color Clear Temp. of
12	. LOG Are samples available? (Give details on back of sheet or on separate sheet. If electric log was made, please furnish copy)
13	
14	. DATA OBTAINED BY Consel allers Date Maul 16-12
	(NOTE: Use other side of this sheet for additional information such as log of material confidence of analysis of the vater, sketch map, sketch of special casing arrangements etc.) ATTACHMENT

25.14.1.7.802092

Form 87-5H

# DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Division of Water Policy & Supply WELL RECORD

Permit No. <u>25-370/</u>
Application No
County

1	1.	OWNER T. LANDI + SOY ADDRESS MORRISTOUR NJ
, I	•	Owner's Well No. 2 SURFACE ELEVATION + S/O Feet
	2.	LOCATION RIDGEDALE DUE MORRISTOUR N.J.
Ï	3.	DATE COMPLETED 8-25-54 DRILLER DAGE H. FCARINI
4	4.	DIAMETER: Top 8 Inches Bottom 6 Inches TOTAL DEPTH 78 Feet
Ì	5.	CASING: Type STEEC Diameter Inches Length 37 Feet
<u>ب</u> ا	6.	SCREEN: Type Opening, 50 Diameter 8 Inches Length 10 Feet
_		SCREEN: Type Opening, 50 Diameter 1 Inches Length 7 Feet  Range in Depth Top 38 Feet Geologic Formation SANO FORAUEL  Rest Feet
		Tail piece. Diameter Inches Length Feet
الت	7.	WELL FLOWS NATURALLY Gallons per Minute at Feet above surface
	•	Water rises toFeet above surface  RECORD OF TEST: Date 8-1-55 Yield 90 Gallons per minute
<u> </u>	в.	Static water level before pumping 28 Feet below surface
ľ		Pumping level 48 feet below surface after 3 MIN hours pumping
		Fumping level
J		Drawdown 20 Feet Specific Capacity 45 Gals. per min. per ft. of drawdown
J "i		Drawdown 20 Feet Specific Capacity 45 Gals. per min. rer ft. of drawdown How Pumped DEEP WELL TURBING How measured ORIFICE
		Drawdown 20 Feet Specific Capacity 45 Gals. per min. per ft. of drawdown
	9.	Drawdown 20 Feet Specific Capacity 45 Gals. per min. rer ft. of drawdown How Pumped DEEP WELL TURBING How measured ORIFICE  Observed effect on nearby wells NONG.
	9.	Drawdown 20 Feet Specific Capacity 45 Gals. per min. rer ft. of drawdown How Pumped DEEP WELL TURBING How measured ORIFICE  Observed effect on nearby wells NONG  PERMANENT PUMPING EQUIPMENT:  Type DEED WELL TURBING Capacity 100 Gallons per minute
	9.	Drawdown 20 Feet Specific Capacity 45 Gals. per min. rer ft. of drawdown How Pumped DEEP WELL TURBING How measured ORIFICE  Observed effect on nearby wells NONG  PERMANENT PUMPING EQUIPMENT:  Type DEEP WELL TURBING Capacity Gallons per minute How Driven ELECTRIL Horse Power 75 R.P.M. 1750
	9.	Drawdown 20 Feet Specific Capacity 45 Gals. per min. rer ft. of drawdown How Pumped DEEP WELL TURBING How measured ORIFICE  Observed effect on nearby wells NONG  PERMANENT PUMPING EQUIPMENT:  Type DEEP WECL TURBING Capacity O Gallons per minute  How Driven ELECTRIC Horse Power 75 R.P.M. 2750  Depth of pump in well 70 Feet Depth of Foot piece in well Feet  Depth of Air Line in well Feet Type of Meter on Pump 0
	9.	Drawdown 20 Feet Specific Capacity 45 Gals. per min. rer ft. of drawdown How Pumped DEEP WELL TURBING How measured ORIFICE  Observed effect on nearby wells NONG  PERMANENT PUMPING EQUIPMENT:  Type DEED WECK TURBING Capacity OG Gallons per minute How Driven ELECTRIL Horse Power 75 R.P.M. 2750  Depth of pump in well 40 Feet Depth of Foot piece in well Feet
	9.	Drawdown 20 Feet Specific Capacity 43 Gals. per min. per ft. of drawdown How Pumped DEEP WELL TURBING How measured DRIFICE  Observed effect on nearby wells NONG  PERMANENT PUMPING EQUIPMENT: Type DEEP WECL TURBING Capacity 100 Gallons per minute How Driven ELECTRIC Horse Power 73 R.P.M. 1750  Depth of pump in well 40 Feet Depth of Foot piece in well Feet Depth of Air Line in well Feet Type of Meter on Pump 0  USED FORWHING CANCEL (Average 42-45000 Gallons Daily
	10	Drawdown  How Pumped DEEP WELL TURBING  Observed effect on nearby wells  PERMANENT PUMPING EQUIPMENT:  Type DEEP WELL TURBING  Capacity  Capacity  Gallons per minute  How Driven ELECTRIL  Depth of pump in well  Peet  Depth of Air Line in well  Feet  WELL TURBING  Capacity  Capacity  Feet  Depth of Foot piece in well  Average 42-45000  Gallons Daily  AMOUNT  Maximum  AMOUNT  Maximum  AMOUNT  Maximum  Capacity  Average  Average  Gallons Daily
	10	Drawdown 20 Feet Specific Capacity 43 Gals. per min. rer ft. of drawdown How Pumped DEEP WELL TURBING How measured ORIFICE  Deserved effect on nearby wells NONG  PERMANENT PUMPING EQUIPMENT:  Type DEED WELL TURBING Capacity OG Gallons per minute How Driven ELECTRIL Horse Power 75 R.P.M. 750  Depth of pump in well 70 Feet Depth of Foot piece in well Feet Depth of Air Line in well Feet Type of Meter on Pump O  USED FORWHING GAMORI AWOUNT AMOUNT Maximum 50 000 Gallons Daily  AMOUNT Sample: Yes No.
	10	Drawdown 20 Feet Specific Capacity 43 Gals. per min. rer ft. of drawdown How Pumped DEEP WELL TURBING How measured ORIFICE  Deserved effect on nearby wells NONG  PERMANENT PUMPING EQUIPMENT:  Type DEED WELL TURBING Capacity OG Gallons per minute How Driven ELECTRIL Horse Power 73 R.P.M. 750  Depth of pump in well 40 Feet Depth of Foot piece in well Feet Depth of Air Line in well Feet Type of Meter on Pump O  USED FORWHING CAMBEL AMOUNT AMOUNT Maximum 50,000 Gallons Daily  AMOUNT Sample: Yes No.
	10 11 12	Drawdown 20 Feet Specific Capacity 43 Gals. per min. rer ft. of drawdown How Pumped DEEP WELL TURBING How measured ORIFICE  Observed effect on nearby wells VONG  PERMANENT PUMPING EQUIPMENT: Type DEEP WELL TURBING Capacity OG Gallons per minute How Driven ELECTRIL Horse Power 73 R.P.M. 770  Depth of pump in well 70 Feet Depth of Foot piece in well Peet Depth of Air Line in well Feet Type of Meter on Pump O  USED FORWHSHING CAMBEL  AMOUNT Average 42 - 45000 Gallons Daily  OUALITY OF WATER Odor Color Temperature OF  LOG SAND TERRURL TO 50 - 50 - 90 HARDPAAre samples available?  (Give details on back of sheet or on separate sheet)
	10. 11 12 13	Drawdown 20 Feet Specific Capacity 45 Gals. per min. rer ft. of drawdown How Pumped DEEP WELL TURBING How measured ORIFICE  Observed effect on nearby wells NONG  PERMANENT PUMPING EQUIPMENT: Type DEED WELL TURBING Capacity Gallons per minute How Driven ELECTRIL Horse Power 75 R.P.M. 750  Depth of pump in well 40 Feet Depth of Foot piece in well Feet Depth of Air Line in well Feet Type of Meter on Pump 0  USED FORWHIMC CAMURE AVERAGE 42-45000 Gallons Daily  AMOUNT Maximum 50,000 Gallons Daily  OUALITY OF WATER OOD Color Temperature OF

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DIVISION OF WATER POLICY
AND SUPPLY



SPECIAL REPORT 25

AVAILABILITY OF GROUND WATER IN MORRIS COUNTY, NEW JERSEY

Prepared in cooperation with
United States Department of the Interior
Geological, Survey

1965

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ground-water resources of the county. This report represents the first detailed discussion of the ground-water resources of Morris County.

#### **ACKNOWLEDGMENTS**

The authors wish to thank the numerous well drillers, office of the New Jersey Bureau of Geology and Topography, and other State, municipal, and industrial officials, and private individuals who supplied data on which this report is based. The cooperation of many of these who permitted use of their wells for water-level observations, collection of water samples, logging purposes, and pumping tests is gratefully acknowledged.

#### **GEOGRAPHY**

#### TOPOGRAPHY

Morris County is part of the Appalachian Highland, one of eight major physiographic divisions of the United States. The Appalachian Highland consists of several physiographic provinces; two of these, the New England and the Piedmont, are present in the county.

The New England province, locally known as the New Jersey Highlands, occupies that part of the county lying northwest of a line passing near Morristown, Boonton and Riverdale (fig. 2). It consists of several broad, rounded or flat-topped ridges separated from each other by deep and generally narrow valleys. Altitudes of more than 1,000 feet are suite common on the ridges; a few exceed 1,300 feet. The larger topographic features of the Highlands show a marked northeast-southwest trend; however, some of the prominent valleys, such as the Rockaway and the Pequannock, are transverse to the regional trend.

The Piedmont province, which occupies the southeastern part of the county, is chiefly a lowland of gently rounded hills with a few ridges and isolated hills rising conspicuously above the plain. Most of this area lies at altitudes of about 200 to 400 feet. Several large swamps, of which the Great Swamp is the most extensive (fig. 1), occupy a large part of the lower lying areas. The topography of much of the Piedmont province in Morris County has been considerably modified by the Wisconsin Glaciation, the last of the great Pleistocene ice advances in North America.

Morris County lies within three major drainage basins—the Passaic, the Raritan, and the Delaware. The eastern two-thirds of the county is drained by the Passaic River and its major tributaries, the Pequannock, Pompton, Rockaway, and Whippany Rivers (fig. 1). Most of the southwestern part of the county lies in the Raritan River drainage basin which is drained by the North and South Branches of the Raritan River and the Lamington River. The Musconetcong River, which flows into the Delaware River, drains a narrow area along the western border of the county.

#### CLIMATE

The climate of Morris County, and of the State as a whole, is largely continental, mainly owing to the predominance of winds from the interior of North America. Winters are controlled by polar continental air masses, and summers by tropical air masses which, although maritime in origin, display long continental trajectories over very warm land masses before

#### (Data from U. S. Bureau of Census)

			<u> </u>
Municipality	1960	1950	1940
	4,037	2,806	2,205
Mountain Lakes	1,246	639	456
Mt. Arlington	3,807	2,597	1,526
Mt. Olive Township	2,765	2,284	2,157
Netcong	25,557	15,290	10,976
Parsippany-Troy Hills Township	5,537	3,429	2,664
Passaic Township	10,553	5,254	2,856
Pequannock Township	7,295	4,293	2,160
Randolph Township	2,596	1,352	1,110
Riverdale	5,413	3,812	3,514
Rockaway	10,356	4,418	2,423
Rockaway Township	9,983	5,707	4,455
Roxbury Township	1,085	Part of Rand	•
Victory Gardens	3,330	2,147	1,870
Washington Township		3,853	3,854
Wharton	5,006	<u></u>	
Total for county	261,620	164,371	125,732

The economy of Morris County is primarily industrial. The principal manufactured items include chemicals, electrical goods and machinery, other machinery, and rubber products (New Jersey Department of Conservation and Economic Development, 1960). Farmland comprises about 16 percent of the total land area of which the principal products are dairy, poultry, corn, oats, and some vegetables (U. S. Dept. of Commerce, 1959).

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#### **GEOLOGY**

#### INTRODUCTION

Various rock types representing several geologic periods crop out in Morris County. The oldest of these are the Precambrian crystalline rocks exposed in the northwestern two-thirds of the county, in the New England province. Associated with the Precambrian rocks are long narrow belts of Paleozoic sedimentary rocks—shales, sandstones, and limestones.

The southeastern third, or the Piedmont province, of the county is underlain by Triassic sandstones and shales with interbedded basaltic lava flows. Unconsolidated deposits of glacial and fluvial origin overlie much of the Triassic outcrop area, and, to a lesser extent, parts of the New England province. These deposits consist of stratified and unstratified sand, clay, and gravel deposited by various glacial phenomena and streams.

Brief descriptions of the formations exposed in Morris County are presented in table 3. The generalized geologic map (fig. 2) shows the areal extent of the various rock units and their structural relationships.

### DISTRIBUTION AND LITHOLOGY OF THE MAJOR ROCK UNITS

#### Precambrian Rocks

Crystalline rocks of Precambrian age underlie almost all of the north-western two-thirds of the county (fig. 2). They are mainly granitoid gneisses and pegmatites but include also schists, crystalline limestone or marble, magnetite, and a few small quartz veins. For purposes of mapping, these rocks have been divided into four formations—the Franklin Limestone, the Pochuck Gneiss, the Losee Gneiss, and the Byram Gneiss. These formations are considered as a unit in this report because their water-bearing properties are virtually similar.

The gneisses, of which the Byram and Losee are most abundant, are distinguished by their color and mineral composition. The dark-colored gneisses that owe their color to an abundance of hornblende, pyroxene, or biotite have been grouped together under the name Pochuck Gneiss. The Byram Gneiss is generally brownish-gray and contains potash feldspar as an essential mineral component. The Losee Gneiss includes light-colored granitoid rocks, many of them nearly white, which contain soda-lime feldspar as an essential and characteristic mineral component.

Cenozoic Quaternary  Glacial drift  Unconformity  Unconformity  Watchung Basalt  Devonian  Cornwall Shale  Devonian  Alluvium  O-25  els deposited along clay-loam stream channels  Sands, clays, and gravels of glacial origin  Three basaltic lava flows interbedded with the Newark Group; only one crops out in Morris County  Interbedded, soft, red sandstones, shales, conglomerates, and arkoses  Unconformity  Cornwall Shale  Devonian  Kanouse Sandstone  Decker Limestone  Decker Limestone  O-400  Sands, clays, and gravelow lines bottoms  Three basaltic lava flows interbedded with the Newark Group; only one crops out in Morris County  Interbedded, soft, red sandstones, shales, conglomerates, and arkoses  Dark thick-bedded shale, clay soils comewhat sandy toward the top  Fine-grained white quartz conglomerate, with greenish sandstone above.  Paleozoic  Dark gray impure siliceous and shaly lime-stone	r oj topography ind soil
Unconformity  Watchung Basalt  Brunswick Formation  Unconformity  Brunswick Formation  Unconformity  Brunswick Formation  Unconformity  Brunswick Formation  Unconformity  Cornwall Shale  Devonian  Kanouse Sandstone  Decker Limestone  Decker Limestone  Decker Limestone  Unconformity  Dark thick-bedded shale, somewhat sandy toward the top quartz conglomerate, with greenish sandstone above.  Dark gray impure siliceous and shaly lime-stone  Dark gray impure siliceous and shaly lime-stone  Dark gray impure siliceous and shaly lime-stone  Sandstone  Valley bot stone	oottoms; sandy soil
Watchung Basalt  Watchung Basalt  200-450  Watchung Basalt  200-450  Newark Group; only one crops out in Morris County  Interbedded, soft, red sandstones, shales, conglomerates, and arkoses  Unconformity  Cornwall Shale  Devonian  Cornwall Shale  Devonian  Kanouse Sandstone  Decker Limestone  Decker Limestone  Three basaltic lava flows interbedded with the Newark Group; only one crops out in Morris County  Interbedded, soft, red sandstones, shales, conglomerates, and arkoses  Park thick-bedded shale, somewhat sandy toward clay soils the top  Fine-grained white quartz conglomerate, with greenish sandstone above.  Paleozoic  Decker Limestone  Decker Limestone  Decker Limestone  Three basaltic lava flows interbedded with the Newark Group; only one crops out in Morris County  Fine-pedded, soft, red sandy clay soils one what sandy toward clay soils of the top  Fine-grained white valley bot side iceous and shaly lime-stone  Dark gray impure siliceous and shaly lime-stone  Valley bot stone	r hills; valley
Brunswick Formation  Brunswick Formation  Unconformity  Cornwall Shale  Devonian  Kanouse Sandstone  Decker Limestone  Brunswick Formation  6,000- 8,000  Dark thick-bedded shale, Low rolling somewhat sandy toward clay soils the top  Fine-grained white quartz conglomerate, with greenish sandstone above.  Dark gray impure siliceous and shaly lime-stone  Seth and shale value and shale to the stone  Longwood Shale 200+  Seth and shale value and shale to the sands to the sa	hills
Devonian    Devonian   Devonian   Devonian   Devonian   Devonian   Devonian   Devonian   Devonian   Devonian   Devonian   Devonian   Engrained   Engra	lling lowland; -loam soil
Kanouse Sandstone  Kanouse Sandstone  Z15  Fine-grained white Valley be quartz conglomerate, with greenish sandstone above.  Paleozoic  Dark gray impure siliceous and shaly lime-valley bet stone  Longwood Shale  Z25  Fine-grained white Valley be quartz conglomerate, ridges; sandshove.  Paleozoic  Dark gray impure siliceous and shaly lime-valley bet stone	ng hills; sandy
Decker Limestone 50. iceous and shaly lime- Valley bot stone	ttoms and low idy soil
Longwood Shale 200± Soft red shale Valley both	ioms
Silurian - Control of the control of	oms; clay soil
Coarse quartz conglom- High, ste	ep-sided, even- ges; sandy soil

Era	Period	Formation .	Thickness (feet)	Lithology	Character of topography and soil
				Fine black shale, slate, and sandstone; sand-	
		Martinsburg Shale	3,000±	stones dark to bluish gray, in part calcare- ous, and most numerous	clay and loamy soils, gen
	Ordovician		•	in upper portion of formation	
aleozoic		Jacksonburg Limestone	135-150	Dark fossiliferous lime- stone and shale; lime- stone conglomerate at the base	High slopes; clayey soils
		Unconformity			
er indiana en en decembra en la sedimenta	Cambrian	Kittatinny Limestone	2,500- 3,000±	gray magnesian lime-	Valley floors and rollin hills; locally rough "warty topography; clayey soils in places thin
		Hardyston Quartzite ——— Unconformity——	5-200	Arkosic quartzite, in places conglomeritic	Hill slopes
Precar	nbrian	Byram, Losee, and Pochuck Gneisses and Franklin Limestone		igin; crystalline lime- stone	High ridges with plateau like summits and steen slopes; thick stony soils in areas not covered by glacia drift

The Franklin Limestone is generally a white coarsely crystalline marble. Its principal mineral component is calcite but dolomite predominates in some areas.

The gneisses generally occur as tabular masses that strike northeast and dip steeply to the southeast. The Franklin Limestone occurs as small isolated masses within the gneissic complex.

#### Palezoic Rocks

Rocks of Paleozoic age crop out in three parallel belts (fig. 2) within Morris County. The belts trend northeast-southwest, similar to the major structural features of the gneissic complex with which they are associated. The Paleozoic rocks have been complexly folded and faulted, and these belts are remnants of the once continuous folds.

The first belt lies along the westernmost edge of the county. The width of this belt within the county is less than a mile.

A second belt traverses the county from Newfoundland to Middle Valley, attaining its maximum width at its northeastern end where it is about 4 miles wide. At its southwestern end, it is about 1 mile wide.

The third belt of Paleozoic rocks crops out to the west of Mendham. Within the county, this belt has a length of 5 miles and a maximum width of about 1 mile.

The Paleozoic rocks cropping out in Morris County consist of conglomerate, sandstone, quartzite, shale, and limestone. These rocks have been divided into several formations which are from oldest to youngest, respectively: the Hardystone Quartzite of Early Cambrian age, the Kittatinny Limestone of Late Cambrian and Early Ordovician age, the Jacksonburg Limestone and Martinsburg Shale of Ordovician age, the Green Pond Conglomerate, Longwood Shale, and Decker Limestone of Silurian age, and the Kanouse Sandstone and Cornwell Shale of Middle Devonian age. The lithology of each of these formations is described briefly in table 3.

Except for the Kittatinny Limestone, the Paleozoic formations are not important aquifers within the county because of their limited areal extent and their poor water-bearing properties. Therefore, the Paleozoic formations are not differentiated on the geologic map (fig. 2) except where the Kittatinny Limestone crops out over an extensive area.

#### Triassic Rocks

Rocks of Triassic age underlie the entire southeastern third of the county, (fig. 2). The Triassic System, known as the Newark Group,

consists of alternating soft sandstones and shales with three sandwiched sheets of basalt.

The sedimentary rocks of the Newark Group are generally reddishbrown, although black, gray, and green beds are present locally. For the most part, the rocks consist of thin-bedded sandstones and shales. Near the northwestern margin of the Triassic rocks, conglomerate beds are interlayered with the beds of sandstone and shale. The conglomerates contain pebbles and boulders of many different rock types—granite gneiss, limestone, basalt, sandstone, quartzite, and slate. Because of their varied composition, the conglomerate beds do not exhibit a uniform color.

Sandwiched with the beds of sandstone and shale are three extensive sheets of basalt, only one of which—the uppermost sheet—is exposed in Morris County. The basalt sheets were formed by lava flows which were extruded at three different times during the accumulation of the sedimentary rocks of the Newark Group. The basalt is much more resistant to erosion than are the shale and sandstone, and therefore forms prominent ridges. The first sheet forms First Watchung Mountain, the second sheet forms Second Watchung Mountain, and the third sheet, the only one exposed in Morris County, forms a discontinuous ridge whose parts in Morris County are called Long Hill and Hook Mountain (fig. 2). This basalt sheet is about 450 feet thick at Hook Mountain and about 250 feet thick at Long Hill (Darton & others, 1908, p. 10).

The Triassic rocks generally exhibit a monoclinal structure; the strata dip gently to the west-northwest at about 8° to 10°. Local flexures occur in some areas, particularly in the area surrounding Morristown. Here the rocks have been warped into a gentle anticline whose axis trends northeast-southwest. The basalt sheets have virtually the same attitude as the sedimentary rocks.

#### Quaternary Rocks

The Quaternary rocks comprise the unconsolidated surficial deposits which mantle the bedrock surface over a large part of Morris County. These deposits are as a rule of local distribution and consist of clay, silt, sand, gravel, and boulders and, in many places, are without systematic arrangement. They are glacial, lacustrine, or fluviatile in origin.

The deposits of Pleistocene age represent two or possibly three of the stages into which the Pleistocene of North America has been subdivided. They are chiefly of glacial origin but include also fluviatile deposits that are believed to be contemporaneous with one of the glacial invasions.

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many pate not be de the earlier The dri feet. The tion of m

South of the terminal moraine of the last (Wisconsin) glaciation lie many patches of older glacially derived material, the age of which cannot be determined with certainty but which belong to one or more of the earlier glaciations (fig. 3).

The drift is generally thin, but in some places it has a thickness of 30 feet. The oxidation and deep coloration of the matrix, deep disintegration of most of the stony material, the absence of calcarcous and other soluble material, and the fragmentary and much eroded character of the deposits are indicative of a deposit much older than the sediments of the Wisconsin Glaciation.

Glacial drift of Wisconsin age covers most of the northern half of Morris County. The material is till, sand, gravel, and lacustrine silt and clay. The deposits fall into three general classes—terminal moraine, ground moraine, and stratified drift, which is of several sorts including lacustrine and fluviatile deposits. Figure 3 is an outline map of Morris County showing the extent of the terminal moraine and stratified drift deposits. Because the emphasis in this report is on the water-bearing properties of the Quaternary deposits, the deposits of ground moraine have been excluded from the map since they function mainly as a confining bed. The terminal moraine is emphasized to show the southernmost extent of the Wisconsin Glaciation.

The terminal moraine extends irregularly from east to west across Morris County from Chatham to Hackettstown (fig. 3). Chatham, Madison, Morris Plains, Denville, Rockaway, Wharton, and Netcong lie upon it or close to its borders.

Stratified drift of the Wisconsin Glaciation is widely distributed throughout Morris County. South of the terminal moraine, near Dover and Madison, considerable areas of stratified drift form outwash plains or valley trains. North of the moraine such drift, mostly in the form of low terraces, forms narrow belts in the valleys. At several places, however, it forms distinct kames. A few distinct ridges have the forms of eskers.

The lithologic character of the stratified drift differs from place to place with differences in the character of the underlying rock. Much of it is poorly sorted, although the stones are generally fairly well rounded and worn. Its thickness is not readily estimated, for wells rarely reach its base. Its depth is perhaps on the average two or three times that of the ground moraine (average ground moraine thickness in this area 5 to 12 feet).

Subsurface deposits of stratified drift have been encountered in numerous borings and wells along the eastern margin of Morris County. They are found as channel-fill deposits in pre-Pleistocene stream valleys. The general coarse texture of the material and their moderate areal distribution make them a substantial ground-water reservoir. These water-bearing deposits are used extensively in the outlined triangular area near and northeast of Chatham and Morris Plains (fig. 3). These channel deposits as yet are not well defined. Additional work is needed to define better the character and extent of these deposits. An intensive study would probably indicate other areas within Morris County that are underlain by highly premeable channel-fill deposits.

lower elevations. Ground water is discharged directly to the streams wherever they intersect the water table and supports streamflow during periods of no precipitation. See figure 4.

In the swampland areas that are underlain by clay and silt, such as those along the Passaic River, discharge of ground water to the streams is restricted by low permeability of the materials and the slight hydraulic gradients (Vecchioli and others, 1962). During the vegetative growing season, most of the ground-water discharge occurs in these areas as evapotranspiration and very little is discharged to the streams. Consequently, dry-weather streamflow is not augmented significantly by these areas; rather, it may even be reduced by the high rate of evapotranspiration.

In addition to the natural discharge of ground water by scepage into streams and by evapotranspiration, ground water is discharged artifically by the pumping of wells. Generally, the pumping has not been of sufficient magnitude or concentration to affect significantly the natural pattern of ground-water flow. However, in a few places of continuous heavy withdrawals, the artesian head has been lowered regionally as will be discussed later. In some areas, wells near streams that are in hydraulic continuity with the aquifer reverse the natural gradients when they are being pumped and thus induce recharge from the streams; this also will be discussed further.

#### WATER-BEARING PROPERTIES OF MAJOR ROCK UNITS

#### Precambrian Rocks

Precambrian crystalline rocks underlie almost all of the northwestern two-thirds of Morris County and are the only source of ground water in most of this area (fig. 2).

In the Precambrian rocks ground water occurs under water-table conditions. In some of the lower lying areas, the rocks are overlain by clay beds which confine the water, resulting in local artesian conditions. Virtually all the storage and movement of ground water in these rocks occurs in fractures that have been enlarged by weathering. The yield of a well tapping the Precambrian rocks depends largely on the size and number of intersecting fractures encountered by the well, a factor which varies considerably from place to place and also with depth. The capacity of the fractures to store and transmit water decreases with depth and experience has shown it is not worthwhile generally to drill deeper than about 300 feet when seeking to develop a water supply. If, within the first 300 feet of drilling, a well does not yield the required

supply, a better chance for success may be obtained by drilling a second well rather than by deepening the first well.

The yields of wells tapping Precambrian rocks in Morris County range considerably. Of 79 large-diameter public supply, industrial, and commercial wells, the maximum yield is 400 gpm, the minimum 4 gpm. The distribution of the yields is as follows:

Yield (gpin)	Number of Wells
0- 25	14
26- 50	20 .
51- 75	16
76-100	8 .
101-125	4
126-150	. 3
151-175	2
176-200	4
201-225	3
226-250	1
251-275	2
276-300	1
375-400	1

Figure 5 is a plot of the yield of these wells and the number of reports in groupings of 25 gallons per minute (fig. 5). As can be seen from the figure, there are at least two groups or populations of well yields. The bulk of these data are grouped in the 0 to 100 gpm range, and average 48 gpm. The remainder can be grouped from 100 to 400 gpm, and average 195 gpm. Precambrian wells in the 0 to 100 gpm range are probably deriving water from the regional fracture network whereas the majority of the higher yielding wells (over 100 gpm) either intercept or are located near major fault zones. Fault zones are areas along which rocks have ruptured and where there has been substantial vertical or horizontal movement. Such zones form a more extensive ground-water reservoir than is developed in regional fracture network.

The depths of the 79 large-diameter wells range from 50 to 822 feet, and average 223 feet. There is no apparent relationship between depth and yield of the wells tapping Precambrian rocks in Morris County.

Specific capacities of 56 wells tapping Precambrian rocks range from 0.06 to 15.10 and average 1.77 gpm per ft.

The second second

in the Precambrian rocks having yields within ranges indicated 400 300 Figure 5.—Number of wells tapping the aquifers 150

There was no opportunity to conduct pumping tests on wells tapping the Precambrian rocks during this investigation; hence, coefficients of transmissibility and storage were not determined. However, these coefficients can be estimated using specific capacities of wells (Theis, 1954) and other known hydrologic properties of the rocks. Coefficient of storage is estimated to be 0.001 based on prevailing water-table conditions and the low porosity of Precambrian rocks. Employing an average specific capacity of about 1.8 gpm per ft., the coefficient of transmissibility is estimated to be 2,000 to 3,000 gpd per ft. These values of transmissibility and storage are based on average conditions, and they are intended to indicate only an order of magnitude. Undoubtedly, the actual coefficients will depart considerably from the estimated values in some places.

The hydraulic characteristics of Precambrian rocks indicate that extreme care must be taken in developing new supplies near existing ones. Wells should be located to provide the least practical amount of mutual interference. Detailed hydrologic information at each site is necessary to evaluate adequately the possibility of developing moderate to large ground-water supplies from these rocks.

Water from the Precambrian rocks in Morris County generally is of suitable chemical quality for most uses. (See table 8.) It is soft (less than 60 ppm) to moderately hard, (60 to 120 ppm) the pH ranges from slightly acidic to slightly alkaline. Iron occurs in objectionable concentrations in some areas.

#### Paleozoic Rocks

Paleozoic rocks are minor aquifers in Morris County because of their limited areal extent. (See fig. 2.) Moreover, most Paleozoic rocks have poor water-bearing properties and are capable of sustaining only small domestic supplies. The Kittatinny Limestone is an exception, as will be discussed below. Locally, the sandstones are capable of yielding moderate to large supplies.

Because few wells tap Paleozoic rocks in Morris County, data are sparse regarding the water-bearing properties of these rocks. However, the mode of occurrence of ground water in these rocks varies considerably depending upon the lithology. Consequently, some general statements can be made as to the expected potential yields.

In shale formations, most of the ground water that is available to wells occurs in interconnecting fractures. Generally, openings provided

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The average yield of 37 large-diameter public-supply, industrial, and commercial wells tapping these rocks is 142 gpm, ranging between 4 and 650 gpm. The distribution of the yields is as follows:

Yield (gpm)	Number of Wells
0- 50	11
51-100	8
101-150	. 3
151-200	8
201-300	5
>300	2

The depths of the 37 wells range from 90 to 985 feet and average 368 feet. Specific capacities of 34 wells range from 0.03 to 33,33 and average 4.57 gpm per foot with six of the wells greater than 4 gpm per foot.

Most wells drilled into the basalt produce small quantities of water from depths of less than 300 feet. The yield of 5 large-diameter public supply wells ranged from 30 to 53 gpm. Rarely is a well drilled that produces no water or that yields more than 50 gpm. The specific capacities of wells that tap the basalt are generally much less than 1 gpm per foot.

Except for hardness-forming constituents, water from the Triassic rocks generally does not contain objectionable concentrations of any chemical constituents. (See table 8.) However, the hardness of the water ranges from moderately hard (60 to 120 ppm) to very hard (over 180 ppm), and in some places a high sulfate content imparts a noncarbonate hardness to the water. Water from the basalt locally may contain objectionable amounts of iron as well as hardness-forming constituents. The pH of the water from the Triassic rocks is generally slightly alkaline.

#### Quaternary Rocks

The Quaternary rocks comprise the unconsolidated surficial deposits which mantle the bedrock over a large part of Morris County. These deposits are as a rule of local distribution and consist of clay, silt, sand, gravel, and boulders which fall into three general classes—terminal moraine, ground moraine, and stratified drift. Of the three, only the stratified drift deposits merit detailed consideration for their water-bearing properties. These stratified drift deposits form the mineral framework for the most highly developed ground-water reservoir in the county. Ground-water withdrawals in Morris County obtained from the aquifers in the stratified drift deposits amount to 24 mgd or 77 percent of the

total diversions. The deposits are generally capable of sustaining large yields (over 200 gpm) of a good quality of water to wells.

Unconfined ground water occurs in the stratified drift deposits where they are not mantled by the glacial till. The unconfined drift deposits which are well illustrated in figure 3, are related and closely associated with the present-day alignment of the surface-drainage network. Some of the drift was deposited as a valley train or outwash plain when the direction of river flow was different than it is today, but the association is evident. The unconfined deposits associated with the Rockaway Riverare the most extensively developed in Morris County. The public supplies of Wharton, Dover, Rockaway, Mountain Lakes, and Boonton are drawn in large part from the drift deposits. Figure 3 indicates the areas from which moderate to large supplies have been developed from the stratified drift deposits. The unconfined aquifer is recharged directly from precipitation on the outcrop area of the stratified drift.

Ground water occurs under confined conditions in the stratified drift deposits where they are overlain by clay or silt beds which are part of the glacial till. These confined drift deposits are concealed and their regional extent is not as apparent as the unconfined drift. These water-bearing deposits are used extensively in the outlined area near and northeast of Chatham and Morris Plains, (fig. 3). They are sinuous in nature and restricted to pre-existing stream or river channels. Additional geologic and geophysical work will determine the character and extent of these deposits and also indicate other areas within Morris County that are probably underlain by highly permeable channel-fill deposits.

The confined drift deposits are recharged in part from the underlying and adjacent bedrock. Water entering fractures in the bedrock is derived from precipitation in the upland outcrop areas. This water moves under artesian pressure in response to the hydraulic gradient through the fracture network to the buried channel deposits: The original static levels in many of the wells tapping these deposits in the lowland areas in the southeastern part of the county were above land surface, producing flowing artesian wells.

In the Florham Park-Chatham area, the confined drift deposits have been extensively developed. Figure 6 is a generalized geologic cross section from the Allied Chemical well in Morris Township to the Commonwealth Water Company well in Millburn Township, Essex County—which shows the continuous nature of the confined channel deposit. The

piczometric surface shown indicates a regional slope to the southeast, indicating the general direction of ground-water movement. The original piczometric head in the Madison-Station Road-well field (well A in fig. 6) in 1898 was 204 feet above sea level or about 6 feet below to 10 feet above land surface, depending on the individual well location. Figure 7 illustrates the regional decline in water level in the Madison area since 1900. Since 1953, continuous water-level recorders have been maintained in increasing numbers throughout this area. The continuous decline in average water level is related to increases in pumpage. Continued increases in pumpage will mean a continued decline in the regional piczometric surface.

In Wharton and Dover, the municipal supplies are obtained from the unconfined or semi-confined drift deposits along the Rockaway River (fig. 3). Under static or nonpumping conditions, the movement of ground water is toward the river. Under pumping conditions, the gradient is reversed and there is movement of water from the Rockaway River toward the pumping wells. The location of a well near and in hydraulic continuity with a river is very advantageous. The induced recharge from the river substantially increases the amount of ground water available in the area. This pattern of pumpage has the advantage of utilizing surface water that otherwise would be lost to the area.

The Quaternary deposits are the most productive aquifers in Morris County based on their permeability, and present and potential yield. As part of the regional investigation of the ground-water resources, 13 detailed aquifer tests were made by the Geological Survey on wells tapping the drift deposits (table 4). Analysis of the test data indicates an average coefficient of transmissibility of the aquifers of about 135,000 gpd per foot, and coefficient of storage of about 3.9 x 10<sup>-4</sup>.

The average yield of 127 large-diameter public supply, industrial, and commercial wells tapping the stratified drift deposits is 502 gpm, ranging between 20 and 2,200 gpm. The distribution of the yields is as follows:

Yield (gpm)	Number of Wells		
0- 49	. 3		
50- 99	11		
100-199	12		
200-499	48		
500-999	33		
>1,000	20		

ATTACHMENT DIO

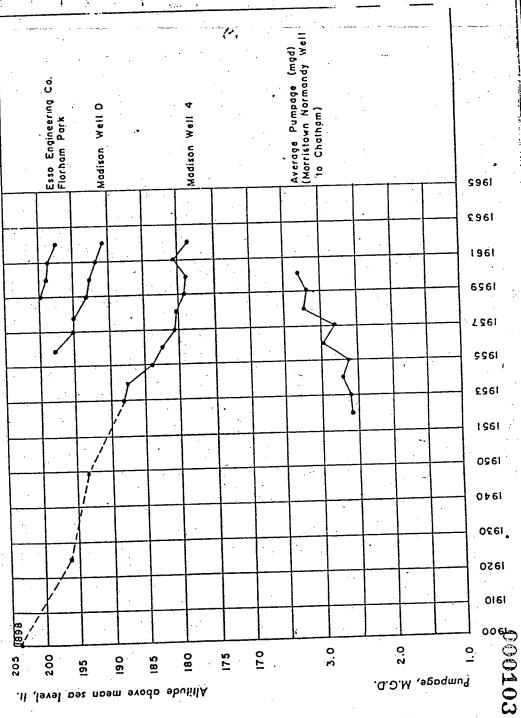


Figure 7.-Graph showing average water levels in the

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Omer and leading	Test well	Number wells	Pumping rate,	Transmissibility	Storage
ממענו מעם מענונים	number	used	gpm	gpd/jt.	(S)
Commonwealth Water Company,	49-50-51	5	1,700	137,000	3.3 x 10-4
Canoe Brook field,				113,000	5.0 × 10-1
Millburn Twp.,				122,000	3.5 × 10-4
Essex Co., N. J.			/ -	185,000	4.6 × 10-4
	<b>ப</b>	81	120	66,700	5.8 x 10-4
	•			66,400	$1.1 \times 10^{-3}$
	49	1	1,170	134,000	2.3 x 10-4
Chatham Water Dept., Chatham, N. J.	Ħ	<b>-</b>	1,150	69,400	1.5 x 10-4
		H	1,150	242,000	3.5 x 10-4
Madison Water Dept.,	В	4	1,200	259,000	3.3 × 10-4
Madison, N. J.				229,200	2.3 x 10-4
			•	211,500	$2.7\times10^{-4}$
	1	•		229,000	3.8 x 10-4
	ບ	1	1,200	162,000	$2.0 \times 10^{-4}$
Esso Eng. and Design Co.	H	ī	1,150	100,000	2.0 x 10-4
Flornam Fark, N. J.		-	,	92,800	$2.0 \times 10^{-4}$
Allied Chemical Co.,	61	Ħ	675	12,800	$4.7 \times 10^{-4}$
MOLLIS TWD., IN. J.			- !	14,500	$5.7 \times 10^{-4}$
	7	7	517	009'6	$4.0 \times 10^{-4}$
Florham Park Water Dept.,	Columbia	H	1,040	113,000	9.3 x 10-4
Flornam Fark, N. J.	Ave.			100,000	9.0 × 10-4
Greystone Park State Hospital,	α <b>ι</b>	83	400	166,000	$1.5 \times 10^{-1}$
Morris Flains, IV. J.				156,600	$1.8 \times 10^{-1}$
Wharton Water Dept.	<b>-</b>	7	410	187,500	5.2 x 10-4
Whatton, M. J.		-		191,700	$5.0 \times 10^{-4}$

The average specific capacity of 110 large-diameter wells is 30.86 gpm per foot; these range between 0.24 and 500 gpm per foot.

Except for hardness-forming constituents, water from the stratified drift deposits generally does not contain objectionable concentrations of any chemical constitutents. (See table 8.) However, the hardness of the water ranges from soft to very hard. The distribution of total hardness is as follows:

Total hardness (ppm)	Number of wells
< 60 (soft)	4
61-120 (moderately hard)	13
121-180 (hard)	7 ~
> 180 (very hard)	4

The four wells having a total hardness over 180 ppm also have higher than normal chlorides and nitrates. This association of constituents suggests a local low grade pollution problem, probably resulting from either sewage or from the use of chemical fertilizers in the vicinity.

#### WATER SUPPLY

#### Utilization of Ground Water

An average of almost 31 mgd (million gallons daily) of ground water was withdrawn from aquifers in Morris County during 1960. Of this, about 16 mgd were pumped for public supply (table 5). Pumpage for industrial, commercial, and institutional use amounted to 11 mgd and pumpage for other uses, including domestic, farm, and small industrial use, accounted for 4 mgd.

Quaternary aquifers were the source of 77 percent, or 24 mgd, of the pumpage. (See table 6.) Precambrian aquifers supplied 4 mgd, Triassic aquifers 2 mgd, and Paleozoic aquifers 1 mgd.

Nearly half of the average daily withdrawal occurred in five municipalities. Pumpage in Hanover Township, amounting to 4.8 mgd, exceeded by far that in any other municipality (fig. 9). Parsippany-Troy Hills Township, Florham Park, Dover, and Roxbury Township each had pumpage of more than 2 mgd. Only four municipalities—Butler, Netcong, Pequannock Township, and Victory Gardens—had no reportable pumpage.

ATTACHMENT E

#### MONITORING WELL RECORD

			Il Permit No		41836	621
OWNED IDENTIFICATION: O	AUSTIN, PETER		as Sheet Coor	dinates	::-	OET
OWNER IDENTIFICATION - Owner _	P.U. BX 29.		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *			
Address	- NOURLE FLAINS	<del> </del>	<del></del>	<del> {_</del>		
Only			State		Zip Code	
WELL LOCATION - If not the same as	owner please give addre	ess. Ow	ner's Well No	M(1)-	-1	
County MARYIS Address Potr Austin,	F9 MU//15	ST.	TOPN	_ Lot No.	11 Block N	No480
TYPE OF WELL (as per Well Permit C	ategories) HXITTYXIT	G	Date	vell comple	ted 9 1 8 1	95
Regulatory Program Requiring Well			Case I	neil witible	190/	7:2
CONSULTING FIRM/FIELD SUPERVI	SOR (if applicable)				Tele. #	1
WELL CONSTRUCTION		Depth to	Donth to	T		
Total depth drilled ZZ ft.  Well finished to ZZ ft.		Top (ft.)	Depth to Bottom (ft.) nd surface]	Diameter (inches)		faterial
Borehole diameter:	Inner Casing	6"	12	02	PUC	esta Testa Testa
Topin.	Outer Casing (Not Protective Casing)	· · ·				rig.
Bottomin.	Screen (Note slot size)	12	22	2	Out 1	25.42
Well was finished: above grade	Tail Piece		0.2		PVC.C	ال المراز
If finished above grade, casing	Gravel Pack	17	22	•	30	13 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
height (stick up) above land surfaceft.	Annular Seal/Grout	7	11		Morie #	,2
Was steel protective casing installed?	Method of Grouting	1.			B. Pellets /A	sit luna
Yes No		tlem!	<u>e</u>			
Static water level after drilling	ft.	GEC	LOGIC LOG	(Copie:	s of other geologic lessions of other sections of the section of the sections of the section of the sections of the section	ogs and/or
Water level was measured using		- بسياد			sical logs should b	attached.)
Well was developed forhour			Hucke	d		
Method of development <u>Dury</u>	2	a	MULL			
Was permanent pumping equipment ins	talled? Yes No			· · · · · · · · ·		
Pump capacitygpm				*.		
Pump type:			•			
Drilling Method Ph/_ W/_ CA	Sing					
Orilling Fluid Type of	of Rig B-SU			5 1 5		
Name of Driller Donald (7/4	hamer JR					
lealth and Safety Plan submitted?	Yes No			<del>-</del>		*
evel of Protection used on site (circle on	e) None D C B A		and Alberta		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
I.J. License No						
lame of Drilling Company	THE LESS TIMES	IN:	****			
certify that I have drilled the above-relate rules and regulations.	referenced well in acco	rdance with	all well perm	it requirem	nents and all applic	cable

White & Green - DEPE Canary - Driller Pink - Owner

ATTACHMENT EI

(One 1	orm must be complet	ed ion each veil)	
Name of Permittee:	Peter Austin		
Name of Facility:		Managinal and Minagina	
Location:		Morristown Tire Facilit	
NUPPES Permit No:	69 MOITIS Street, MC	orristown, New Jersey 07	0.60
JUPDES PELLE NO.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•
CERTIFICATION			
Hell Permit Kumber (	As assistanced by STDE	פיר ציין	
ישובים איבובים	ection (609-984-6E3)	2)): 2 5-4 1	В Э
owner's Well Number (			<u> </u>
application or plan		MW-1	
Well Completion Date:		September 8	1992
Distance from Top of	Caring (cap off) to	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•
ground surface (one			· •
motel Depth of Well (		= -22.50 feet	
Depth to Top of Scree		95 :	.•
(one-bundredth of a		<u>-11.62 feet</u>	•
Screen length (feet):		: 10.00 feet	
Screen or Slot Size:		0.020_inch	
Screen or Slot Materi		PVC	
Crains Haterial: (FVC			
Casing Diameter (inch	cs):	2.0 inches	·
Static Water; Level Fr	on Top of Chains at	•	
of Installation (on		•	<del></del>
Yield (gallons per mi	nute):	N/A Monitor	
Length of Time Well P Lithologic Log:	unped or salies:	VIESCH 0 HOUTE 20	<u> Finute</u>
mindrogre roge	•		<del></del>
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#### THIS FORM MUST BE COMPLETED BY THE PERMITTEE OR HIS/HER AGE 00108

GROUND WATER MONIT	CORING WELL CERTIFICATION - F	ORM B - LOCATION CERTIFICATION
Name of Permittee:	PETER AUSTIN	
Name of Facility:	89 MORRIS STREET	
Location:	TOWN OF MORRISTOWN, MORRIS	COUNTY, NEW JERSEY
NJPDES Number:		
LAND SURVEYOR'S CER	RTIFICATION	
Allocation Section,	(As assigned by NJDEP's Wate 609-984-6831): permanently affixed to the	ž5–41836
well casing.	permanentary arraned to the	
Longitude (one-hund	redth of a second):	West 74° 28' 40.07"
Latitude (one hundr	redth of a second):	North 40° 47' 47.61"
Elevation of Top of (one-hundredth of a		329.93'
Elevation of Top of (one-hundredth of a	PVC or Collar (cap off)	329.55'
Owners Well Number application or plan		MW-1
the state of the s		

#### AUTHENTICATION

I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this document and all attachments and that, based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the information, I believe the submitted information is true, accurate and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information including the possibility of fine and imprisonment.

PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR'S SZGNATURE

Gerald G. DeGroat, L.S.

PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR'S NAME

(Please print or type)

SEAL

N.J. L.S. NO. 26791
PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR'S LICENSE



### WELL CONSTRUCTION LOG

(UNCONSOLIDATED)

	h Moun embly	it 1.		
• W.S	eal Set ement		VIP Cleaners/ Project Morristown Tire	_ Well MW-1
*	<b>\</b> +32	9.93 Land Surface	Town/City Morristown	
Cap W/Lock		329.55tt. •, Top of Casing	County Morris Permit No. 25-41836	- State <u>New Jersey</u>
and Seal		6 inch diameter drilled hole	Land-Surface Elevation	
	K	A Wall Good	and Datum329_93 feet	·
	P	Well Casing,  2 inch diameter	Installation Date(s) <u>September 8</u> Drilling Method <u>Air rotary</u>	Estimated
	M	☐ Backfill	Drilling Method	
.*	N	K Grout Portland	Drilling FluidN/A	- DEFENDENT OF THE PROPERTY OF
		7.5 ft* granular	Development Techniques(s) and Date(s)	
		Bentonite granular slurry  11.0 ft * XX pellets	Truck mounted centrifuc	al pump/
••		11.0 ft × XX pellets	evacuate and recharge September 8, 1992	
•				
			Elization D. Inc.	. •
		12.0 ft*	Fluid Loss During Drilling	
			Water Removed During Development _	
		Well Screen.	Static Depth to Water	feet below T.O.
		2 inch diameter	Pumping Depth to Water ————————————————————————————————————	— Hours — leet below T.O.
. <b>.</b>		Gravel Pack	Well Purpose <u>Groundwater sa</u>	mpling,
		Sand Pack	Remedial inves	
		Formation Collapse	subsequent to UST remova	
		22.0 ft*	Remarks <u>Flush</u> mounted com	
- - 		22.5 ft*		
		·		
	•	Measuring Point is		
		Top of Well Casing		
		Unless Otherwise Noted.		
.2	•	*Deoth Below Land Surface	Prepared by	71
		an or osand		ATTACHMENT ATE 4

BORING NO. MW-2 SURFACE ELEV. 329.93' COMPLETION DATE 9-08-92 WATER LEVEL: 6'-0" DATE: JOB NUMBER: 5182

_	CATEL	ع تد تد تدود	) T.A	DAIL		00	J Z .	JOB NOMBER. 3182
, [	Ü	s	S	PR.	М	C	S Y	DESCRIPTION
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.	Î.	SAMPLES	STANDARD	RESHSTANC	Š	COMHEMAN	M B O L	
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1	Ť	S.	D.	TN	E	%		
-1		-		I C				
		· .		й				
,	0-							4" Bituminous concrete, crushed stone sub-base
,	-			7	·			Fill material - gray silty clay, trace to little ash, medium stiff, moist
$\parallel$	_							
				7				
-1				· •				
	5 -			,				
	_			25				<ul> <li>Fill material grading to brown-gray clayey silt, little fine sand, little ash, moist, very stiff</li> </ul>
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-1	-	-		32			<u> </u>	Tight have gilt troop to little fine gand moist
								Light brown silt, trace to little fine sand, moist, very stiff
	_					i	ML .	
-1			. :					
١, ١								and a sure to a company to the sure of the
	15-		}					- grading to very moist
* !	_			23				
*	1 <b>-</b>							
4.0	_		.					
	_						SP	Light brown fine sand, trace to little silt, loose, wet
	20-						}	
	20-	<u> </u>						
, 1	. <b>-</b>	·		8	1		1 .	
1	-		-			•		
1	_	٠.						Boring completed @ 22 1/2' on 9-08-92
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زیرها ا	-		}					
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	30-	<u>l</u>		<u></u>	<u>.                                    </u>		1	
:	PMK	GRO	UP			•		MW15182 , PLATE 2A



January 8, 1993

PRINCIPALS:
Philip M. Keegan
James Ferris, P.E.
Gerald Perricone, P.E.
James Johnston, P.E.

MANAGING PARTNERS
Terry C. Damon
Robert M. Gerard

State of New Jersey
Department of Environmental Protection
and Energy
Division of Responsible Party Site Remediation
401 East State Street
CN 028
Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0028

Attn: Mr. Eric Sussman

RE: REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION ADDENDUM REPORT
UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK CLOSURE
VIP CLEANERS/FORMER MORRISTOWN TIRE FACILITY
89 MORRIS STREET
MORRISTOWN, NEW JERSEY
UST #0228873
TMS #C91-4319
CASE #92-02-14-1003

**PMK GROUP #5182** 

Dear Mr. Sussman:

A review of site specific field logs has indicated that the static groundwater level reading prior to purging and sampling, measured on September 24, 1992 from within the casing of the groundwater monitoring well that had been installed at the subject site, to be 8.96 feet below the adjoining ground surface grade. It appears that this measurement was not included in the text of the Remedial Investigation Report dated November 23, 1992.

Additionally, the Chain of Custody included in the report for the groundwater samples collected from the referenced monitoring well on September 24, 1992 appears to indicate an incorrect date of sample relinquishment. The date on the bottom of the Chain of Custody Record should read 9/24/92, to be consistent with the groundwater sampling date.

ATTACHMENT F

Form DWR-143 7/81



### NEW JERSEY DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION DIVISION OF WATER RESOURCES

ENFORCEMENT & REGULATORY SERVICES

#### COMPLIANCE EVALUATION INSPECTION PUBLIC COMMUNITY WATER SUPPLY

	40			
	1	7	11	~ ~
DATE	/ /	124	1/9	1 _

000113

GENERAL INFORMATION
PURVEYOR PARSIPPANY TROY HILLS WATER DEPARTMENT
FILE LOCATION PARSIPPANY TROY HILLS TWP, MORTISCTY PW.ID # 1429001
MAILING ADDRESS 1001 PARSIPPANY BOULEVARD PARSIPPANY NJ 0705
Tool Tool Ticenses W-4
ADMIN. JACK PERCARD  BUSINESS TELEPHONE # Admin.: 201 263 7399 Licensed Operators: T -4 W -4 FERRAR
FACILITY DESCRIPTION
SOURCES: descriptions, locations, capacities (mgd): 18 ACTIVE WELLS SEE
ATTACHED SHEET A.
Est Tot Eff Cap: 11.628 MC
TREATMENT: source, type, capacities (mgd): GAS CHLORINATION AT ALL
WELLS 1016 CAP.
WELLS 1010 CAP.
Est Tot Eff Cap: 11,628~6
FINISHED WATER STORAGE: descriptions, locations, capacities(mg): 10 ACTIVE STORAGE
TANKS SEC SHEET ATTACHED B
Est Tot Cap: 10.5 M 6
EMERGENCY INTERCONNECTIONS: descriptions, available gallonage(mgd):
6" LINE WITH MOUNTAIN LAKES
6" LINE WITH DENVILLE -
6" LINE WITH PANDOLPH EST TOT AVail:
AUXILIARY POWER: location, type, capabilities: RIGHT ANGLE DRIVE at WELL 17, 13
14, 15, 19 AND BUDSTERS 1, 3,4,5. DIESEL GENERATOR
AT WSU 4,2,8
ATTACHMENT 15



# NIDEP - DIVISION OF WATER RESOURCES PUBLIC COMMUNITY WATER SUPPLY INSPECTION



		DELIVERY INFORMATION	
PLANT DELIVERE (mgd,mor	DWATER only year) Max July 9/	11.810 MED Min FEB9	1 5.243m6D Average 8.12m6D
		EAST MORRIS COUR	
	omer, mgd) NDNE		
NUMBER OF SERV			% METERED 180
AND HOLD AT THECK	CEDVED	PARSIPPANY TROY 1	HILLS TWP
,	£		
			TOTAL ESTIMATED POPULATION SERVICED 48,478
CURRENT/RECEN	TT TIONS & IA US.		
NEW CONSTRUCT	TION bers) NEW BOUS TWO	5 FORWILL #10 1	PAINT THRE TANKS, 16"MA
DISTRIBUTION M	17.11	(min) to	
Distribution	Pressures	Program 1500 / Yealh	<u> </u>
		MONITORING & REPORTIN	<u>IG</u>
	PARAMETER(S)	FREQUENCY REQUIRED	FREQUENCY PERFORMED
	A-280	ZXYR	450 10/90 4/91 12/91
•	Coliform	65 MONTH	88 NONTH THAN 1491
• . •	Inorganics	34/25	
•	Nitrate	1 - 11	2,5,8,11/91
	Trihalomethanes	quarizely	\\ 258\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
· 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Organics		
	Turbidity	2.0	9/88 6/91
	SECONDACIES.	34R)	Degan 8/91
•	Ladiobolical	4 yr	- S Jan 11 4
NAME OF LABORA	ATORY PARTON W	ATER DEPT COLLEGE	(4) CERTIFICATION # 14076
ADDRESS PASS	AIC VAILY WAT	ER COMM	# 16047
, ADDRESS		COMPLIANCE EVALUATION	אכ
COLUDOR DEFICIE	NCIES WILL #7		
SOURCE DEFICIE	NCIES		
		.1,	
3			
TREATMENT DEF	ICIENCIES NOUS		
	<del></del>		
n			





# NEW JERSEY DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION DIVISION OF WATER RESOURCES ENFORCEMENT & REGULATORY SERVICES

# COMPLIANCE EVALUATION INSPECTION PUBLIC COMMUNITY WATER SUPPLY



DATE 12/21/90

DATE / 10
GENERAL INFORMATION
CILITY SOUTHEAST MORRIS COUNTY M. U. A.
TLE LOCATION MORRISTOWN, MORRIS COUNTY PW-ID # 142.4001
ILING ADDRESS 101 WESTERN AVENUE, MORRISTOWN, N.J. 07960
MIN. WILLIAM HUTCHINSON, SUPERINTENDANT REQUIRED T-3 LICENSES W-4  ELEPHONE # Admin. (201) 538-5600 Licensed Operators: T-3  W-4
ELEPHONE # Admin. (201) 538-5600 Licensed Operators: T-3 W-4
326-6866 FACILITY DESCRIPTION
DURCES: descriptions, locations, capacities(mgd): SEE ATTACHMENT #/
Est Tot Eff Cap: 14. 102mGD
ATMENT: source, type, capacities(mgd): SEE ATTACHMENT #/
Est Tot Eff Cap: 14.10ZMGD
SHED WATER STORA Capacities(mg): SEE ATTACHMENT #2
SHED WATER STORA'  (42400)  (45,7,89,11)  ERGENCY INTERCC  (3 = ,34,58,12
ERGENCY INTERCO
" W/ RANDOL (" W/
CEYSTONE (3)
ILIARY POWEF
ENLRATORS
MUIDE POWER FOR DOLL



TAMENT DEFICIENCIES 11948

# NJDEP - DIVISION OF WATER RESOURCES PUBLIC COMMUNITY WATER SUPPLY INSPECTION



y		DELIVERY INFORMATION		· ·
T DELIVERE	D WATER		Annual	
(mgd,mor	ith,year) Max	Min	Average	
BULK PURCHASES	S (provider mgd) FROM	1 MACOS CAUNTY	MUA @ -7MGD.	
BOLKTORCHABLE			,	
JULK SALES (cust	omer, mgd) PACSIPPA	NY TROY HILLS CO	,096MGD	
			~ \( \( \tau \) \( \tau \)	00%
NUMBER OF SERV		<del></del>	% METERED /	
AUNICIPALITIES :	SERVED	1 (0010) ATTSOR	40MSTOWN 4073)	HANDVER
(est, services	meach) Morris 12			ICAPOVIC
TWP (4143)	MOCRIS PLAINS	(1811) MENDHAM	(342) HARDING	(284)
	•		TOTAL FORIMATED	1
FLORHAM P		TROY (22) CHATHAM	21 POPULATION SERVICED	65000
CURRENT/RECEN	IT Alone	•	RANDLPH (13)	
VATER RESTRICT				
(Project Num)				
,	,	111 (min) to 24	"	
DISTRIBUTION M.	AINS: Sizing	(11111) 10	(IIIaA)	
			(max)	
	Hydrants/Flushin	g Program 1800 /ANNIAL		
		MONITORING & REPORTIN	<u>IG</u>	•
				<del></del>
•	PARAMETER(S)	FREQUENCY REQUIRED	FREQUENCY PERFORMED	<b>-</b>   `
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
•	Coliform	75/YEAR 6/MD	OK THOU 11/90	-
	Inorganics	YSARIY	9/90	<b>-</b>
•	Nitrate	+ · · //	1 2 5 9 11 9 6	<del>-</del>
	Trihalomethanes	QUARTERIU	2,5,9,11,90	
•	Organics	3 YRS	12/88 9/90	┥ .
	Turbidity	DAILY	DAILY	<del>-</del>
**************************************	A-280		89/1/85 6/90 8/90	<u>- 1</u>
	SECONDARIES	YEARLY	12/88 6/85 6/90	-
	SodiuM	YEARLY	12/88 11 11	4
•,	RADIOLOGICAL	14yrs	12/88 DUE 92	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	TORY TOWNLEY F	CSEARCH	CERTIFICATION #	18071
NAME OF LABORA	TIOKY _ / DWDIET T	- Comment	CENTIFICATION #	
DDRESS GA	MEN STATE L	AB	•	07044
		10 B		07673
_ VV	tter works 1	COMPLIANCE EVALUATION	<u>NC</u>	
SOURCE DEFICIEN	ICIES NONE			
. <del></del>	4			
•				
	and the second s			the state of the s



### NEW JEKSET DEPAKTMENT OF ENVIKONMENTAL (NOTECTION DIVISION OF WATER RESOURCES ENFORCEMENT & REGULATORY SERVICES

# COMPLIANCE EVALUATION INSPECTION



PUBLIC COMMUNITY WATER SUPPLY

	DATE
GENERAL INFORMATION	
FACILITY Madison Water Department	
FILE LOCATION Madison Borough Morris County	PW-ID # 14 17001
MAILING ADDRESS Municipal Building, Kings Rd., Madison	NJ 07940
ADMIN James Hillison - Two. Administrator Lic	ENSES W- 3
BUSINESS 50 DIBOSSE TELEPHONE # Admin.: (201) 593-3038 Licensed Operators: T-3	(2003T7-300791822-3571 W-7
FACILITY DESCRIPTION	
SOURCES: descriptions, locations, capacities (mgd): Will A (1.08 MGD). John AV	E; Well B (1.69 MGD): John Avz;
. Il C(1.92 MGD). North Pd; Hell D(1.2 MGD). (aveland St; Well E(1.7 MG	D). Niles Are Welk Al Blove
Exmoff-line since June 86 due to Vocantamination. Nell Deredate	ill's foctetrachloroethene
for 9 months during Jan'89 thru May '90 (inclusive)	Est Tot Eff Cap:
TREATMENT: source, type, capacities (mgd): Gas chlorington (W&T. 1016	capacity) at all wells
	Est Tot Eff Cap: 7.59 MGD
FINISHED WATER STORAGE: descriptions, locations, capacities(mg): Two Elevated	
Madison Avenus 0.5 Mg	
Midwood Terrace 0.75 MG	
	Est Tot Cap: 1.25 MG
EMERGENCY INTERCONNECTIONS: descriptions, available gallonage(mgd): O(a) 25(#1)	nents for emergency use for
Florham Bark Water Dept-6"@ Rokedalis Central; 8"@Greenwood	Prosedate 6 Pago rates
outheast Morris County MUA-6" Enforces Tex Kitchell Rel (Morris Tup). (i	Whatham Water Den-1000 Division
n (Chatham Boxo). (1) N. J. Amer. Water Co 8 @ Natchung: Nos (Chatham Tup)	Est Tot Avail: UNKNOWN
AUXILIARY POWER: location, type, capabilities: 101 8 01852 98180 1010	Wells Bt D: gassline on were
generators @Wells Ct E: parable generators avail	lable for Chimation
)	



# NJDEP - DIVISION OF WATER RESOURCES PUBLIC COMMUNITY WATER SUPPLY INSPECTION

560 183 DELIVERY INFORMATION	5ED+188 - Jus 189
LANT DELIVERED WATER 2166 ACD Jug 88	Annual Average 1.755 MGD
BULK PURCHASES (provider med) NON4	Aiciae 1.001,qp
BULK SALES (customer, mgd) Nong	
MINAPED OF SERVICES 14000	
MUNICIPALITIES SERVED Hadison Boragh - 4767 Chatham & Mor	
(susserves in cach) o reserved to the transfer of the	113 IWP -33
TOTAL ESTIMA	ATED
	ERVICED 18,700
WATER RESTRICTIONS NONE  NEW CONSTRUCTION 4"	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Project Numbers) 7 Moin replacement	
DISTRIBUTION MAINS: Sizing 7 (min) to 12" (max)  Pressures 48 psi (min) to 135 psi (max)	
Hydrants/Flushing Program No flushing for 2 yrs.	
MONITORING & REPORTING	
PARAMETER(S) FREQUENCY REQUIRED FREQUENCY PERF	ORMED
A 280 + twice/yy. 2/87 11/89 Coliform* 22/month days 27/month	
Incoming the second of the sec	
Nitrate**	
Trihalomethanes one/quorte 2/89 6/89 9/29	3bx
Organics Play 0781, 1701	
Turbidity	
Radionuclides once/44xs. done 1986	
Steendary Parameters once 340. done 1/4/90	
NAME OF LABORATORY Madison HealHildh CERTIFICA	TION # 14049
ADDRESS 22 CENTED AVE- Notion	
+ Townby Research & Consulting. Inc CEA. # 18071 - 1750 W. Front St., Plainfield, COMPLIANCE EVALUATION	NJ8763
source deficiencies Wells A D consistently exceed maximum containing	(MCL)
the dal - 11 1 - 1711 BLC 1 - 16	AT ISUBSINOY
tetrachloro ofhylene; Wells B E have had concentrations ator above MCI	to for tetrachloroethy
on a periodic bosis; pollution sources (underground storage tanks)	exists within
100ft of all wells.	
TREATMENT DEFICIENCIES DOORS to all Chloring Rooms lack point type ho	rdwx4



# ENFORCEMENT & REGULATORY SERVICES

# COMPLIANCE EVALUATION INSPECTION



PUBLIC COMMUNITY WATER SUPPLY DATE Vuly 27, 1989

GENERAL INFORMATION
CILITY Florham Parl Water Department
ELOCATION Florhom Part Borough / Morris County PW-ID # 14/1001
AILING ADDRESS 111 Ridgedale Ave, Florham Park, N. J. 07932 REQUIRED T-3
MIN. Dwight Longley LICENSES W-4
USINESS  LEPHONE # Admin.: 377-5800 Licensed Operators: T-3 P. Tantillo W-4 R. Tantillo
FACILITY DESCRIPTION
RCES: descriptions, locations, capacities (mgd): Well #/ - Capped and Sculed
11=2 1000 GPM (1.4+MGD) - OH Columbia Avenue.
=3 650 GPM (0.936 MGD) - at the Recreation Field
1#4 - 1300 GPM (1.872 hiGD) - on Elm Street Est Tot Eff Cap: 4.248 hiGD
:ATMENT: source, type, capacities (mgd): All three wells have Gas Chlomatica (WPT - capacity of 10#/day, e
12115 2, 3 and it are sequestered with Sodium Hexametaphosphate for manganese.
chlorine detector and a Scott Air Pack is located in the Well House
Est Tot Eff Cap: 4.248 mGD
INISHED WATER STORAGE: descriptions, locations, capacities (mg): There are two storage tanks.
INISHED WATER STORAGE: descriptions, locations, capacities (mg): There are two storage tanks.
INISHED WATER STORAGE: descriptions, locations, capacities(mg): There are two storage tanks.  1. 0.25 MG elevated tank at Columbia Turnpike.
INISHED WATER STORAGE: descriptions, locations, capacities (mg): There are two storage tanks.
INISHED WATER STORAGE: descriptions, locations, capacities (mg): There are two storage tanks.  1. 0.25 MG elevated tank at Columbia Turnpike.  2. 1.00 MG standpipe at Pollard Avenue.
INISHED WATER STORAGE: descriptions, locations, capacities(mg): There are two storage tanks.  1. 0.25 MG elevated tank at Calumbia Turnpike.  2. 1.00 MG standpipe at Pollard Avenue  Est Tot Cap: 1.25 MG  ERGENCY INTERCONNECTIONS: descriptions, available gallonage(mgd):
INISHED WATER STORAGE: descriptions, locations, capacities(mg): There are two storage tanks.  1. 0.25 MG elecated tank at Columbia Turnpike.  2. 1.00 MG standpipe at Pollard Avenue  Est Tot Cap: 1.25 MG  ERGENCY INTERCONNECTIONS: descriptions, available gallonage(mgd):  1. Madison Water Department: 6-12 /ines - 0.500 MGD
INISHED WATER STORAGE: descriptions, locations, capacities(mg): There are two storage tanks.  1. 0.25 MG elevated tank at Calumbia Turnpike.  2. 1.00 MG standpipe at Pollard Avenue  Est Tot Cap: 1.25 MG  ERGENCY INTERCONNECTIONS: descriptions, available gallonage(mgd):
INISHED WATER STORAGE: descriptions, locations, capacities (mg): There are two storage tanks.  1. 0.25 MG elevated tank at Columbia Turnpike.  2. 1.00 MG standpipe at Pollard Avenue  Est Tot Cap: 1.25 MG  ERGENCY INTERCONNECTIONS: descriptions, available gallonage (mgd):  1. Madisen Water Department: 6-12 /ines - 0.500 MGD  2. Fast Hanever Water Department: 8 /ines - 0.500 MGD  Est Tot Avail: 1.0 MGD
INISHED WATER STORAGE: descriptions, locations, capacities (mg): There are two storage tanks.  1. 0.25 mG elevated tank at Columbia Turnpike.  2. 1.00 mG standpipe at Pollard Avenue  Est Tot Cap: 1.25 mG  ERGENCY INTERCONNECTIONS: descriptions, available gallonage (mgd):  1. Madison Water Department: 6-12 lines - 0.500 mGD  2. East Hansker Water Department: 8" lines - 0.500 mGD  Est Tot Avail: 1.0 mGD  ESt Tot Avail: 1.0 mGD
INISHED WATER STORAGE: descriptions, locations, capacities (mg): There are two storage tanks.  1. 0.25 mG elevated tank at Columbia Turnpike.  2. 1.00 mG standpipe at Pollard Avenue  Est Tot Cap: 1.25 mG  ERGENCY INTERCONNECTIONS: descriptions, available gallonage (mgd):  1. Madison Water Department: 6-12 /ines - 0.500 mGD  2. East Hanever Water Department: 8" lines - 0.500 mGD  Est Tot Avail: 1.0 mGD  EST Tot Avail: 1.0 mGD
INISHED WATER STORAGE: descriptions, locations, capacities (mg): There are two storage tanks.  1. 0.25 mG elevated tank at Columbia Turnpike.  2. 1.00 mG standpipe at Pollard Avenue  Est Tot Cap: 1.25 mG  ERGENCY INTERCONNECTIONS: descriptions, available gallonage (mgd):  1. Madison Water Department: 6-12 lines - 0.500 mGD  2. East Hansker Water Department: 8" lines - 0.500 mGD  Est Tot Avail: 1.0 mGD  ESt Tot Avail: 1.0 mGD





000120

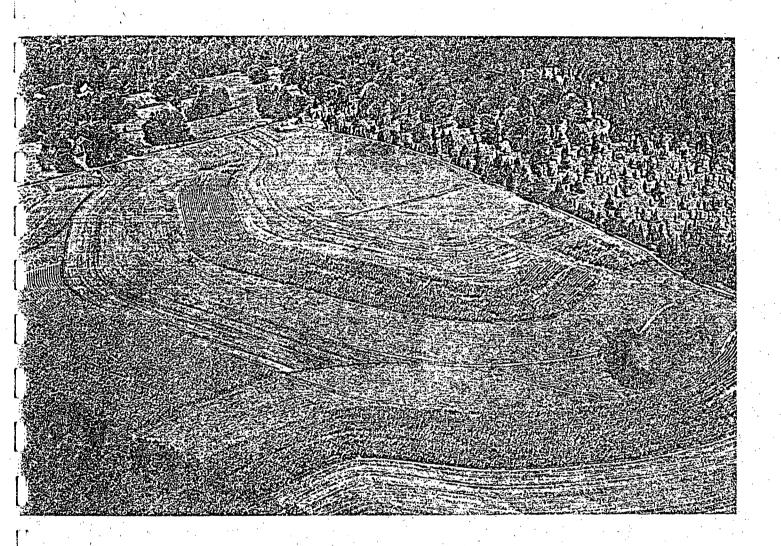
	NJDEP - DIVISION OF WATER RESOURCES PUBLIC COMMUNITY WATER SUPPLY INSPECTION	
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		DELIVERY INFORMA			
T DELIVERE	DWATER July SP		Frb '85'	Annual	7188-6189
(mgd,mor	nth.year) Max 1. 908 M	GD Min	0.875 m	SD Average	1.209 mGD
LK PURCHASES	S (provider mgd) N	ONE			
K SALES (cust	omer, mgd) N	IONE			
JMBER OF SERV			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	% METERED	100
VICIPALITIES :	SERVED				
(est. services	in each) 1. Madison	- 3 Services	·		
· ·	2 East Honei	ver - 10 services		m. I Complete TED	
	3. Balance 1	n Florham Part	T(	OTAL ESTIMATED OPULATION SERVIC	ED 11,579
JRRENT/RECEN	IT.	Days - Launs, Car		•	
/ CONSTRUCT	ION , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
(Project Numl					
TRIBUTION M.	Pressures55	(min) to (min) to Program <u>~ 350 hydron</u> t	90 ps	(max) (max)	
-		MONITORING & REP	ORTING		•
	PARAMETER(S)	FREQUENCY REQUIR	ED FRI	QUENCY PERFORMED	
	Coliform	13 per month		er month	
	Inorganics	Every three year	Dene	2/87; Due 2/9	<u>'0</u>
<b>,</b>	Nitrate	14			
	Trihalomethanes	Four per year	Dine &	88,11/88,2184,7/84.Du	e 9/84, 12/89
	Organics				·
•	Turbidity				
	A 280	Twick per year		11/85, 3/84. Due 12/2	59
1 :	Secondary	Every three years		2/87 Duc 2/90	
	Rudiological	Every four years -	Gtry Done	1956; Dur 1990	
	V		'		
ME OF LABORA	ATORY Madison H	ealth Dept Lab		_ CERTIFICATION	# 14049 15521
ESS	Madison, New v	Prsay Toms	River, N.J.	<u> </u>	
L		COMPLIANCE EVAL	UATION		
		NONE	<u> </u>		
CE DEFICIEN	NCIES	IYUIYE			
4 :					
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>			
		N/ O N/ C			
EA ENT DEF	ICIENCIES	NONE			
			4		

ATTACHMENT G

SOIL SURVEY OF

# Morris County, New Jersey





United States Department of Agriculture Soil Conservation Service

In cooperation with New Jersey Agricultural Experiment Station Cook College, Rutgers University

and the New Jersey Department of Agriculture State Soil Conservation Committee IIC—50 to 96 inches, strong-brown (7.5YR 5/6) and yellowish-brown (10YR 5/6) gravelly fine sandy loam; massive; friable; 15 percent angular pebbles of limestone; mildly alkaline; abrupt, wavy boundary. 10 to 50 inches thick.

R-96 inches, thinly bedded, hard, impure, gray limestone bedrock.

The solum ranges from 40 to 60 inches in thickness. Depth to the fragipan ranges from 20 to 36 inches, and depth to bedrock is 5 to 8 feet or more. In most places the contact of the granitic gneiss drift in the upper part of the profile with the weathered limestone in the lower part of the profile is ill defined. In some places where the drift is very thin, a major part of the solum consists of material formed in material weathered from limestone. In other places the upper material is so thick that the solum includes material weathered from limestone. The content of angular pebbles and cobbles ranges from 5 to 20 percent, and scattered stones are in some places. In areas that are not limed, reaction is medium acid near the surface and neutral to mildly alkaline in the lower part. In areas that are limed, reaction is less acid near the surface.

The A horizon is 10YR in hue, 3 or 4 in value, and 2 to 3

The matrix of the B horizon is 4 or 5 in value and 6 to 8 in chroma. High-chroma mottles are 5YR or 7.5YR in hue, 5 or 6 in value, and 6 to 8 in chroma. Low-chroma mottles are 7.5YR or 10YR in hue, 6 to 7 in value, and 1 to 3 in chroma. Depth to mottles ranges from 10 to 18 inches. This horizon ranges from heavy loam to clay loam or silty clay loam. In most places it has moderate, medium, subangular blocky structure above the fragipan and weak, very coarse, prismatic; weak, very thick, platy; or weak, very coarse, prismatic with massive interiors in the fragipan. The B horizon ranges from friable above the fragipan to firm or extremely firm in the fragipan. The coarse fragments range from almost completely granitic gneiss in the upper part to largely limestone chips in the lower part.

The C horizon has value of 4 or 5 and chroma of 6 to 8. In some places isolated spots or speckles of high chroma are in a lower chroma matrix. These bright spots are small chips of highly weathered limestone. This horizon is loam

to sandy loam and their gravelly analogs.

Turbotville soils are associated with Washington, Bartley, Cokesbury, and Edneyville soils. They have low-chroma mottles, whereas Washington and Edneyville soils are not mottled. Turbotville soils do not have the low-chroma matrix horizon that is common in Cokesbury soils. They have low shows a matrix as a common in Cokesbury soils. have low-chroma mottles nearer to the surface than Bartley

Turbotville loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes (TuA).—This nearly level soil is in swales that cross terraces and at the margins of terraces that extend along the base of valley side slopes. Included in mapping are small areas of Cokesbury and Bartley soils.

The dominant properties that affect the use of this nearly level soil are slow runoff; its low position on the landscape, where it receives drainage from surrounding higher areas; and a water table that is locally perched on the slowly permeable fragipan.

This soil is used for pasture, hay, cultivated crops, and woodland. If it is used for intensive cultivation or improved pasture, improvement of drainage is necessary. Drainage diversions, subsurface interceptor drains, and spot drainage are effective in helping to improve the soil for intensive farming. Poor drainage limits the use of this soil for community development. Capability unit IIw-71.

Turbotville loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes (TuB).—This soil has the profile described as representative of the series. Included in mapping are small areas of Bartley, Edneyville, and Washington soils and some areas of stony or bouldery soils. This soil is in small, narrow waterways or elongated areas at the base of steeper slopes within large areas of better drained soils. It is generally managed along with areas of surrounding soils.

This gently sloping soil has lateral seepage on top of the fragipan and a seasonally perched water table. The

hazard of erosion is moderate.

In areas that are not drained, pasture, hay, and woodland are common uses. For intensive cultivation, improvement of drainage is necessary. Using drainage diversions, subsurface interceptor drains, and spot drainage are suitable practices. In addition, a crop rotation, stripcropping, and diversions help to control erosion. Poor drainage and susceptibility to erosion limit the use of this soil for community development. Establishing a vegetative cover early during development, helps to reduce erosion. Capability unit IIe-71.

#### Urban Land

Urban land consists mostly of areas that are either paved or built upon. The soils in the remaining open spaces have been reworked to the extent that the original profile cannot be recognized. The characteristics of the material are variable.

Areas of Urban land are in community development.

They are not suited to other purposes.

Urban land (Uo).—This mapping unit is in areas that are mostly well-drained, deep sandy, gravelly, or stony material of assorted glacial deposits. The areas are on uplands that mostly range from gently sloping to strongly sloping. The surface has been smoothed and in most places leveled. Included in mapping are areas of moderately steep soils and small areas of undisturbed Rockaway, Hibernia, Riverhead, and Boonton soils and the Ellington loamy subsoil variant. Not assigned to a capability unit.

Urban land, wet (Ub).—This mapping unit is in areas that are mostly poorly drained to very poorly drained silty and clayey soils. These areas are on low positions in the landscape and are nearly level. They have slow permeability and are shallow over a seasonal high water table. Included in mapping were small undisturbed areas of Whippany and Parsippany soils. Most of this mapping unit results from cut and fill operations associated with site preparation to achieve slightly elevated areas of better drained soil. Not assigned to a capability unit.

Urban land-Edneyville complex (Ue).—This complex consists of well-drained gravelly and loamy soils. Slopes range from 3 to 25 percent but are commonly 8 to 15 percent. The depth to bedrock is variable, depending on the amount of cut or fill, but ranges from 1 foot or 2 feet in deep cuts to more than 10 feet in other areas.

This complex is about 45 percent cut and fill land and 40 percent Edneyville soils. The soils are in a complex pattern, and it is impractical to map them separately. Making up the remaining percentage are Parker and other soils. In most places the soil or soil material is 15 to 20 percent angular pebbles, but in deep cuts angular coarse fragments as large as stones are more prevalent.

Permeability is moderate, and the available water capacity is moderate or low. Runoff is moderate to rapid, and the hazard of erosion is moderate to moderately severe. Not assigned to a capability unit.

Urban land-Haledon complex (Uh).—This complex consists of somewhat poorly drained and well-drained soils that have a high proportion of silt and fine sand. Slopes are commonly 3 to 8 percent but range to as much as 15 percent in a few areas. The soil material is more or less gravelly and cobbly glacial deposits of material derived mainly from red and brown shale and sand-stone, traprock, and granitic gneiss. The depth to and the kind of bedrock are variable because of the thickness of the glacial deposits. Fractured red shale and basalt are extensive.

This complex is about 40 percent cut and fill land and a nearly equal percentage of Haledon soils. About 20 percent is Boonton, Holyoke, and other soils.

Depth to the water table is generally more than 10 feet. In areas where the fragipan has not been removed, a seasonally perched water table is on top of the fragipan within a depth of 2 feet. Permeability is slow to very slow in the fragipan. If this complex is used for community development, lateral seepage to foundations and to the surface on steeper slopes and in excavations is likely. Runoff is moderate to rapid, depending on slope. The hazard of erosion is moderate to severe, depending on slope. Not assigned to a capability unit.

Urban land-Neshaminy complex (Uk).—This complex consists of well-drained, gently sloping stony soils. Slopes commonly range from 3 to 8 percent. The soil material is mainly weathered traprock and some small thin fragments of brown shale and sandstone. Depth to bedrock is variable, depending on the amount of excavation or fill, but ranges from 1 foot to more than 10 feet.

This complex is about 40 percent Neshaminy soils and 40 percent soils that have been disturbed by the activities of man to the extent that the original soil profile no longer remains. The soils occur in a complex pattern, and they cannot be mapped separately. Most areas also include small areas of more sloping Neshaminy soils, soils that are similar to this Neshaminy soil but have a mottled subsoil, Penn soils, and Ellington loamy subsoil variants.

This complex is deep over a water table and has moderate permeability, rapid runoff, moderate to severe hazard of erosion, and high available water capacity. Practices are needed to help control runoff and erosion, particularly on deep cuts. Suitable practices include constructing diversions, seeding with adapted grasses to help control erosion, and constructing retaining walls to stabilize deep cuts. Not assigned to a capability unit.

Urban land-Penn complex (Um).—This complex consists of well-drained soils that are underlain by red shale bedrock. It is near the bottom of slopes of the Watchung Mountains. Slopes commonly range from 0 to 10 percent. The soil material is residuum weathered from the underlying shale bedrock.

This complex is about 40 percent cut and fill land and 40 percent Penn soils. The soils are in a complex pattern and cannot be mapped separately. Making up the

rest of the complex are small areas of Klinesville and Reaville soils.

On the sloping soils rapid runoff, a moderate hazard of erosion, and a moderate to low available water capacity are the major limitations. In construction areas, establishment of grass cover and diversion of long slopes by use of diversions or streets are beneficial in controlling runoff and erosion. Not assigned to a capability unit.

Urban land-Preakness complex (Un).—This complex consists of poorly drained, nearly level gravelly and sandy soils. The soil material is loose, relatively unweathered, stratified and sorted sandy and gravelly glacial outwash.

This complex is about 50 percent soils that have been disturbed by the activities of man to the extent that the original profile no longer remains and 40 percent Preakness soils. These soils occur in a complex pattern, and they cannot be mapped separately. Making up the remaining 10 percent are mainly Pompton and Riverhead soils.

Under natural drainage conditions the water table is at or near the surface for long periods during fall, winter, and spring. This complex is subject to flooding for long periods. In many places depth to the water table is increased, and the hazard of flooding is reduced by improved drainage or filling of low areas. Determination of the kind and degree of limitations to use of this complex requires onsite investigation. Not assigned to a capability unit.

Urban land-Riverhead complex (Up).—This complex consists of well-drained, nearly level to strongly sloping sandy and gravelly soils. It is mainly on undulating outwash terraces and plains in valleys, and in basins within and near the granitic highlands. Most areas are within the valleys of the Rockaway and Musconetcong River and in the basin formerly occupied by glacial Lake Passaic in the vicinity of Pompton Plains. Slopes range from 0 to 20 percent but are typically 5 to 12 percent. The underlying material is loose, unweathered, stratified and sorted sand and gravel outwash, mostly of granitic material that contains some shale, sandstone, quartzite, and conglomerate. Coarse fragments are mainly gravel and a few cobbles, but in places there are stones and boulders. Depth to a seasonally high water table is generally more than 10 feet.

This complex is about 55 percent soils that have been disturbed by man to the extent that the original profile no longer remains and 35 percent Riverhead soils. Making up the remaining percentage are areas of Otisville and Pompton soils.

Permeability is rapid, and runoff is moderate. If this complex is used for community development, practices are needed to control runoff and erosion. Using a grass cover and diversions in critical areas are suitable practices. Not assigned to a capability unit.

Urban land-Rockaway complex, gently sloping and sloping (UrC).—This complex consists of well-drained, gently sloping or sloping gravelly sandy loam soils. It is mainly in upland areas of intensive residential or industrial development in the vicinity of Rockaway, Dover, and Boonton. Slopes range from 0 to 15 percent.

ATTACHMENT H

# BUREAU OF FIELD OPERATIONS - SITE ASSESSMENT SECTION REPORT OF PHONE CALL

DATE November 4, 1993	
TIME 10:00 A.M.	
SITE NAME VIP Cleaners	
LOCATION 89 Morris Street, Morristown, Morris County.	
CALLER David Dibblee HSMS IV Personally Identifiable Information	2
PERSON CONTACTED Peter Austin PHONE NO. FRA PRS -	
AFFILIATION Owner, Block 4801 Lot 11, morristown, morris County 8/9/13	
SUMMARY OF CALL Mr Austin returned a call made earlier in the week.	
Permission to enter the V.I.P Cleaners site was granted verbally	
from Mr. Austin. A contact was given by the name David Kawash	
of the Michele Arnold Hair Salon. It was discussed that several	
tenants are at this location; a hair salon, cleaners, auto detailing,	
and a garden center. Mr Austin gave his home phone in Florida.	
(listed above) for further questions and information requests.	
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SIGNATURE SIGNATURE	

ATTACHMENT I



### State of New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection and Energy

Division of Publicly Funded Site Remediation CN 413 Trenton, NJ 08625-0413 Tel. # 609-984-2902

Fax. # 609-633-2360

Jeanne M. Fox Acting Commissioner

Anthony J. Farro Director

TO: VIP Cleaners file

FROM: David Dibblee, HSMS IV

RE: December 13, 1993 Pre Sampling Assessment (PSA)

On December 13, 1993 David Dibblee and Andrew Cyr met with Sonny Din of VIP Cleaners at 89 Morris Street, Morristown, Morris County for an inspection of the facility and interview. Mr. Din explained that approximately 4 years ago he started his business, known as VIP cleaners, at 89 Morris Street. Prior to his business the store was a retail computer shop. Dry cleaning was conducted at the site until approximately 1 1/2 years ago when he ceased dry cleaning operations at the site. At this time he became a "drop" shop where clothes to be dry cleaned are dropped off and picked up by customers. Only "spot" cleaning of clothes is conducted at the site using very small amounts of dry cleaning chemicals. Mr. Din indicated that he believed that the entire site was at one time a dry cleaning business operated by current site owner, Peter Austin. (He believed the name to be Carolina Laundry)

An inspection of the space occupied by VIP Cleaners was conducted which found no floor drains, septic or other pathways to groundwater. The inspection then moved to the outside of the building. No drains, with the exception of a storm drain on the west side of the building, or pathways to ground water were discovered here. The entire site was paved.

Upon completing the exterior inspection we entered the shop located at the rear of the VIP Cleaners store. This was a car detailing and electronics store operated by Curt Bush. Mr. Bush was interviewed regarding his history at the site. He indictaed that he has been at the site for approximately 6 years and prior to his occupancy a lawn mover repair shop operated in his shop space. Mr. Bush believed this business was at the site for only a short time, possibly only a couple of years. To his knowledge prior to the lawnmower shop being at the site, the entire site was known as Carolina Laundry or Cleaners. He also indicated that a small section of the building was used by Morristown Memorial Hospital as a cleaning shop for its linens etc. at the time the entire site was

a dry cleaning operation. Since the section of the building occupied by Mr. Bush contained garage bays it was asked if floor drains existed in these areas. He had indicated that there were floor drains in his garages but that he had these installed himself when he originally opened his business. At this time he displayed photographs of the renovations he had made to the building, including the floor drain installation. These drains are connected to the sanitary sewer.

The remaining shop at the rear of the building was a gardening shop which sold plants and garden supplies. The exterior of this building was inspected which did not reveal any suspect areas of concern. The inspectors left the site at 1100 hours.

ATTACHMENT J



## State of New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection and Energy

Division of Publicly Funded Site Remediation

CN 413

Trenton, NJ 08625-0413 Tel. # 609-984-2902 Fax. # 609-633-2360

Jeanne M. Fox Acting Commissioner

Anthony J. Farro Director

The population residing within a 4-mile radius of the VIP Cleaners site was compiled from the EPA GEMS database and available population data from the 1990 census. For populations within a 1/2 mile of the site, the area for the respective distance interval was calculated in square miles and multiplied by the residents per square mile from the 1990 census.

0 - 1/4 mile:

 $0.25^2 \times 3.14 = 0.19625 \text{ sq. miles } \times 5,510 = 1,080$ 

1/4 - 1/2 mile:

 $0.5^2 \times 3.14 = 0.785 - 0.19625 = 0.58875 \text{ sq. miles } \times 5,510 = 3,245$ 

The remaining population data was taken from the EPA GEMS database for the respective distance intervals.

ATTACHMENT K

INDUSTRIAL CORROSION MANAGEMENT INC. 1152 Route 10 Randolph, NJ 07869 Phone # (201) 584-0330

TASK IV

NJDEPE-CLP FORMAT

INORGANIC/ORGANIC SAMPLE DATA SUMMARY PACKAGE

VI062194 SDG NO. 498

CONTRACT X-26174/A60084
PROFESSIONAL LABORATORY ANALYTICAL
SERVICES FOR NJDEPE

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DIVISION: DPFSR		BUREAU: Site As	sessmen+
CASE NAME: VIOLO2194		CASE #:	
Note: This is a two sided form.	Data Qua	llifiers on reverse side.	

FIELD SAMPLE NUMBERS	LABORATORY SAMPLE NUMBERS	SAMPLE LOCATION	DATE and TIME OF COLLECTION
498	190939	6W- :	u 23 94 1235-1300
499	190940	6W-2	4/23/94 1540 - 1605
501	190941	<u> </u>	6/23/94 1110-1215
502	190942		6/23/94 1110-1215
503	190943	FB-Bailer	6/23/94 1050-1100
504	190944	Trip Blank	· · · · <del></del>
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LABORATORY NAME: In	dustrial Corresion Majort. In	LOCATION: Bendalph, NZ
NUDEPE CERTIFICATION No: (IF APPLICABLE)		DATE SUBMITTED: 8/2/94
Paula K Blaze LABORATORY QA OFFICER		LABORATORY OA/OFFICER:
(PRINT) Richard S. Levine		(SIGNATURE) June
LABORATORY MANAGER: (PRINT)		LABORATORY/MANAGER: (SIGNATURE)
NIDERE FORM LAA (0/01)		

NUDEPE FORM X-1X (SVST)

## VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

Lab N	lame: ICM, Inc.		Contract:	A 6 0 0 D 4		198	
			CONTURACUE	A60084			i
Lab C	Code: ICM	Case No.:	SAS No.:	• *	SDG No.:	498	
Matri	x: (soil/water)	WATER	L	ab Samp	le ID:		
Sampl	e wt/vol:	5.000 (g/mL) ML	L	ab File	ID: CO841	·,	
Level	: (low/med) L	.ow	D	ate Rec	eived: 06/	/24/94	
% Moi	sture: not dec.		D	ate Ana	lyzed: 07/	'03/94	•
GC Co	lumn: SP1000	ID: 2.00 (mm)	D	ilution	Factor:	1.0	
Soil	Extract Volume:	(uL)	Si	oil Ali	quot Volum	ne:	_ (uL)
	CAS NO.	СОМРОИМО	CONCENTI (ug/L o			Q	
'र	74-87-3	Chloromethane			10.	 	1
	1 74-83-9	Chloromethane	<del></del>	:	10.		1
	75-01-4	Vinyl Chloride		!	10.		1
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	TTTLDIDYCQTDADA			10.	10	
	1 75-09-2	Methylene Chlo		;	10.	•	1
		TTTACETODE				- IU	
· 数.	75-15-0	Carbon Disulfi	 de		10.		i
,	/3-33-4	1.l-Dichloroet	hene		10. 10.	; U ; U	i
• • .	1 75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroet	hano	;	10.		i s.
	, J40-J3-0		hono (tata)	13 1	10.		
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-	1 71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichlor	nethane	;	10.	. !U . !U	i
	56-23-5	Carbon Tetrach	loride		10.	10	i 1 (. )
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l	79-01-6	Trichloroethene	a 		10.	U   U	1
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	71-43-2	Benzene	116116		10.	10	1
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	75-25-2	Bromoform	, -p, -pells	!	10.	10	1
	108-10-1	4-Methyl-2-Pent	tanone	(	•	יוו	i •
	591-78-6	2-Hexanone	- ~!!~!! =		10.	יוי	
	127-18-4	Tetrachloroethe			10.	10	1
4	79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrack	loroethaaa	<u>'</u>	10.	!U	ř
	108-88-3	Toluene	ve unant	= , <u></u> ! !	10. 10.	. IU 	1
					10.	11.1	•

108-90-7----Chlorobenzene

100-41-4----Ethylbenzene\_\_\_\_\_ 100-42-5----Styrene

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#### 1E VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

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ab Name: ICM, Inc.	Contract:	A60084		498	
Lab Code: ICM Case No.:	SAS No.:		SDG No	.: 498_	_
atrix: (soil/water) WATER		Lab Sample	⊋ ID:		
Sample wt/vol: 5.000 (g/mL) M	L	Lab File	ID: COE	41	
evel: (low/med) LOW		Date Rece	ived: 0	6/24/94	
Moisture: not dec		Date Analy	/zed: 0	7/03/94	
3C Column: SP1000 ID: 2.00 (mm)		Dilution f	actor:	1.0	
oil Extract Volume: (uL)		Boíl Aliqu	uot Vol	ume:	(uL)
Number TICs found: 0		TRATION UN or ug/kg)			
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FORM I VOA-TIC

3/90

### 1B SEMIVOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

EPA SAMPLE NO.

o Name: ICM, Inc.	Contract: A600	84	498
	SAS No.:	SDG No.	: 498
rix: (soil/water) WATER	Lab S	ample ID: 19	0939
ple wt/vol: 1050.0 (g/mL) ML	Lab F	ile ID: I210	8 ·
: (low/med) LOW	Date !	Received: 06	/24/94
oisture: decanted: (Y/N)_		Extracted: 0	
entrated Extract Volume: 1000.0 (		Analuzod. 07	120101
éction Volume: 2.0 (uL)	•	• .	$(X_{ij})_{ij} = \{ x_i \in \mathcal{X}_{ij} \mid x_i \in \mathcal{X}_{ij} \}$
Cleanup: (Y/N) N pH:	DITUC	ion Factor:	1.0
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CAS NO. COMPOUND	CONCENTRATION (ug/L or ug/	ON UNITS: 'Kg) UG/L	Q
108-95-2Phenol:		1.0	T
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1	Chloropropane)	10.	Ü
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1   VOCTOGE /N-N1++0co-21-5	-propylamine	10.	Ü
		10.	Ü
98-95-3Nitrobenzene		10.	Ü
78-59-1Isophorone		10.	U
88-75-52-Nitrophenol		10.	Ū
105-67-92,4-Dimethylpha	enol	10.	U
111-91-1bis(2-Chloroeth 120-83-22,4-Dichlorophe	oxy) methane	10.	ט
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83-32-9Acenaphthene		10.	U
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FORM I SV-1

#### EPA SAMPLE NO.

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s DG	No.: 498
Lab Sample ID:	190939
Lab File ID: I	12108
Date Received:	06/24/94
Date Extracted	l: 06/29/94
Date Analyzed:	07/20/94
Dilution Facto	or: 1.0
NTRATION UNITS:	
or ug/Kg) UG/I	
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FORM I SV-2

SEMIVOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED

EPA SAMPLE NO.

INMINITARDI IDEMILITED COMPO	
b Name: ICM, Inc. Contrac	t: A60084 498
Code: ICM Case No.: SAS No	.: SDG No.: 498
trix: (soil/water) WATER	Lab Sample ID: 190939
uple wt/vol: 1050.0 (g/mL) ML	Lab File ID: I2108
vel: (low/med) LOW	Date Received: 06/24/94
oisture: decanted: (Y/N)	Date Extracted: 06/29/94
ncentrated Extract Volume: 1000.0 (uL)	Date Analyzed: 07/20/94
ection Volume: 2.0 (uL)	Dilution Factor: 1.0
C Cleanup: (Y/N) N pH:	
impor iii ca fainda a	ENTRATION UNITS:

(ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/L CAS NUMBER COMPOUND NAME RTEST. CONC. UNKNOWN UNKNOWN 12.71 5. UNKNOWN 16.48 . 3.

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FORM I SV-TIC

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ETH SHITTE HU.

498 Contract: A60084 -'b Name: IUM, Inc. i ......i Case No.: SAS No.: SDG No.: 498 ab Code: ICM Lab Sample ID: 190939 trix: (soil/water) WATER Lab File ID: 01249 sample wt/vol: 1040.0 (a/mL) ML decanted: (Y/N)\_\_\_ Date Received: 06/24/94 Moisture: rtraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) SEPF Date Extracted: 06/29/94 Date Analyzed: 07/19/94 oncentrated Extract Volume: 10000.0 (uL) Dilution Factor: jection Volume: 1.0 (uL) iPC Cleanup: (Y/N) N Sulfur Cleanup: (Y/N) N pH: 6.8 CONCENTRATION UNITS: (úg/L or ug/Kq) UG/L Q COMPOUND CAS NU. 319-84-6----alpha-BHC \_\_\_\_\_; .048 ΙU 319-85-7----beta-8HC\_\_\_\_\_| .048 : U .048 319-86-8----delta-BHC \_\_\_\_\_| : U 58-89-9----gamma-BHC (Lindane) \_\_\_\_\_| :U .048 : U .048

76-44-8-----Heptachlor\_\_\_\_: 309-00-2----Aldrin\_\_\_\_\_i 1024-57-3----Heptachlor epoxide\_\_\_\_\_ 959-98-8----Endosulfan I\_\_\_\_\_ 60-57-1----Dieldrin\_\_\_\_; 72-55-9----4,4'-DDE\_\_\_\_\_\_ 72-20-8----Endrin\_\_\_\_\_| 33213-65-9----Endosulfan II \_\_\_\_\_ 72-54-8-----4,4'-DDD\_\_\_\_\_\_ 1031-07-8-----Endosulfan Sulfate\_\_\_\_ 72-43-5----Methoxychlor\_\_\_\_\_

53494-70-5----Endrin ketone \_\_\_\_\_: 7421-93-4-----Endrin aldehyde \_\_\_\_\_ 5103-71-9----alpha-Chlordane 5103-74-2----qamma-Chlordane 8001-35-2----loxaphene 12674-11-2----Arocior-1016\_\_\_\_\_ 11104-28-2----Aroclor-1221 : 11141-16-5----Aroclor-1232 | 53469-21-9----Aroclor-1242\_\_\_\_\_| | 12672-29-6-----Aroclor-1248\_\_\_\_\_| i 11097-69-1----Aroclor-1254\_\_\_\_\_| : 11096-82-5----Aroclor-1260\_\_\_\_\_

.048 : U :U .048 IU .048 IU .096 .096 HU ΙÚ .096 .096 . 10. HU .096 10 .096 .096 i U . 48 10 . 096 "IU .096 :U .048 ŧυ .048 : U 4.8 ;U :U .96 ;U 1.9 . 36 10 . 96 : Ш -.96 IU ŀU . 96 ΙÚ . 96

FORM I PEST

3/90

#### 1 INORGANIC ANALYSES DATA SHEET

EPA SAMPLE 000141

Code: rix (soil/wate) el (low/med) olids: Con	ater): WATE ): LOW0. ncentration CAS No. 7429-90-5	 0	/L or mg/kg dr	<u>).</u>	ole ID:	190939 <u> </u>	<del></del>
el (low/med)	): LOW0. ncentration CAS No. 7429-90-5	O Units (ug,		Date Rec	ceived:	06/24/94	<u> </u>
olids:	CAS No.	- 0 Units (ug,		<u>).</u>			•
	CAS No.	Units (ug,		y weight)	: UG/L_	•	•
Coi	CAS No.			y weight)	: UG/L_		
	7429-90-5	Analyte					
	7429-90-5	Analyte			T_   .		•
			Concentration	C  Q	M	•	
		Aluminum	5070	-	- P		
	. ,	Antimony	29.8		-   P	.* .	
	7440-38-2	Arsenic	1.9		- F-	•	
	7440-39-3	Barium	119		- P	• V.	
	7440-41-7	Beryllium	0.30		- P		
	7440-43-9	Cadmium	1.9		- P-		
	7440-70-2	Calcium	112000		- P		
	7440-47-3	Chromium	10.2	-	- P-		
	7440-48-4		4.6				
*	7440-50-8	Copper	18.8		P_		
*	7439-89-6	Iron		<sup>p</sup>	[P_]	*.	
*	7439-89-6	Lead	10700	-	P_		
L. Company	7439-95-4	Magnesium	5.9 49500		F_	•	
. · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7439-95-4			-	P_	#16 ************************************	
, , <u>,</u> , ,		Manganese Mercury	260	<u></u>	P	·	
	7440-02-0	Nickel	0.10		C∆		
			8.1	<u> </u>	_ P		
	7440-09-7	Potassium		B	P		:
1	7782-49-2	Selenium_	1.4		F_		
		Silver	2.7	U	P P	•	
	7440-23-5	Sodium	68800	_			
		Thallium_	2.0	BW	F_	•	
	7440-62-2	Vanadium_	23.4	В	P_		
	7440-66-6	Zinc	47.3		P_		•
		Cyanide	19.6		AS		
4				<u>.                                    </u>	.	<u> -</u>	+ ' '
r Before:	WHITE	Clarit	y Before: CLOU	JDY	Texture	<b>:</b>	
r After:	COLOBLECC	. , :			:	· . · · · · ·	<del></del>
I AICEI:	COLORDESS	Clarit	y After: CLEA	AR_	Artifac	ts:	
ents:			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	מסם פעדתעם	CVANTOR CO	T OD /OT X D T M V T Y	INODIEI MT o	NT .		
AMPLE_CONTA	TWG GOME GE TWITAT LOK	_CIANTDE_CO	LOR/CLARITY_IN	OLTAMNO 1	N •	· · · · · ·	•
TID_CONTA	TH9_SOME_SE	THENT.			<del></del>		-
	<del></del>				·		1 T
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·				

ILMO3.0

VOLATI	LE ORGANICS ANALY	YSIS DATA :	SHEET			
o Name: ICM, Inc.		Contract:	A60084	4	99	
o Code: ICM	Case No.:	SAS No.:	٤	DG No.:	498	•
atrix: (soil/water)	WATER	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_ab Sample	ID:		
nple wt/vol:	5.000 (g/mL) ML	ł	_ab File ID	: C0842		
evel: (low/med) L	OW		Date Receiv	ed: 06/	24/94	
Yoisture: not dec.		1	Date Analyz	ed: 07/	03/94	
C.Column: SP1000	ID: 2.00 (mm)	i	Dilution Fa	ctor:	1.0	
1.1 Extract Volume:	(uL)/	•	Boil Alique	t Volum	P:	_ (uL)
			TRATION UNI			
CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L (	or ug/Kg) U	IG/L 	Q 	
74-83-9 75-01-4 75-00-3 75-09-2 67-64-1 75-15-0 75-35-4 75-34-3 540-59-0 67-66-3	ChloromethaneBromomethaneVinyl ChlorideChloroethaneMethylene ChloAcetoneCarbon Disulfi1,1-Dichloroet1,2-DichloroetChloroform1,2-Dichloroet	dehene		10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10.	U	
71-55-6 56-23-5 75-27-4 78-87-5 10061-01-5 79-01-6 124-48-1 79-00-5	2-Butanone 1,1,1-Trichlor Carbon Tetrach Bromodichloron 1,2-Dichloropr cis-1,3-Dichlor Trichloroether Dibromochlorom	oethanenloride nethane ropane propropene ne		10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10.	U	
71-43-2 10061-02-6 75-25-2 108-10-1 591-78-6 127-18-4 79-34-5	Benzenetrans-1,3-DichBromoform4-Methyl-2-Per2-HexanoneTetrachloroeth	nloroproped ntanone	ne	10. 10. 10. 10. 30.	10 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10 1	
108-88-3	Toluene	A STATE OF THE STA	1. :	10.	10 1	

IU

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11

10

10.

10.

10.

10.

108-90-7----Chlorobenzene

--Xylene (total)

100-41-4----Ethylbenzene\_\_\_

100-42-5----Styrene

### VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

EPA SAMPLE NO.143

ab Name: ICM, Inc	•	Contract:	A60084	499_	
ab Code: ICM	Case No.:	SAS No.:		SDG No.: 49	8
trix: (soil/wate	r) WATER	L	ab Sampl	e ID:	
Sample wt/vol:	5.000 (g/mL) ML	- L	ab File	ID: C0842	
vel: (low/med)	L'OM		ate Rece	ived: 06/24/	94
Moisture: not de	C •		ate Anal	yzed: 07/03/	94
Column: SP1000	ID: 2.00 (mm)	D	ilution	Factor: 1	. 0
il Extract Volume	e: (uL)	S	oil Aliqu	ot Volume:	(uL)
Number TICs found	• 0		RATION U r ug/Kg)		
CAS NUMBER	COMPOUND N	AME ;	RT :	EST. CONC.	0
1.		=======			
3		',			

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#### 1B SEMIVOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

EPA SAMPLE NO.

ab Name: ICM, Inc.	499	
b Code: ICM Case No.:	SAS No.: SDG	No.: 498
trix: (soil/water) WATER	Lab Sample ID	
ample wt/vol: 1000.0 (g/mL) MI	•	
'vel: (low/med) LOW	Date Received:	
Moisture: decanted: (Y/N)	·	
ncentrated Extract Volume: 1000.0		
njection Volume: 2.0 (uL)	Dilution Facto	•
C Cleanup: (Y/N) N pH:		
CAS NO. COMPOUND	CONCENTRATION UNITS: (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/I	Q
108-95-2Phenol 111-44-4bis(2-Chloroe 95-57-82-Chloropheno 541-73-11,3-Dichlorob 106-46-71,4-Dichlorob 95-50-11,2-Dichlorob 95-48-72-Methylpheno 108-60-12,2'-oxybis(1 106-44-5	penzene penzen	10. U

## 1C SEMIVOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

Name: ICM, Inc.	Contract:	A60084	499	
lode: ICM Case No.:	SAS No.:	SDG	No.: 498	
cix: (soil/water) WATER	I	Lab Sample ID:	: 190940	
e wt/vol: 1000.0, (g	/mL) ML I	Lab File ID: 1	I2109	•
: (low/med) LOW	·	Date Received:	: 06/24/94	
sture: decanted	: (Y/N) I	Date Extracted	d: 06/29/94	•
centrated Extract Volume:	1000.0 (uL) I	Date Analyzed	: 07/20/94	
tion Volume: 2.0 (uL)		Dilution Facto	or: 1.0	
Cleanup: (Y/N) N	pH:			•
		TRATION UNITS		
CAS NO. COMPOU	ND (nd/r c	or ug/Kg) UG/	L Q	<b>-</b> 1
51-28-52,4-Di 100-02-74-Nitr 132-64-9Dibenz 121-14-22,4-Di 84-66-2Diethy 7005-72-34-Chlo 86-73-7Fluore 100-01-64-Nitr 534-52-14,6-Di 86-30-6N-Nitr 101-55-34-Brom 118-74-1Hexach 87-86-5Pentac 85-01-8Phenam 120-12-7Anthra 86-74-8Carbaz 84-74-2Di-n-b 206-44-0Fluora 129-00-0Pyrene 85-68-7Butylb 91-94-13,3'-D 56-55-3Benzo( 218-01-9Chryse 117-81-7bis(2-117-84-0Di-n-c) 205-99-2Benzo( 207-08-9Benzo( 193-39-5	ophenol ofuran nitrotoluene lphthalate rophenyl-phenyleth ne oaniline nitro-2-methylphen osodiphenylamine ophenyl-phenyleth lorobenzene hlorophenol threne cene ole outylphthalate nthene enzylphthalate lichlorobenzidine a) anthracene ne Ethylhexyl) phthalate b) fluoranthene k) fluoranthene a) pyrene o(1,2,3-cd) pyrene	hernol(1)_er	25. U 10. U 10. U 10. U 25. U 10. U	
191-24-2Benzo(			10. U	_
(1) - Cannot be congrete	a fram dishantlam	1 2 2		

FORM I SV-2

# 1F SEMIVOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

EPA SAMPLE NO.

b Name: ICM, Inc.		Contract	A60084	499_	·
b Code: ICM Ca	se No.:	SAS No.	<b>!</b>	SDG No.: 49	8
trix: (soil/water) W	ATER		Lab Sample	ID: 190940	
mple wt/vol: 100	0.0 (g/mL) ML	•	Lab File I	D: I2109	
vel: (low/med) LOW			Date Recei	ved: 06/24/	94
Moisture: d	ecanted: (Y/N)_		Date Extra	cted: 06/29	/94
ncentrated Extract V	olume: 1000.0 (	uL)	Date Analy	zed: 07/20/	94
jection Volume: 2	.0 (uL)		Dilution F	actor: 1	.0
Cleanup: (Y/N) N	рн:	<u>.</u>	1		
umber MICa found. 1	•	CONCEN	TRATION UN	ITS:	

(ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/L

UNKNOWN	CAS NUMBER	COMPOU	IND NAME	RT	EST. CONC.	Q
134-62-3 DIETHYL METHYL BENZAMIDE 16.65 4. J	2 3 4 5. 65-8 6 7 8 9. 143-0	- UNKNOWN - UNKNOWN 5-0 BENZOIC ACID - UNKNOWN - UNKNOWN - UNKNOWN - UNKNOWN 7-7 DODECANOIC ACI	D	9.81 10.50 11.24 11.47 12.50 12.89 12.95	3. 2. 2. 10. 6. 20. 4.	J BJ J BJ J
	0. 134-6 1. 22. 33. 44. 55.	2-3 DIETHYL METHYL	BENZAMIDE		. =,	

	3	
rab Name: ICM, Inc.	Contract: A60084	
ab Code: ICM Case No.:	SAS No.: SDG No.: 498	•
atrix: (sòil/water) WAIER	Lab Sample ID: 190940	
<pre>dample wt/vol: 1050.0 (q/mL)</pre>	ML Lab File ID: 01250	
Moisture: decanted: (Y/	/N) Date Received: 06/24/94	
vtraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) SEPF	Date Extracted: 06/29/94	
lencentrated Extract Volume: 10000.		
jection Volume: 1.0 (uL)	Dilution Factor: 1.0	
PC Uleanup: (Y/N) N pH:	6.8 Sulfur Cleanup: (Y/N) N	
CAS NO. COMPOUND	CONCENTRATION UNITS: (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/L Q	
319-84-6alpha-BHU 319-85-7beta-BHU 319-86-8delta-BHU 58-89-9qamma-BHU (L 76-44-8Heptachlor 309-00-2Aldrin 1024-57-3Heptachlor e 959-98-8	.048   U   .095   U	
1. 1001-35-2	4.8 IU .95 IU 1.9 IU .95 IU	
126/2-29-6Arocior-1248	95 (8 )	

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.95

| U

### 1 INORGANIC ANALYSES DATA SHEET

	١
499	
	1

ode:		se No.:	SAS No.:		SDG No.: 498 e ID: 190940	<del>-</del>
c (soil/wa	ater): WATE	3		, –		-
(low/med)	LOW_	<del>-</del>		Date Rece	ived: 06/24/94	,
ds:	0.0	)			•	
	<del></del>		/T ma/lea dri	. weight).	IIG/T.	
Cor	ncentration	Units (ug/	L or mg/kg dry	weight).	00/ 12_	
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	1					
	CAS No.	Analyte	Concentration	C Q	M	
		3 7 2	114000		P	1
	7429-90-5	Aluminum_	29.8		P	
	7440-36-0	Antimony_	5.6	$\left  \frac{\sigma}{B} \right  = W$	F	
-	7440-38-2	Arsenic Barium	801		p-	
	7440-39-3	Beryllium			p	
	7440-41-7	Cadmium	1.9	0	P	
,	7440-43-9	Calcium	138000		P_	
	7440-70-2	Chromium	208		P	
•	7440-48-4	Cobalt	92.9		P_	
	7440-50-8	Copper	312		P	
	7439-89-6	Iron	215000		P_	
	7439-92-1	Lead	115		F_	
	7439-95-4	Magnesium	75600		P	
	7439-96-5	Manganese	6110		P	
•	7439-97-6	Mercury	0.10		c⊽	
	7440-02-0	Nickel	961		P_ P	: -
	7440-09-7	Potassium	14900		F	-
	7782-49-2	Selenium_	8.5		P	
	7440-22-4	Silver	2.7	1 7/1	P	
	7440-23-5	Sodium	108000	B	F	
	7440-28-0	Thallium_			P_	
	7440-62-2	Vanadium_	745		P_	
• •	7440-66-6	Zinc	10.0		AS	
		Cyanide_	-	′ °		
	J	_	.	-1-1	. <del></del>	
Before:	LT_BROWN_	Clari	ty Before: CLC	YDU	Texture:	
Defore.		a	* 4*		Artifacts:	
After:	COLORLESS	Clari	ty After: CLI	AK_:	711-011-00-1	
	4					
nts:		OWNITTE (	COLOR/CLARITY_	NFORMATIC	N	
E_CASE_NA	RRATIVE FO	CIMPIUE_(	CHOIN CHURTITE.			Ç.
WELE CON	TAINS_SOME_S	DEDTHUR T.				

FORM I - IN

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аЬ М	lame: ICM, Inc.		Contract	: A6008	4	!	501	:
ab C	ode: ICM	Case No.:	SAS No.	:	SDG	No.:	498	·
atri	x: (soil/water	WATER		Lab Sa	mple ID	: .		
ampl	e wt/vol:	5.000 (g/mL) ML		Lab Fi	le ID:	C0836	•	
evel	: (low/med) [	_OW		Date R	eceived	: 06/	24/94	
Moi	sture: not dec	·		Date A	nalyzed	: 07/	03/94	•
ć Co	lumn: SP1000	ID: 2.00 (mm)		Diluti	on Fact	or:	1.0	
) <b>i 1</b>	Extract Volume:	(uL)		Soil A	liquot	Volum	e:	(uL)
:			CONCÉ	NTRATIO	N UNITS	:		
	CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L	or ug/	Kg) UG/I	Ŀ	Q	
	1 74-87-3	Chloromethane	<del></del>	<u>-</u>		10.		-
	1 74-83-9	Bromomethane				10.	10	
٠, .	75-01-4	Vinyl Chloride				120.	\	i
	75-00-3							1 1
٠.	75-09-2	Methylene Chl.				6.	J	i .
	67-64-1	Acetone Carbon Disulfi	Jr 108			10.	!U	i
	75-15-0	Carbon Digules				10.	IU ·	. i
	1 75-35-4		. de	!		10.	; U	i
	75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroet	nene	!		2.	IJ	
•	540-59-0	1,1-Dichloroet	nane			10.	!U _	1
•	67-66-3	1,2-Dichloroet	nene (to	car)i	1	B20.	i E	
	107-06-2	Chloroform_ 1,2-Dichloroet		!		10.	IU.	
•	! 78-93-2		nane	!	•	10.	l U	
:	71-55-6	2-Butanone				10.	. IU	1
	56-22-5	1,1,1-Trichlor	oethane	!	1	10.	IU	
	75-27-4	Carbon Tetrack	ntoride			10.	i U	
	1 70-07-5	Bromodichloron	nethane			10.	!U	<u>.</u> 1
•	10061-01 5	1,2-Dichloropr	.obaue			10.	ľU	1
	1 TOOOT-01-3	·015+1, X-Dichle	`Y	_ '			l U	1.
•	1 124-49 4	Trichloroether	1e		•	430.	I E	T
	1 124-46-1	nrowochforou	nethane	!		10.	i U	1, ,
	71-49-2	1,1,2-Trichlor	oethane .	!	*•	10.	:U	$\mathcal{A}_{-}$
	! 10061-03 C	Benzene				10.	יוו	
. i	1 10001-02-6	'trans-1.3-D1cr	lloronrans	ane !		10.	l U	1 10
`a (	· /5-25-2	Bromoform		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		10.	1U	1
i	, 100-10-1		t anno			10.	10	1
	1 231-/8-6	2-Hexanone		1		10.	:U	1
	12/-10-4	etrachloroetr	PDP		17	700.	1 E	1
	/ 3-34-5	1.1.2.2-Tetrac	hloroetha	ine!		10.	· 1U	1
; 1	100-08-3	foluene		r.		10.	ΙŪ	
ļ	100-50-/	TTTUNIOR ODERZERE		. !	• •	10.	i u	1
- 1	100-41-4	thyinenzene				10.	IU	
i,	, 100-42-3	styrene		2	er e	10.	Ü	1
· · · ·	1330-20-7	Xylene (total)		·		10.	Ιυ.	

# VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

EPA SAMPLE NO.

•	TENTATIVELY IDENTIFI	ED COMPOUN	NDS		<del>000</del> 4;
lab Name: ICM, In	,		: A60084	501	
Lab Code: ICM	Case No.:	SAS No.:		SDG No.: 498_	
latrix: (soil/wat	•		Lab Sampl		
Sample wt/vol:	5.000 (g/mL) ML			ID: C0836	
evel: (low/med	I) LOW			ived: 06/24/94	
% Moisture: not d	lec			yzed: 07/03/94	
⊴C Column: SP1000	ID: 2.00 (mm)			Factor: 1.0	٠.
oil Extract Volu				uot Volume:	
		•	TRATION U		(uL)
Number TICs foun	d: 0		or ug/Kg)		
CAS NUMBER	COMPOUND NA	ME	RT	! EST. CONC.	; ; Q ;
1		•	1		
3			!		!!
5			!		
7.	!		'i		
			\$		
11		!			
.13					
15.		:	'		
17				!	
17.				'	
20.		!			
22.		!	i		!
24		<u>-</u>			
26		!	<u> </u>		

FORM I VOA-TIC

### VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

EPA SAMPLE NO.

501	-	•	DL
-----	---	---	----

o Name: ICM, Inc.

Contract: A60084

ab Code: ICM Case No.:

SAS No.:

SDG No.: 498

Lorix: (soil/water) WATER

Lab Sample ID:

[hple wt/vol:

.250 (g/mL) ML

Lab File ID: CO844

evel: (low/med) LOW

Date Received: 06/24/94

10isture: not dec.\_\_\_\_

Date Analyzed: 07/03/94

Column: SP1000 ID: 2.00 (mm)

Dilution Factor: 20.0

l Extract Volume: \_\_\_\_ (uL)

Soil Aliquot Volume: \_\_\_\_ (uL)

i ! 74-87-9			1
! 74-07-3 ! 74-07-0	Chloromethane	_  200.	! []
! 75-01-1	Bromomethane	_1 200.	ו ו
· / _ / _ /	V10VI [bforida	200	, IU
. , /3-00-3	unioroethane	200	υi
1 / 3-03-2	Methylene Chloride	_! 200.	וו ו
0/-64-1	Acetone	_1 200.	· 10
	TTTTLAYDOD Digulatida	1 170,000	.clu
·	l.1-Dichloroethene	_1 200.	10
/ / / - 34-3	i,i-bichloroethane	200	. IU
1 1 340-33-0	1.2-Dichloroethene (total)	730.	. 1.
6/-66-3	Chloroform	! 200	١U
10/-00-2	TTTT1.ZTD1CN1Oroethane	! ኃሳላ	ΙU
/8-33-3	====2=Butanone	! 200	!U
, , <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	l.l.l-lrichloroethane	200	ΙŪ
JD-23-5	Carbon Tetrachloride	1 200	١Ū
/3-2/,-4	Bromodichloromethane	200	ΙŪ
/0-0/-5	1.2-Dichloropropage	200	· iu
	C15-1.3-Dichloropropens	200	- 10
/ 3-01-6	irichloroethaaa	1 000	
174-40-1	TTTTUIDYOMOCHIOYOMethane	! 200	ΙU
/ 5-00-3	l.l.Z- rlch oroethane	200.	10
/1-43-2	Benzene		ΙÜ
10061-02-6	trans-1.3-Dichloroprocess	200.	U
70-20-2	Bromoform	200	10
108-10-1	4-Methvl-2-Pentanone	200.	Ιυ
コンエー/ローロー	2-Hexanone	200.	:0
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene	2600.	
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	2000	•
108-88-3	Taluana		IU
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	200.	IU
100-41-4		200.	, IU
100-42-5	Ethylbenzene Styrene'	200.	U
· · — —	Xylene (total)	200. 200.	! U

# VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

TE	ENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED CUMPUL	פטאנ	501	DL I
) Name: ICM, Inc	Contract	: A60084		
ab Code: ICM	Case No.: SAS No.	. :	SDG No.: 498	<u>-</u>
trix: (soil/wate	er) WATER	Lab Sample	e ID:	
ample wt/vol:	.250 (g/mL) ML	Lab File	ID: CO844	
_vel: (low/med)	LOW	Date Rece	ived: 06/24/94	
Moisture: not de	9C •	Date Anal	yzed: 07/03/94	
Column: SP1000	ID: 2.00 (mm)	Dilution	Factor: 20.0	
il Extract Volum	ne: (uL)	Soil Aliq	uot Volume:	(uL)
'umber TICs found		ENTRATION U L or ug/Kg)		<del></del> ,
CAS NUMBER	COMPOUND NAME 	; ; RT 	EST. CONC.	;   Q
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r <sup>.</sup> 23			,	
1 /4				
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C27	.			

FORM I VOA-TIC

FORM I SV-1

606-20-2----2,6-Dinitrotoluene

99-09-2----3-Nitroaniline\_\_\_\_

83-32-9----Acenaphthene

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25.

10.

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### 1C SEMIVOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

ab Name: ICM, Inc.	Contract: A6008	4 5	01	
Case No.:	SAS No.:	SDG No.:	498	
atrix: (soil/water) WATER	Lab Sa	mple ID: 190	941	
ple wt/vol: 1000.0 (g/mL) M	L Lab Fi	le ID: I2110	,	
evel: (low/med) LOW	Date R	eceived: 06/	24/94	
oisture: decanted: (Y/N	) Date E	xtracted: 06	/29/94	
ncentrated Extract Volume: 1000.0	(uL) Date A	nalyzed: 07/	20/94	
Lection Volume: 2.0 (uL)	Diluti	on Factor:	1.0	
Cleanup: (Y/N) N pH: _	<del> </del>			
CAS NO. COMPOUND	CONCENTRATIO			•
COMPOUND	(ug/L or ug/	Kg) UG/L	Q	•
51-28-52,4-Dinitrophenol 100-02-74-Nitrophenol 132-64-9Dibenzofuran 121-14-22,4-Dinitroto 84-66-2Diethylphthal 7005-72-34-Chloropheny 86-73-7Fluorene 100-01-64-Nitroanilir 534-52-14,6-Dinitro-2 86-30-6N-Nitrosodiph 101-55-34-Bromophenyl 118-74-1Hexachlorober 87-86-5Pentachloroph 85-01-8Phenanthrene 120-12-7Anthracene 86-74-8Carbazole 84-74-2Di-n-butylpht 206-44-0Fluoranthene 129-00-0Pyrene 85-68-7Butylbenzylph 91-94-13,3'-Dichloro 56-55-3Benzo(a) anthr 218-01-9Chrysene 117-81-7bis(2-Ethylhe 117-84-0	cluene late yl-phenylether  ne 2-methylphenol nenylamine (1) 1-phenylether nzene nenol  chalate benzidine cacene exyl)phthalate chalate canthene canthene nenol	25. 25. 10. 10. 10. 10. 25. 25. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10	מממממם, מססמממממממממממממממממ	
(1) - Cannot be senarated from	dinhamilania	·	.	

FORM T SV-2

# 1F SEMIVOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

	501	,	•.

Name: ICM, Inc. Contract	: A60084
Code: ICM Case No.: SAS No.	: SDG No.: 498
rix: (soil/water) WATER	Lab Sample ID: 190941
le wt/vol: 1000.0 (g/mL) ML	Lab File ID: I2110
el: (low/med) LOW	Date Received: 06/24/94
isture: decanted: (Y/N)	Date Extracted: 06/29/94
gentrated Extract Volume: 1000.0 (uL)	Date Analyzed: 07/20/94
ction Volume: 2.0 (uL)	Dilution Factor: 1.0
Cleanup: (Y/N) N pH:	
	NTRATION UNITS: L or ug/Kg) UG/L

UNKNOWN 12.72 4.	Q
UNKNOWN 12.72 4 UNKNOWN 19.05 2 UNKNOWN 21.70 7 UNKNOWN 21.81 10 UNKNOWN 24.09 7 UNKNOWN 24.20 40 UNKNOWN 24.29 40 UNKNOWN 26.43 100 UNKNOWN 28.42 60 UNKNOWN 30.57 20.	r
UNKNOWN	F
UNKNOWN 21.81 10 UNKNOWN 24.09 7 UNKNOWN 24.20 40 UNKNOWN 24.29 40 UNKNOWN 26.43 100 UNKNOWN 28.42 60 UNKNOWN 30.57 20.	ŕ
UNKNOWN 21.81 10 UNKNOWN 24.09 7 UNKNOWN 24.20 40 UNKNOWN 24.29 40 UNKNOWN 26.43 100 UNKNOWN 28.42 60 UNKNOWN 30.57 20.	Γ
UNKNOWN	r ·
UNKNOWN	Γ.
UNKNOWN	r
UNKNOWN	•
UNKNOWN	
UNKNOWN 30.57 20.	
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FORM I SV-TIC

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CLD ODINGER 1909 /

Contract: A60084

SAS No.:

b Name: 1UM, Inc.

SDG No.: 498

trix: (Sqil/water) WAIER Lab Sample ID: 190941

1080.0 (d/mL) ML ample wt/vol: Lab File ID: 01251

Moisture: decanted: (Y/N) Date Received: 06/24/94

ytraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) SEPF Date Extracted: 06/29/94

Uncentrated Extract Volume: 10000.0 (uL) Date Analyzed: 07/19/94

'jection Volume: 1.0 (uL) Dilution Factor: 1.0

PC Cleanup: (Y/N) N pH: 6.9 Sulfur Cleanup: (Y/N) N

319-86-8----delta-BHC \_\_\_\_\_:

CONCENTRATION UNITS: CUMPOUND CAS NU. (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/L

319-84-6----alpha-BHC .049 IU 319-85-7----beta-8HC \_\_\_\_\_\_ .049 IU

58-89-9----gamma-BHC (Lindane) .049 :U 76-44-8----Heptachlor\_\_\_\_; .049 :U .049 309-00-2----Aldrin ·IU 1024-57-3-----Heptachlor epoxide\_\_\_\_\_ .049 IU 959-98-8-----Endosulfan l\_\_\_\_\_\_: .049 1U 60-57-1----Dieldrin\_\_\_\_\_\_ IU . U97 72-55-9-----4,47-DDE .097 : U 72-20-8----Endrin .097 IU 33213-65-9-----Endosultan II \_\_\_\_\_\_ .097 : 11 /2-54-8-----4,4'-DDD .097 IU

1031-07-8----Endosultan Sulfate\_\_\_\_ .097 : U 50-29-3----4,4'-DDT\_\_\_\_\_: .097 : U 72-43-5----Methoxychlor\_\_\_\_\_| :11 . 49

53494-70-5----Endrin ketone \_\_\_\_\_ .097 :U 111 .097 5103-71-9----alpha-Chlordane \_\_\_\_\_| .049 : U

5103-74-2----gamma-Chlordane .049 IU 8001-35-2----Toxaphene \_\_\_\_\_ 4.9 : 11 | 12674-11-2----Aroclor-1016\_\_\_\_\_ .97 : U

11104-28-2----Aroclor-1221\_\_\_\_\_ 1.9 : 11 | 11141-16-5----Aroclor-1232 .97 iU .97 :U . 97 | 12672-29-6----Aroclor-1248 : U

| 11097-69-1----Aroclor-1254\_\_\_\_\_\_\_| .97 :U : 11096-82-5-----Aroclor-1260 IU

FURM I PEST

### 1 INORGANIC ANALYSES DATA SHEET

٠,		000457	,
EPA	SAMPLE	Q0.0157	

de:	Ca	se No.:	SAS No.	•	_ SDG 1	No.: 498
: (soil/w	ater): WATE	R		Lab Sar	mple ID:	190941
(low/med	): LOW_	· 		Date Re	eceived:	06/24/94
ds:	0.	0			,	
		•	<b>17</b>		-1	•
Co	ncentration	Units (ug,	/L or mg/kg dr	y weigh	c): UG/L	<del>r</del>
	1	T	·		<del>-   -</del>	
	CAS No.	Analyte	Concentration	C Q	M	•
e i e	7420 00 5	31	724	-	$- _{\overline{P}} $	
	7429-90-5	Aluminum_ Antimony	724 29.8	l <del></del>	$-\begin{vmatrix} P \\ P \end{vmatrix}$	
	7440-36-0	Antimony_ Arsenic	1.6		$- \mathbf{F} $	
	7440-38-2	Barium	181		$-\left \begin{smallmatrix}\mathbf{r}\\\mathbf{p}\end{smallmatrix}\right $	
e e	7440-39-3 7440-41-7	Beryllium	0.30		- P-	
	7440-41-7	Cadmium	2.5		- P	
F	7440-43-9	Calcium	94100		-	
	7440-70-2	Chromium	2.8		_ P_	
1	7440-47-3	Cobalt	4.6		_ P_	
:	7440-50-8	Copper_	4.5	1	$- \mathbf{r} $	•
*	7439-89-6	Iron	2190		$- \frac{r}{P}- $	. •
	7439-89-6	Lead	1.8	=	$- _{\mathbf{F}}^{\mathbf{r}}- $	
5	7439-95-4	Magnesium	33400		$- \hat{P}- $	
	7439-96-5	Manganese	724	<u> - </u>	$- _{\mathbf{P}}^{-} $	
	7439-97-6	Mercury	0.10		_ c <sub>v</sub>	
1	7440-02-0	Nickel	8.1		$- \mathbf{p} $	
	7440-09-7	Potassium	11600		- P-	
	7782-49-2	Selenium	1.4		$- \hat{\mathbf{F}}^- $	
<b>,</b>	7440-22-4	Silver	2.7	ان ا	- P	
	7440-23-5	Sodium	50600	-	$- _{P}^{-} $	* .
i.	7440-28-0	Thallium	1.6	ਗ਼	$- \bar{\mathbf{F}}^- $	
	7440-62-2	Vanadium	4.9		$- \bar{P}- $	
1	7440-66-6	Zinc	37.0	-	- P-	*
		Cyanide	10.0	$_{\overline{U}}$   $$	AS	
					_	
r r	1	1	I <del></del>	I <del></del> I	—- I —— I	-
Before:	COLORLESS	Clari	ty Before: CLE	AR	Textu	ce:
After:	COLORLESS	Clarit	ty After: CLE	AR	Artifa	acts:
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.s:		•				
	RRATIVE FOR	CYANIDE CO	DLOR/CLARITY I	NFORMAT	ION.	
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FORM I - IN

ILMO3.0

# 1A VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

b Name: ICM, Inc. Contra	ct: A60084 502_
oh Cade, Tou	o.: SDG No.: 498
atrix: (soil/water) WATER	Lab Sample ID:
mple wt/vol: 5.000 (g/mL) ML	Lab File ID: CO839
evel: (low/med) LOW	Date Received: 06/24/94
Moisture: not dec	Date Analyzed: 07/03/94
C Column: SP1000 ID: 2.00 (mm)	Dilution Factor: 1.0
1 Extract Volume: (uL)	Soil Aliquot Volume: (uL)
CAS NO. COMPOUND (ug/	CENTRATION UNITS: /L or ug/Kg) UG/L Q
74-87-3Chloromethane 74-83-9Bromomethane 75-01-4Vinyl Chloride 75-00-3Chloroethane	

74-87-3Chloromethane		l I			- 1
			10.	U	
		ı '	10.	וט	i.
			120.	1.	- 1
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			7.	J	i
			10.	IU	
75-15-0Carbon nicilal			10.	!U	
			10.	וַט	l l
· / • • • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			2.	IJ	
			10.	iu _	i
· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		•	800.	E	
107-06-21,2-Dichloroethane	[		1.	¦ J	- 1
			10.	IU	
71-55-61,1,1-Trichloroethane	;		10.	LU	
			10.	ΙU	
; '=' '		· ·	10.	, IU	1
			10.	្រាប	
. *^^O_*_O_*_O_*_O_*			2.	l J	1
			10.	IU _	- 1
			430.	E	- 1
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	i		10.	!U	l l
		•	10.	IU .	1
10061-02-6trans-1,3-Dichloropropen	!		10.	!U	
/ U &U ~ L ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~			10.	!U	
108-10-14-Methy1-2-D			10.	וטן	. [
591-78-62-Hexanone			10.	IU	1
127-18-4Tetrachloroethene	!		10.	IU .	ŀ
		1	700.	l E	1
79-34-51,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethan	e!	•	10.	10 -	1
			10.	1U	1
108-90-7Chlorobenzene			10.	IU .	1
		• •	10.	łÜ	1
			10.	IU .	1
1330-20-7Xylene (total)			10.	IU	1
					!

# VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

;	O	<del>001</del> 59
į	502	:
1		1 .

EFA SAMPLE NU.

ab Name: ICM, In	c.	Contract:	A60084	502	!
âb Code: ICM	Case No.:	SAS No.:	S	DG No.: 498_	<u>.</u> ·
atrix: (soil/wat	er) WATER	L	ab Sample	ID:	
ample wt/vol:	5.000 (g/mL) 1	YL L	ab File ID	: C0839	•
evel: (low/med	> LOW		ate Receive	∍d: 06/24/94	
, Moisture: not de	ec	r	ate Analyze	ed: 07/03/94.	•
് Column: SP1000	ID: 2.00 (mm)	ם	oilution Fac	tor: 1.0	₹
'il Extract Volum	me: (uL)	S	oil Aliquo	: Volume:	(uL)
Number TICs found	d: o		RATION UNIT		
CAS NUMBER		NAME	RT !	EST. CONC.	Q
(,	=====================================		1 to 1 to 1 to 1	•	=====
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FORM I VOA-TIC

### VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

_ Name: ICM, Inc.	Contract: A60084
Code: ICM Case No.:	SAS No.: SDG No.: 498
trix: (soil/water) WATER	Lab Sample ID:
ple wt/vol: .250 (g/mL) ML	Lab File ID: CO843
vel: (low/med) LOW	Date Received: 06/24/94
oisture: not dec	Date Analyzed: 07/03/94
r-Column: SP1000 ID: 2.00 (mm)	Dilution Factor: 20.0
il Extract Volume: (uL)	Soil Aliquot Volume: (uL)
COMPOUND	CONCENTRATION UNITS: (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/L 0

CAS NO.	COMPOUND (ug/L c	or ug/Kg) UG 			
	Chloromethane		200.	i IU	;
74-87-3	Chloromethane	!	200.	١U	1
	Vinyl Chloride		200.	IU	. 1
	Chloroethane		200.	l U	1
/5-00-3	Methylene Chloride		200.	ΙU	. ;
/5-09-2	At		200.	l U	Į,
6/-64-1	Acetone Carbon Disulfide		200.	١U	1.
/5-15-0	1,1-Dichloroethene		200.	I,U	. 1
	1,1-Dichloroethane		200.	IU .	- 1
/5-34-3		al) :	820.	1 1	D 1
540-59-0	1,2-Dichloroethene (tot		200.	:U	1
67-66-3	Chloroform 1,2-Dichloroethane		200.	alu 🕟	1
107-06-2	I, Z-Dichior devilane		200.	١U	!
78-93-3	2-Butanone		200.	ŧU	ł
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane _ Carbon Tetrachloride		200.	1U	1
56-23-5	Bromodichloromethane		200.	i U	. !
75-27-4	1,2-Dichloropropage		200.	IU .	
78-87-5			200.	l U	1
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene Trichloroethene		420.	1	D .
79-01-6	n: Land or one than a		200.	- 10	
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane		200.	١U	
/9-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane _ Benzene		200.	чU	
/1-43-2	Benzene trans-1,3-Dichloroprope	!	200.	!U	
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-bichiolop.op.		200.	IU	
75-25-2	Bromoform	!	200.	١U	٠.
108-10-1	4-Methyl-2-Pentanone		200.	١U	
591-78-6	2-Hexanone		3000.	1	D,
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene	!	200.	١U	
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroetha	ane '	200.	IU	
108-88-3	Toluene		200.	ΙÜ	
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene		200.	ίŪ	
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene		200.	ίŭ	
100-42-5	Styrene	;	200.	ΙÜ	<b>'</b>
1330-20-7	Xylene (total)				

### 1E VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

EPA SAMPLE NO.

Name: ICM, Inc	<b>:•</b>	Contract: A	<b>1</b> 60084	502 	DL
tb Code: ICM	Case No.:	SAS No.:		SDG No.: 498_	- <b>-</b>
rix: (soil/wate	er) WATER	La	ab Sample	ID:	
mple wt/vol:	.250 (g/mL) M	1 <b>L.</b> L.	ab File I	D: C0843	
vel: (low/med)	LOW	Da	ate Recei	ved: 06/24/94	<b>‡</b>
oisture: not de	?c	Da	ate Analy	zed: 07/03/94	1 × 1
Column: SP1000	ID: 2.00 (mm)	Di	ilution F	actor: 20.0	<b>&gt;</b>
l Extract Volum	ne: (uL)	Sc	oil Aliqu	ot Volume:	(úL)
nber TICs found	i: 0	CONCENTE (ug/L or	RATION UN r ug/Kg)	ITS: UG/L	
CAS NUMBER	COMPOUND			EST. CONC.	
1					
3		].			-
14					-
7-					
8   9		!			
`~'4 •i i					-
[ '3					-
15.					-
7					
18					

FORM I VOA-TIC

3/90%

1B SEMIVOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

EPA	SAMPLE	ΝО
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	502	
SDC	No.: 498	

Name: ICM, Inc.

Code: ICM

ple wt/vol:

SAS No.:

Lab Sample ID: 190942

'ix: (soil/water) WATER

1030.0 (g/mL) ML

Lab File ID: I2119

(low/med) LOW

Contract: A60084

Date Received: 06/24/94 >

decanted: (Y/N)\_\_\_

Date Extracted: 06/29/94

entrated Extract Volume: 1000.0 (uL)

Date Analyzed: 07/21/94

ection Volume:

2.0 (uL)

95-50-1----1,2-Dichlorobenzene

95-48-7----2-Methylphenol

91-20-3----Naphthalene

Case No.:

Dilution Factor:

CONCENTRATION UNITS:

Q

U

U

U

U

U

Cleanup: (Y/N) N pH:

CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or ug	/Kg) UG/L	. <b>Q</b>
111-44-4 95-57-8 541-73-1	Phenol bis(2-Chloroe 2-Chloropheno 1,3-Dichlorob	l enzene	10. 10. 10. 10.	U U U U

108-60-1----2,2'-oxybis(1-Chloropropane) 106-44-5----4-Methylphenol 621-64-7----N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine\_ 67-72-1----Hexachloroethane\_\_\_\_ 98-95-3----Nitrobenzene 78-59-1----Isophorone\_ 88-75-5----2-Nitrophenol 105-67-9----2,4-Dimethylphenol\_ 111-91-1----bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane\_\_\_ 120-83-2----2,4-Dichlorophenol\_\_\_\_\_

U 10. U -10. U 10. U 10. U 10. U 10. 10. U U 10. U 10. U 10. U 10. U 10.

10.

10.

10.

10.

10.

106-47-8----4-Chloroaniline 87-68-3----Hexachlorobutadiene 59-50-7----4-Chloro-3-methylphenol 91-57-6----2-Methylnaphthalene 77-47-4----Hexachlorocyclopentadiene

88-06-2----2,4,6-Trichlorophenol

120-82-1----1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene\_

U 10. U 10. U 10. U 24. U 10.

95-95-4----2,4,5-Trichlorophenol 91-58-7----2-Chloronaphthalene 88-74-4----2-Nitroaniline

Ü 24. U 10. Ü 10. U 10.

131-11-3----Dimethylphthalate 208-96-8----Acenaphthylene\_ 606-20-2----2,6-Dinitrotoluene\_\_\_\_

U 24. 10.

99-09-2----3-Nitroaniline 83-32-9----Acenaphthene\_\_\_

1C SEMIVOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET EPA SAMPLE NO.

ab Name: ICM, Inc.	·	Contract: 1	A60084	502
Cab Code: ICM	Case No.:	SAS No.:	SDG	No.: 498
<pre>fatrix: (soil/water)</pre>	) WATER	Li	ab Sample ID	: 190942
Sample wt/vol:	1030.0 (g/mL)	ML L	ab File ID: I	[2119
Level: (low/med) I			ate Received:	
i i			•	•
Moisture:	decanted: (Y/	/N) Da	ate Extracted	l: 06/29/94
Concentrated Extract	: Volume: 1000.	. 0 (uL) Da	ate Analyzed:	07/21/94
njection Volume:	2.0 (uL)	Di	ilution Facto	or: 1.0
GPC Cleanup: (Y/N)	N pH:			
CAS NO.	COMPOUND		RATION UNITS: c ug/Kg) UG/I	
1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
51-28-5	2,4-Dinitro	ophenol		24. U
100-02-7	4-Nitropher	nol	<del></del>	24. Ü
132-64-9	Dibenzofura	an		10. U
121-14-2	2.4-Dinitro	toluene		10. U
84-66-2	Diethylphth	nalate	· ·	10. U
7005-72-3	4-Chlorophe	nvl-phenvlethe	7	10. U
96-73-7	Fluorene		<b>!"-</b>	10. U
100-01-6	4-Nitroanil	ine	<del></del>	24. U
	4,6-Dinitro	-2-mothylphone	<del>., -</del> ]	
86-30-6	N-Nitrosodi	phonylamine (1	<u>':</u>	3 1
101-55-2	N-NICIOSOGI	.phenylamine (1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10. U
110-74-1	4-Bromophen	Min-bueuArecuer	-	10. U
07-06-5	Hexachlorob	enzene		10. U
8/-86-5	Pentachloro	pnenol		24. U
85-01-8	Phenanthren	ıe		10. U
120-12-/	Anthracene_			10.  U
86-74-8	Carbazole	•		10. U
84-74-2	Di-n-butylp	hthalate		10. U
	Fluoranthen	.e		10. U
129-00-0	Pyrene		· '	10. U
85-68-7	Butylbenzyl	phthalate_		10. U
91-94-1	3,3 <sup>7</sup> -Dichlo	robenzidine		10. U
56-55-3	Benzo(a)ant	hracene		10. U
218-01-9	Chrysene		<del></del>	10. U
117-81-7	bis(2-Ethvl	hexvl)phthalat	.e	3. J
117-84-0	Di-n-octvlp	hthalate	~ <b>~</b>	10. 0
205-99-2	Benzo(b)flu	oranthene	,	10. U
207-08-9	Benzo(k)flu	oranthene	<del></del>	10.  Ŭ
50-32-8	Benzo(a)pyr	ene		10. U
193-39-5	Indeno(1,2,	3-04/ 2022		
53-70-3	Tingeno(1,2,	2-cg\h\teue		10. U
191-24-2-	Dibenz(a,h)	anchracene		10. U
191-24-2	Benzo(g,h,i	) perylene		10. U
\ <del></del>				
(1) - Cannot be	separated from	m diphenylamin	е	

FORM I SV-2

### SEMIVOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

502	
,	,

)	Name	: ]	CM	,	Inc	,

Contract: A60084

SAS No.:

SDG No.: 498

trix: (soil/water) WATER

Lab Sample ID: 190942

ple wt/vol:

Code: ICM

1030.0 (g/mL) ML

Case No.:

Lab File ID: I2119

vel: (low/med) LOW

Date Received: 06/24/94

oisture:

decanted: (Y/N)

Date Extracted: 06/29/94

lection Volume: 2.0 (uL)

ncentrated Extract Volume: 1000.0 (uL) Date Analyzed: 07/21/94

Dilution Factor:

Cleanup:

(Y/N) N

umber TICs found: 16

CONCENTRATION UNITS: (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/L

CAS NUMBER	RT EST. CONC. Q	COMPOUND NAME
1. 127-18-4 2. 95-16-9 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 2 3 14 15 18 14 15 16 17 18 19 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 18 19 19 10 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 1	3.06 11.70 12.38 12.67 13.67 16.31 19.03 21.67 21.79 24.07 24.17 24.26 26.42 28.40 30.53 32.75 20. J	TETRACHLORO-ETHENE BENZOTHIAZOLE UNKNOWN

FORM I SV-TIC

Lab Name: ICM, Inc.

Contract: A60084

Lab Code: ICM Case No.:

SAS No.: SDG No.: 498

Matrix: (soil/water) WATER

Lab Sample ID: 190942

Sample wt/vol: 1020.0 (g/mL) ML

Lab File ID: 01252

% Moisture: decanted: (Y/N)

Date Received: 06/24/94

Extraction: (Sepr/Cont/Sonc) SEPr

Date Extracted: 06/29/94

Concentrated Extract Volume:10000.0 (uL)

Injection Volume: 1.0 (uL)

Dilution Factor: 1.0

GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) N

рН: 6.9

Sulfur Cleanup: (Y/N) N

Date Analyzed: 07/19/94

CONCENTRATION UNITS: CAS NO. COMPOUND (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/L 0

	. Mark mark that the proop page some man maps year fine from more been page that the to be			<u> : </u>	
319-84-6	alpha-BHC		•	1	
319-85-7			.049		. 1
319-86-8	delta-BHC	i	.049	ľU	
58-89-9	gamma-BHC (Lindane)	!	.049	•	- 1
76-44-8	Heptachlor	i	.049	· · <del></del>	١.
309-00-2	Aldrin	i	.049	•	
1024-57-3	Heptachlor epoxide	i	.049	• -	1
959-98-8	Endosulfan I	i	.049	l U	, ;
60-57-1	Dieldrin	i	.049	. — .,	• • •
72-55-9	4,4'-DDE	<u>i</u>	.098	ΙU	•
//=/()====			.098	l U	. 1
33213-65-9	Endosultan II	i	.098	iU .	!
72-54-8	4, 4'-DDD	·	.098	, . —	1
1031-07-8	Endosulfan Sulfate	<u>i</u>	.098	iU	i
50-29-3	4,47-DDT	i	.098	Ιυ.	- 1
/2-43-5		i	• 098	tU -	ŀ
53494-70-5		<u>i</u>	.49	iU	. 1
/421-93-4			.098	IU.	i
5103-71-9	alpha-Chiordane		.098	. เบ -	;
5103-74-2	gamma-Chlordane	i	.049	i U	i
- さいいしゃごコービーーー・	lovanhene		.049	i U	. !
12674-11-2	loxaphene Aroclor-1016	<u>i</u>	4.9	١Ų	;
11104-28-2	Aroclor-1221	!	. 98	:U	;
11141-16-5	Aroclor-1232	i	2.0	U	1
53469-21-9	Aroclor-1242	_ <b>.</b>	98	· IU	;
12672-29-6			. 98	i U	+
11097469-1	Aroclor-1254	_	. 98	1U	•
11096-82-5			.98	IU	ť
	Aroclor-1260	i	. 98	lU -	ŀ
The design armond section parts are section from the section and the section are sections are section as the section are sections are sections are sections as the section are sections are	to enter print many times being being their times were their times their times times to the financial times times to the financial times	- 1		1	•

FORM I PEST

### 1 INORGANIC ANALYSES DATA SHEET

			,
<b>EPA</b>	SAMPLI	E NO.	

x (soil/wa	ater): WATE	R		Lab Sampl	e ID: 190942
(low/med				Date Rece	ived: 06/24/94
ids:	0.	0			
	<del></del>				110 /1
Co	ncentration	Units (ug,	/L or mg/kg dr	y weight):	0G/ T-
	1				
•	CAS No.	Analyte	Concentration	C Q	M
					P
•	7429-90-5	Aluminum_	715		P
	7440-36-0	Antimony_	29.8		F-
•	7440-38-2	Arsenic	1.6		P-
	7440-39-3	Barium			P-
	7440-41-7	Beryllium Cadmium	1.9		P-,
	7440-43-9	Calcium	93300		P-
₹	7440-70-2	Chromium	2.8		P_
	7440-47-3	Cobalt	4.6		P
*	7440-48-4	Copper	5.2		P
	7439-89-6	Iron	2280		P_
	7439-83-6	Lead	1.0	$ \overline{B} $	$\mathbf{F}_{-}$
	7439-95-4	Magnesium			P
1.21	7439-96-5	Manganese			P
	7439-97-6	Mercury	0.10		c <del>⊽</del>
	7440-02-0	Nickel	8.1		P_
•	7440-09-7	Potassium	12000	_	P
	7782-49-2	Selenium	2.1		<u>F_</u>
	7440-22-4	Silver	2.7		P_
	7440-23-5	Sodium	50500		P_
	7440-28-0	Thallium_	1.6		<u>F</u> _
	7440-62-2	Vanadium_	5.3		P   P
	7440-66-6	Zinc	29.1		AS
		Cyanide	10.0	/  ·	lwo
	ļ	.	.	- -	!I
	COLORLESS	Clari	ty Before: CLI	EAR	Texture:
Before:	COLORLESS	CLALL	cy before. C22		
After:	COLORLESS	Clari	ty After: CLI	EAR	Artifacts:
ALCEL.	COLOREDD	02022		, <del>T</del>	
nte			-		
nts:	יו∩ד העדיתעם	CYANTER C	COLOR/CLARITY_	NFORMATIO	N
E_CASE_NA	AINS_SOME_S	EDIMENT.			
WEITE CONT	.27110_0.0111_0				···

10141 1

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## 1A VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

	VOLAT	1A ILE ORGANICS ANALY	YSIS DATA	SHEET		EPA SA			167
, Nam	ne: ICM, Inc.		Contract:	A60084	_	503			
ه کا د	e: ICM	Case No.:	SAS No.:		SDG N	0.: 49	8		
trix:	(soil/water)	WATER	. ,	Lab Samp	le ID:			•	
nple	wt/vol:	5.000 (g/mL) ML		Lab File	ID: CO	B35			
vel:	(low/med) L	_OW		Date Rec	eived:	06/24/	<b>/</b> 94		•
loist	ure: not dec.			Date Ana	lyzed:	07/03/	/94 <sup>*</sup>	•	
,Colu	imn: SP1000	ID: 2.00 (mm)		Dilution	Factor	:	1.0		
.1 Ex	tract Volume:	CuL)		Soil Ali	quot Vo	lume:		(uL	)
1	CAS NO.	COMPOUND	CONCEN (ug/L	ITRATION or ug/Kg			Q 		
	74-83-9 75-01-4 75-09-2 67-64-1 75-15-0 75-35-4 75-35-4 75-34-3 540-59-0 67-66-3 107-06-2 78-93-3 71-55-6 75-27-4 78-87-5 10061-01-5 79-01-6 124-48-1 79-00-5 71-43-2 108-10-1 591-78-6 127-18-4 79-34-5	ChloromethaneBromomethaneVinyl ChlorideChloroethaneMethylene ChloroethaneCarbon Disulf1,1-Dichloroethane1,2-DichloroethaneChloroform1,2-Dichloroethane1,1-Trichloroethane1,1-TrichloroethaneCarbon TetrackBromodichloroethane	oride ide thene thane thane roethane ropane ropropene methane roethane hloroprope	al)		0.			
	100-41-4	Toluene Chlorobenzene Ethylbenzene Styrene Xylene (total		!	1 1 1	0. !! 0. !! 0. !! 0. !!	)   		* 9

# 1E VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

EPA SAMPLE NO.

IENIATIVELY	IDENTIFIED CON	1POUNDS	503_	000	168
ab Name: ICM, Inc.	Conti	act: A60084		· — — — — —	
Lab Code: ICM Case No.	.: SAS	No.:	SDG No.: 498_		
atrix: (soil/water) WATER		Lab Sample	e ID:	•	
Sample wt/vol: 5.000	(g/mL) ML	Lab File :	ID: C0835		
evel: (low/med) LOW		Date Recei	ived: 06/24/94		
Moisture: not dec			yzed: 07/03/94	;	× ,
3C Column: SP1000 ID: 2.	OO (mm)	Dilution F	actor: 1.0	•	
oil Extract Volume:	(uL)	Soil Aliqu	ot Volume:	(uL	.)
Number TICs found: 0		NCENTRATION UN g/L or ug/Kg)			
CAS NUMBER CC	MPOUND NAME	RT !	EST. CONC.		,
· · ·	<u> </u>	1 1		! !	
3				1 l	
~~~~~~~~~~~			•	1 1 6	
7				!!	
		1			
10. 11.		!		<u> </u>	
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14				'' 	
15.		!!			
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18.				!	
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20.			······································		.*
				!	
23.				!	
24.				i	

FORM I VOA-TIC

### 1B SEMIVOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA

			2 6 0 0 0 4	5	03
Name: ICM, Inc	•:	Contract	: A60084		
Code: ICM	Case No.:	SAS No	•	SDG No.:	498
rix: (soil/wate	r) WATER		Lab Samp	le ID: 190	943
le wt/vol:	1000.0 (g/mL	) ML	Lab File	ID: 12120	<i>:</i>
			Date Rec	eived: 06/	24/94
1: (low/med)		,			
oisture:	_ decanted: (	Y/N)	Date Ext	racted: 06	/29/94
'entrated Extra	ct Volume: 100	0.0 (uL)	Date Ana	lyzed: 07/	21/94
ection Volume:	2.0 (uL)		Dilution	Factor:	1.0
Cleanup: (Y/	Ha N (N	[ <b>:</b>	ı		
, CAS NO.	COMPOUND		ENTRATION L or ug/Ko		Q
CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/	or agy ng	,, 00, 2	*.
				1.0	<b>,</b> ,
	Phenol_ bis(2-Chl	oroothylloth	<del></del>	10. 10.	Ü
95-57-8-	2-Chlorop	oroechyr)ech benol	er ——	10.	ŭ
541-73-1-	1,3-Dichl	orobenzene		10.	Ū
106-46-7-	1,4-Dichl	orobenzene -		10.	ן ט
	1,2-Dichl			10.	ן ט
	2-Methylp		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10.	<b>ט</b>
108-60-1-	2,2'-oxyb	is(1-Chlorop	ropane)	10.	U
106-44-5-	4-Methylp	henol		10.	U
621-64-7-	N-Nitrosc	-di-n-propyl	amine	10.	ן ט
	Hexachlor			10.	ט
	Nitrobenz			10.	ן ט
	Isophoron			10.	ן ט
88-75-5-	2-Nitroph	enol		10.	U
105-67-9-	2,4-Dimet	hvlphenol		10.	ן טן
111-91-1-	bis(2-Chl	oroethoxy) me	thane	10.	ן ט
	2,4-Dichl			10.	<b>ט</b>
	1,2,4-Tri		e	10.	Ù. 🕠
91-20-3-	Naphthale	ene		10.	U
106-47-8-	4-Chloroa	niline		10.	ן ט
87-68-3-	Hexachlor	obutadiene		10.	ן ט
	4-Chloro-		ol	10.	ט
	2-Methylr			10.	ט
	Hexachlor		iene	10.	ט ו
88-06-2-	2,4,6-Tri	chlorophenol		10.	ט
95-95-4-	2,4,5-Tri	chlorophenol		25.	ן ט
91-58-7-	2-Chloror	naphthalene		10.	Ū
	2-Nitroar			25.	Ū
	Dimethylp			10.	Ū
	Acenaphth			10.	0
606-20-2-	2,6-Dinit	rotoluene		10.	Ü
99-09-2-	3-Nitroar	niline		25.	บั
	Acenaphth		<del></del>	10.	ו טו
03 32 3	Acenapher	1 -			

## 1C SEMIVOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

•			•	ŀ	503	
Name: ICM, Inc.		Contract	: A60084			
Code: ICM	Case No.:	SAS No.	•	SDG No	.: 498	
ix: (soil/water)	WATER		Lab Samp	le ID: 1	.90943	
le wt/vol: 1	000.0 (g/mL)	ML	Lab File	ID: I21	.20	
1: (low/med) L	OW		Date Rec	eived: 0	6/24/94	
isture:	decanted: (Y/	'N)	Date Ext	racted:	06/29/94	·. · · .
entrated Extract	Volume: 1000.	0 (uL)	Date Ana	lyzed: 0	7/21/94	
ction Volume:	2.0 (uL)		Dilution	Factor:	1.0	
Cleanup: (Y/N)	N pH:					•
•		CONCE	NTRATION (	UNITS:		
CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L	or ug/Kg	) UG/L	Q	
100-02-7	2,4-Dinitro 4-Nitrophen Dibenzofura	nol		25 25 10	. U	
121-14-2	2,4-Dinitro Diethylphth	toluene	·	10 10		
7005-72-3	4-Chlorophe	nyl-phenyle	ther	10	).  บ	-
100-01-6	Fluorene 4-Nitroanil	ine		10 25		1
534-52-1	4,6-Dinitro	-2-methylph	enol	25		1
86-30-6	N-Nitrosodi	.phenvlamine	(1)	10		
101-55-3	4-Bromophen	yl-phenylet	her	10		1
118-74-1	Hexachlorob	enzene		10		1
87-86-5	Pentachloro	phenol		25		1
82-0T-8	Phenanthren	.e		10		
120-12-7	Anthracene_			10		- [
04-74-0	Carbazole Di-n-butylp	hthalata	<del></del>	10 10	1	
206-44-0	Fluoranthen	incliatace	<del></del>	10	1	
129-00-0	Pyrene			10	1 7	1.
85-68-7	Butylbenzyl	phthalate		10		
91-94-1	3,3'-Dichlo	robenzidine	·	10		1
56-55-3	Benzo(a)ant	hracene		10	. U	
218-01-9	Chrysene			10		
117-81-7	bis(2-Ethyl	hexyl) phtha	late	10		
117-84-0	Di-n-octylp	hthalate		10		
205-99-2	Benzo(b) flu	oranthene		10		1
207-08-9	Benzo(k) flu	oranthene		10		
50-32-8	Benzo(a) pyr	ene	<u></u>	10		1
193-39-5	Indeno (1,2,	3-cd) pyrene		10		
33-/0-3	Dibenz(a,h)	anthracene		10 10	·	
191-24-2	Benzo(g,h,i	\her\teme_	<del></del>	10	•	
(1) - Cannot be	separated fro	m diphenvla	l mine		J	- 1

FORM I SV-2

# 1F SEMIVOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

,				503	- 1
Name: ICM, Inc.	•	Contract: A60	084		
Code: ICM	Case No.:	SAS No.:	SDG 1	No.: 498	
rix: (soil/water)	WATER	Lab	Sample ID:	190943	
ole wt/vol: 10	000.0 (g/mL) ML	Lab	File ID: I	2120	
vel: (low/med) Lo	WC	Date	Received:	06/24/94	,
oisture:	decanted: (Y/N)_	Date	Extracted	: 06/29/94	
centrated Extract	Volume: 1000.0 (1	ıL) Date	Analyzed:	07/21/94	
ection Volume:	2.0 (uL)	Dilu	tion Facto	r: 1.0	:
C.Cleanup: (Y/N)	N pH:	<u>-</u>			
umber TICs found:	1		ion units: g/Kg) UG/L		

AS NUMBER	COMPOUND NAME	RT	EST. CONC.	Q
	UNKNOWN	8.48	7.	BJ
•		<u> </u>		<b> </b>
•				
•				
*				ļ ——
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FORM I SV-TIC

000172 503 b Name: IUM, Inc. Contract: A60084 SDG No.: 498 SAS No.: Lab Sample ID: 190943 trix: (soil/water) WATER Lab File ID: 01253 ample wt/vol: 1050.0 (q/mL) ML Date Received: 06/24/94 decanted: (Y/N)\_\_\_ <sup>l</sup> Moisture: 'traction: (Sepf/Cont/Sonc) SEFF Date Extracted: 06/29/94 Date Analyzed: 07/19/94 oncentrated Extract Volume: 10000.0 (uL) Dilution Factor: 1.0 jection Volume: 1.0 (uL) pH: 8.1 PC Cleanup: (Y/N) N Sulfur Cleanup: (Y/N) N CONCENTRATION UNITS: (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/L CUMPUUND UAS NU. and the second s .048 :U 319-84-6----alpha-BHC \_\_\_\_; 319-85-7----beta-BHC\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ..048 iU .048 :U 319-86-8----delta-BHC 58-89-9----gamma-BHC (Lindane) \_\_\_\_\_| iU .048 .048 1U 76-44-8----Heptachlor\_\_\_\_; 309-00-2----Aldrin\_\_\_\_\_\_| 1024-57-3-----Heptachlor epoxide\_\_\_\_\_| .. 048 111 .048 :U 959-98-8----Endosulfan I\_\_\_\_\_| .048 ; U .095 :U 60-57-1----Dieldrin\_\_\_\_: .095 ľU 72-55-9----4,4'-DDE\_\_\_\_\_; 72-20-B-----Endrin\_\_\_\_\_ . 095 ;U .33213-65-9-----Endosulfan II \_\_\_\_\_ .095 : 🗓 : U .095 72-54-8----4,4'-DDD .095 : U 1031-07-8----Endosulfan Sulfate\_\_\_\_: .095 : U 50-29-3----4,4'-DDT\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 72-43-5----Methoxychlor\_\_\_\_; . 48 ; U .095 IU 53494-70-5----Endrin ketone .095 IU 7421-93-4----Endrin aldehyde iU .048 5103-71-9----alpha-Chiordane .048 : U 5103-74-2----gamma-Chlordane 8001-35-2----Toxaphene 4.8 ; U .95 i U <126/4-11-2----Arocfor-1016</pre> : U 1.9 ;U 11141-16-5-----Ardclor-1232 . 95 .95 ΙÜ 

FORM I PEST

| 12672-29-6----Arocior-1248

1109/-69-1----Aroclor=1254\_\_\_\_\_;

11096-82-5----Aroclor-1260\_\_\_\_\_

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.95

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### 1 INORGANIC ANALYSES DATA SHEET

EPA	SAMPLE	NO.
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Code:	Ca water): WATE	se No.:	SAS No.		SDG No.: 498_
IX (SUII)	water): WAIR	ıĸ		Lab Sampl	e ID: 190943
l (low/me	d): LOW_	<del></del>		Date Rece	ived: 06/24/94
lids:	0.	0			•
C.	oncentration	Units (ua	/L or mg/kg dry	z woight).	IIC /T
	1			weight):	0G/ T_
	CAS No.	Analyte	Concentration	C Q	M
	7429-90-5	Aluminum	34.6	<del> </del>	P
	7440-36-0	Antimony	29.8		P
	7440-38-2	Arsenic	1.6	ן ט	F
	7440-39-3	Barium	0.40	ט	P_
	7440-41-7	Beryllium	0.30		₽_
	7440-43-9	Cadmium_			2
	7440-70-2 7440-47-3	Calcium_	28.9	B	P
* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7440-48-4	Chromium_ Cobalt	2.8		2_
· •	7440-50-8	Copper	4.6		2
• •	7439-89-6	Iron	4.2 7.2		o
	7439-92-1	Lead	0.92		<del>-</del> -
	7439-95-4	Magnesium	29.4	#     <del> </del>	_
	7439-96-5	Manganese	4.4	<u> </u>	5-
	7439-97-6	Mercury	0.10		⊽
	7440-02-0	Nickel	8.1		5'
ř.	7440-09-7	Potassium	536		<b>5</b>
	7782-49-2	Selenium_	1.4	UWI	p <sup>—</sup>
1.	7440-22-4	Silver	2.7	U     I	<b>5</b> −
4	7440-23-5	Sodium	71.0	B     F	<u>-</u>
V	7440-28-0	Thallium_	1.6	U	<u>-</u>
	7440-62-2	Vanadium_	2.1	U   F	<u>-</u>
	7440-66-6	Zinc	1.3	<u>U</u>    F	<u>-</u>  ,
4.		Cyanide	10.0	U   A	\ <del>S</del>   ′
	I ————————————————————————————————————			_	
Before:	COLORLESS	Clarit	y Before: CLEA	R_ 1	exture:
After:	COLORLESS	Clarit	y After: CLEA	R_ A	rtifacts:
nts:			- -	•	
	RRATTUR FOR	CVANTOE CO	TOD /OT 3 D T M +	DODLO	
~`\\`\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	WWIIAT AT LOK	CIMMIDE CO	LOR/CLARITY_IN	FORMATION.	

ILMO3.0

### VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

EPA SAMPLE NO.

504	000174
	ţ.

o Name: ICM, Inc.

Contract: A60084

SDG No.: 498\_

atrix: (soil/water) WATER

Lab Sample ID:

nple wt/vol: 5.000 (g/mL) ML

Lab File ID: CO834

evel: (low/med) LOW

Date Received: 06/24/94

Moisture: not dec.\_\_\_\_

Date Analyzed: 07/03/94

; Column: SP1000 ID: 2.00 (mm)

Dilution Factor: 1.0

1 Extract Volume: \_\_\_\_ (uL)

Soil Aliquot Volume:

! 74-87-3	Chloromethane	10.	iu
74-83-9	Bromomethane		1
75-01-4	Vinvl Chloride	10.	10
75-00-3	Chloroethane	10.	. IU
75-09-2	Vinyl Chloride Chloroethane Methylene Chloride	; 10.	١U
67-64-1	Acetone	1 10.	١U
75-15-0	Acetone Carbon Disulfide	10.	ΙU
	1,1-Dichloroethene		10
	1,1-Dichloroethane		lU
540-59-0	1.2-Dichloroethene (tota	10.	- 10
1 67-66-3	Chloroform	! 10.	! U
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	! 10.	
1 78-93-3	2-Butanone	10.	
1 71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane _	! 10.	
: 56-23-5	Carbon Tetrachloride	10.	
	Bromodichloromethane		
1 78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	10.	
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	; 10.	
1 79-01-6	Trichloroethene	10.	
	Dibromochloromethane		
	1,1,2-Trichloroethane _	10.	
	Benzene	10.	
	trans-1,3-Dichloroprope		
	Bromoform	10.	
1 108-10-1	4-Methyl-2-Pentanone		
	2-Hexanone		
	Tetrachloroethene		
	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroetha		
1 108-88-3	Toluene	1 10.	
1 108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	10.	
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	10,	
100-42-5	Styrene		
1. 1330-20-7	Xylene (total)	10	. IŲ

## VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOL	INDS	   504	000175
-b Name: ICM, Inc. Contract	: A60084	!	
an Code: ICM Case No.: SAS No.	: SDG	No.: 498	•
trix: (soil/water) WATER	Lab Sample ID	:	
ample wt/vol: 5.000 (g/mL) ML	Lab File ID:	C0834	
vel: (low/med) LOW	Date Received	: 06/24/94	
Moisture: not dec	Date Analyzed	: 07/03/94	
Column: SP1000 ID: 2.00 (mm)	Dilution Fact	or: 1.0	
'1 Extract Volume: (uL)	Soil Aliquot	Volume:	(uL)
	NTRATION UNITS . or ug/Kg) UG/		
CAS NUMBER : COMPOUND NAME			Q :
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FORM I VOA-TIC

ATTACHMENT L



### State of New Jersey

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION.

HRISTINE TODD WHITMAN Governor

ROBERT C. SHINN, IR. Commissioner

SEP 2 1 1994

### MEMORANDUM

TO:

Frank Sorce

Site Assessment Section

THROUGH: Greg Toffoli, Section Chief & for GT 4/21/94

Joseph Sanguiliano 8 9/21/94

Quality Assurance Section

Bureau of Environmental Measurements and Quality Assurance

FROM:

Dr. Winnie Chu

Quality Assurance Section

9/20/84 Bureau of Environmental Measurements and Quality Assurance

SUBJECT:

Quality Assurance Data Review -- Site Name: VIP Drycleaners, Morristown. Samples were analyzed by Industrial Corrosion Management, Inc., Randolph, New Jersey according to Contract X-26174 task IV deliverables. The reviewed samples were:

Field ID	Lab ID	VTSR	Matrix
504/Trip Blank	190944	6/24/94	Aqueous
503/Field Blank-bailer	190943	6/24/94	Aqueous
498	190939	6/24/94	Aqueous
499	190940	6/24/94	Aqueous
501	190941	6/24/94	Aqueous
502	190942	6/24/94	Aqueous

The Quality Assurance Section, Bureau of Environmental Measurements and Quality Assurance, Division of Publicly Funded Site Remediation has reviewed the above referenced six (6) samples according to NJDEP CLP deliverables requirements. The samples were analyzed according to CLP SOWs OLM01.8 for TCL organics and ILM03.0 for inorganics, which included Target Analytes List (TAL) metals and total cyanides. A detailed data validation report is available for your review. Specific comments are provided below.

The analytical data reported (after several resubmissions by the laboratory) are acceptable with those exceptions noted below. Please refer to the attached "Target and Nontarget (TIC) Analyte Data Summary List" for individual samples and analytical results instead of the data reported on the Form I's in the original data package.

#### **General Comments**

The laboratory resubmitted the corrected Form I's, i.e., "organic analysis data sheet" (OADS) for many samples due to errors in the mass spectra positive/negative identifications in the VOA fraction. However, the laboratory neglected to initial/date these resubmitted corrections.

### **VOA Fraction**

The analytical data reported are acceptable after the above mentioned resubmissions by the laboratory.

### BNA Fraction and Pesticide/ Aroclor Fractions

The analytical data reported are acceptable.

#### **Inorganics**

Certain analytes are qualified because of the QA/QC outliers in post-digestion spike recoveries from Furnace AA analyses (footnotes 3 and 5). Please refer to the specific footnotes in the attachment for the affected analytes.

If you have any questions concerning this review, please contact this office at 3-0752.

attachment

c. William Lowry, BEMQA

Page 1 of 7

TE NAME: VIP Drycleaners, Morristown

SAMPLING DATE: 6/23/94

AB NAME: Industrial Corrosion Management, Inc.

RACTION	SAMPLE ID	ANALYTE	METHOD BLANK CONC	LAB REPORT CONC	QA REPORT CONC	QA DECISIONS	FOOTNOT
Inorganics	Field Blank	Calcium	35J	29Ј	29ЈВ	negate	. 1
		Iron	<b>42</b> J	73	7лв	negate	1
11 14		Sodium	48J	71 <b>J</b>	71ЛВ	negate	1
							-
norganics	498	Aluminum	42J	5070	5070		. 1
,		Arsenic	U	2Ј	2J	qualify	2,3
		Barium	U	119j	119Ј	qualify	2
		Calcium	35Ј	112000	112000		
		Chromium	υ	10	10		
A A	<del></del>	Copper	U	19Ј	. 19Ј	qualify	2
The state of the s		Iron	42J	10700	10700		
		Lead	U	6	6		*
		Magnesium	υ	49500	49500		,
		Manganese	U	260	260		
4	•	Potassium	Ů,	3850Ј	3850ј	qualify	2
		Sodium	48J	68800	68800		<u>-</u>
		Thallium	U	2Ј	2Ј	qualify	2,3 .
1		Vanadium	U	23Ј	23]	qualify	2
		Zinc	U	47	47		
d d		Cyanide	ซ	20	20		
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### TARGET ANALYTE DATA SUMMARY

Page 2

E NAME: VIP Drycleaners, Morristown

SAMPLING DATE: 6/23/94

AB NAME: Industrial Corrosion Management, Inc.

TRACTION	SAMPLE ID	ANALYTE	METHOD BLANK CONC	LAB REPORT CONC	QA REPORT CONC	QA DECISIONS	FOOTNOTE
Inorganics	499	Aluminum	42J	114000	114000	. :	
•		Arsenic	U	: - 6Ј	6J	qualify	2,3
± ,		Barium	U	801	801		-
*		Beryllium	บ	7	7		
		Calcium	351	138000	138000		
_		Chromium	U	208	208		
•		Cobalt	ប	93	93		
-		Copper	U	312	312		
	• .	Iron	42J	215000	215000	:	
		Lead (X4)	U	115	115		
		Magnesium	ับ	75600	75600		
		Manganese	U	6110	6110		
		Nickel	U	961	961		
		Potassium	U	14900	14900		
		Selenium	U	8.5 S	8.5 S		4
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Sodium	48J	108000	108000		
*		Thallium	υ	3Ј	3Ј	qualify	2,3
*		Vanadium	U	361	361		
		Zine	U	745	745		
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ΓΕ NAME: VIP Drycleaners, Morristown

SAMPLING DATE: 6/23/94

| AB NAME: Industrial Corrosion Management, Inc.

RACTION	SAMPLE ID	ANALYTE	METHOD BLANK CONC	LAB REPORT CONC	QA REPORT CONC	QA DECISIONS	FOOTNOTE
Inorganics	501	Aluminum	42J	724	724		
		Barium	U	181J	181J	qualify	2
		Cadmium	Ū	3Ј.	3J	qualify	2
•		Calcium	35Ј	94100	94100		
<u>.</u>		Copper	U	<b>5</b> J	5 <b>J</b>	qualify	2
		Iron	42J	2190	2190		
		Lead	บ	23	2J	qualify	. 2
		Magnesium	υ	33400	33400		
		Manganese	υ	724	724		
		Potassium	U	11600	11600		
		Sodium	48J	50600	50600		
• .]		Vanadium	U	51	5J	qualify	2
		Zinc	U	37	37		
5	:		/				
Inorganics	502	Aluminum	42J	715	715		
		Barium	U	179 <b>J</b>	179J	qualify	2
		Calcium	35Ј	93300	93300		-
		Copper	U .	5]	51	qualify -	.2
		Iron	42J	2280	2280		٠.
) 		Lead	υ	1J	11	qualify	2
		Magnesium	U	33200	33200		
-	· · ·	Manganese	U	717	717		
		Potassium	U	12000	12000		
		Selenium	U	2Ј	23	qualify	2,5
		Sodium	48Ј	50500	50500		
		Thallium	U	UJ	បរ	qualify	3
		Vanadium	U	.5J	. 5J	qualify	2
		Zinc	υ	29	29		
1							

Page 4

E NAME: VIP Drycleaners, Morristown

SAMPLING DATE: 6/23/94

AB NAME: Industrial Corrosion Management, Inc.

SAMPLE MATRIX: AQUEOUS, ug/L

TE: Only those nontarget compounds that require QAS action are provided below.

FRACTION	SAMPLE ID/DF	ANALYTE	METHOD BLANK CONC	LAB REPORT CONC	QA REPORT CONC	QA DECISIONS	FOOTNOTE
BNA	Field Blank	1 TIC with "B" qualifier - negated.			,	negate	1
	N.			,			
BNA	498	3 TICs-All acceptable except those with "B" qualifiers are negated.					
						:	· · ·
BNA	499	Diethyl phthalate	1J	0.8JB	0.8JB	negate	1
		10 TICs-All acceptable except those with "B" qualifiers are negated.					
BNA	501	bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	10 <b>U</b>	3Ј	3J	qualify	2
		11 TICs-All acceptable.					
BNA	502	bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	10U	3Ј	3Ј	qualify	2
$r_{\perp}$		16 TICs-All acceptable.					<del></del>
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Page 5

E NAME: VIP Drycleaners, Morristown

SAMPLING DATE: 6/23/94

B NAME: Industrial Corrosion Management, Inc.

SAMPLE MATRIX: AQUEOUS, ug/L

OTE: Only those nontarget compounds that require QAS action are provided below.

RACTION	SAMPLE ID/DF	ANALYTE	METHOD BLANK CONC	LAB REPORT CONC	QA REPORT CONC	QA DECISIONS	FOOTNOT
VOA	Trip Blank	Methylene Chloride	10U	2J	25	qualify	2
- T		Acetone	10 <b>U</b>	18	18		
4 		No TIC.		<b>.</b> .			
1	:						
VOA	Field Blank	Methylene Chloride	10 <b>U</b>	23	2J	negate	6
t.		Acetone	10U	15	15J	negate	6
į.		No TIC.					
h , s							
VOÅ	.498	Tetrachloroethene	10 <b>U</b>	4J	4J	qualify	2
		No TIC.				· .	
VOA	499	Acetone	10 <b>U</b>	12	12J	negate	6
		Tetrachloroethene	10 <b>U</b>	30	30		
		No TIC.	·				
t. •							
VOA	501	Vinyl Chloride	10 <b>U</b>	120	120		
		Chloroethane	10U	61	6Ј	qualify	2
		1,1-Dichloroethene	10 <b>U</b>	2Ј	25	qualify	2
й 1		1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	10U	820E	820E	qualify	7
		Trichloroethene	10U	430E	430E	qualify	7
		Tetrachloroetheno	10U	1700E	1700E	qualify	7
		No TIC.					
					` `		
VOA	501DL/20	1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	10 <b>U</b>	730D	730D		8
		Trichloroethene	10U	390D	390D		8
		Tetrachloroethene	10 <b>U</b>	2600D	2600D		8
		No TIC.					
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·
	· ·					<u>                                     </u>	<u> </u>

Page 6

TE NAME: VIP Drycleaners, Morristown

SAMPLING DATE: 6/23/94

\_AB NAME: Industrial Corrosion Management, Inc.

SAMPLE MATRIX: AQUEOUS, ug/L

TE: Only those nontarget compounds that require QAS action are provided below.

FRACTION	SAMPLE ID/DF	ANALYTE	METHOD BLANK CONC	LAB REPORT CONC	QA REPORT CONC	QA DECISIONS	FOOTNOTE
VOA	502	Vinyl Chloride	10U	120	120		
		Chloroethane	10U	71	73	qualify	2
		1,1-Dichloroethene	10 <b>U</b>	2J	^ <b>2</b> J	qualify	2
		1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	10 <b>U</b>	800E	800E	qualify	7
:		Chloroform	10 <b>U</b>	11	11	qualify	2
		1,2-Dichloropropane	<sup>′</sup> 10U	2Ј	. 2J	qualify	2
		Trichloroethene	10 <b>U</b>	430E	430E	qualify	7
		Tetrachloroethene	10U_	1700E	1700E	qualify	7
		No TIC.					
				•			
VOA	502DL/20	1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	10 <b>U</b>	820D	820D		8
. ,		Trichloroethene	. 10U	420D	420D		. 8
	-	Tetrachloroethene	10U	3000D	3000D		. 8
		No TIC.					

### TARGET ANALYTE DATA SUMMARY

Page 7

TE NAME: VIP Drycleaners, Morristown

SAMPLING DATE: 6/23/94

B NAME: Industrial Corrosion Management, Inc.

FRACTION	SAMPLE ID/DF	ANALYTE	METHOD BLANK CONC	LAB REPORT CONC	QA REPORT CONC	QA DECISIONS	FOOTNOTE
Pesticide/Arochlor	Field Blank	None detected					
<u>,                                    </u>							<del></del>
Pesticide/Arochlor	498	None detected					
Pesticide/Arochlor	499	None detected				· .	
Pesticide/Arochlor	501	None detected					•
,					•		
esticide/Arochlor	502	None detected					
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#### FOOTNOTES:

- 1. The value reported in the sample is less than or equal to 3x the value in the Method Blank/ Preparation Blank. It is the policy of NJDEP-DPFSR to negate the reported value due to probable foreign laboratory contamination unrelated to the actual sample. The end-user is alerted that a reportable quantity of the analyte was detected. When the sample was diluted prior to analysis and/ or the value reported was corrected to dry weight basis, as indicated by the dilution factor and/ or %solids, the comparison to the "Blanks" was prior to these corrections.
- 2. The concentration of this analyte was less than the CRQL/CRDL but greater than the instrument detection limit (IDL). The concentration is considered estimated since the value obtained is at the low end of the instrument performance. When the sample was diluted prior to analysis and/ or the value reported was corrected to dry weight basis, as indicated by the dilution factor and/ or % solids, the comparison to the "Blanks" was prior to these corrections.
- 3. The reported metal value is qualified (J positive and UJ for non-detects) because the post-digestion spike recovery for Furnace AA analysis is <u>below</u> the control limit while the sample absorbance is less than 50 percent of the spike absorbance.
- 4. The laboratory used the Method of Standard Addition (MSA) analysis for this analyte.
- 5. The reported positive metal value is qualified (J positive) because the post-digestion spike recovery for Furnace AA analysis is <u>above</u> the control limit while the sample absorbance is less than 50 percent of the spike absorbance.
- 6. The value reported in the sample is less than or equal to 3x the value in the Trip Blank. It is the policy of NJDEP-DPFSR to negate the reported value due to probable foreign contamination unrelated to the actual sample. The end-user is alerted that a reportable quantity of the analyte was detected. When the sample was diluted prior to analysis and/ or the value reported was corrected to dry weight basis, as indicated by the dilution factor and/ or %solids, the comparison to the "Blanks" was prior to these corrections.
- 7. The compounds exceeds the calibration range of the instrument and it is indicated with the "E" qualifier.
- 8. The CLP program requires dilutions to be indicated with the "D" qualifier. The comparison to the "Blanks" or the CRQL/ CRDL was prior to the dilution corrections.